

ජාතික විගණන කාර්යාලය

தேசிய கணக்காய்வு அலுவலகம் NATIONAL AUDIT OFFICE



මගේ අංකය எனது இல. My No.

SPCG/HM/C/FA/SUGAR/ Your No. 2022/07

ඔබේ අංකය

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ණියාණේ } Date } 2023 ඔක්තෝබර් **ව**∳ දින

සහාපති.

සිමාසහිත ලංකා සිනි පුද්ගලික සමාගම,

සිමාසහිත ලංකා සීනි පුද්ගලික සමාගමේ 2022 දෙසැම්බර් 31 දිනෙන් අවසන් වර්ෂය සඳහා වූ මූලා පුකාශන සහ වෙනත් නෛතික නියාමන අවශාතා පිළිබඳව 2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික වීගණන පනතේ 12 වන වගන්තිය පුකාරව විගණකාධිපති වාර්තාව

යරෝක්ත වාර්තාව සහ විගණනය කරන ලද මූලා පුකාශන මේ සමහ එවා ඇත.

ඩබ්ලිව්.පි.සි.විකුමරත්න

විගණකාධිපති.

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පිටපත :- 1. ලේකම් - මුදල්, ආර්ජික ස්ථායිකරණ සහ ජාතික පුතිපත්ති අමාතාාංශය

2. ලේකම - වැවිලි කර්මාන්ත අමාතාංශය





ජාතික විගණන කාර්යාලය

தேசிய கணக்காய்வு அலுவலகம் NATIONAL AUDIT OFFICE



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SPCG/HM/C/FA/SUGAR/ 2005 200. Your No. 2022/07

ඔබේ අංකය

திகதி Date

2023 ඔක්තෝබර් 🕁 දින

සභාපති.

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සීමාසහිත ලංකා සීනි පුද්ගලික සමාගම,

සීමාසහිත ලංකා සීනි පුද්ගලික සමාගමේ 2022 දෙසැම්බර් 31 දිනෙන් අවසන් වර්ෂය සදහා වූ මූලා පුකාශන සහ වෙනත් නෛතික නියාමන අවශානා පිළිබඳව 2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 12 වන වගන්තිය පුකාරව විගණකාධිපති වාර්තාව

- 1. මූලාෳ පුකාශන
- 1.1 මතය වියාවතය

සිමාසහිත ලංකා සිනි පුද්ගලික සමාගමේ 2022 දෙසැම්බර් 31 දිනට මූලා නත්ත්ව පුකාශනය සහ එදිනෙන් අවසන් වර්ෂය සදහා වූ මූලා කාර්යසාධන පුකාශනය. ශුද්ධ වත්කම වෙනස්වීමේ පුකාශනය සහ එදිනෙන් අවසන් වර්ෂය සදහා මුදල් පුවාහ පුකාශනය සහ මූලා පුකාශනවලට අදාළ සටහන්, සාරාංශගත වැදගත් ගිණුම්කරණ පුතිපත්තිවලින් සමන්විත 2022 ලෙසැම්බර් 31 දිනෙන් අවසන් වර්ෂය සඳහා වූ මූලා පුකාශන, ශී ලංකා පුජාතාන්තික සමාජවාදී ජනරජයේ ආණ්ඩුකුම වාවස්ථාවේ 154(1) වාවස්ථාව සමහ සංයෝජිතව කියවිය යුතු 2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පතතේ විධිවිධාන පුකාර මාගේ විධානය යටතේ විගණනය කරන ලදී. ආණ්ඩුකුම වාවස්ථාවේ 154 (6) වාවස්ථාව පුකාරව මාගේ වාර්තාව යථා කාලයේදී පාර්ලිමේන්තුවේ සභාගත කරනු ලැබේ.

සමාගමේ මූලා පුකාශන පිළිබදව මම මතයක් පුකාශ නොකරමි. මතය ව්යාවනය සදහා පදනම කොටසේ සාකච්ඡා කර ඇති කරුණුවල වැදගත්කම හේතුවෙන් මෙම මුලා පුකාශන සම්බන්ධයෙන් විගණන මතයක් සඳහා පදනමක් සැපයිමට පුමාණවත් හා උචිත විගණන සාක්ෂි ලබා ගැනීමට මා හට නොහැකි විය.

1.2 මතය වියාචනය සඳහා පදනම

ශුී ලංකා ගිණුම්කරණ පුමිති අංක 01 හි 32 ඡේදය පුකාරව ගිණුම්කරණ පුමිතියක අවසරය (ී) හෝ අවශාතාවය මත හැර ආයතනයක ආදායම් සහ වියදුම් හිලව් තොකළ යුතු වුවද සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයට අදාළව පැල්වත්ත අංශයේ ආදායම් රු.2,625,587,207 ක් වියදම සමහ හිලවකර මූලාා පුකාශනවල ඉදිරිපත් කර තිබුණි.



(ආ) ශ්‍රී ලංකා ගිණුම්කරණ පුමිනි අංක 01 හි 117 ජේදය ප්‍රකාරව මූලා ප්‍රකාශන පිළියෙල කිරීමේදී හාවිතා කරන වැදගත් ගිණුම්කරණ ප්‍රතිපත්ති හෙළිදරව කළ යුතු වුවද සෙවනගල අංශයට අදාළව 2014 වර්ෂයේ සිට ආයතන දෙකකින් සහ එක් වහාසාතියකිත් අයවිය යුතු රු.20.141.781 අඩමාන ණය වශයෙන් වෙන්කර තිබුණු නමුත්, එම වෙන් කිරීමවලට හේතු වූ කරුණු හා අදාළ ගිණුම්කරණ ප්‍රතිපත්තිය මූලා ප්‍රකාශනවල හෙළිදරව කර නොතිබුණි.

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- (ඇ) ශ්‍රී ලංකා ගිණුම්කරණ ප්‍රමිති අංක 02 හි 10 ඡේදය ප්‍රකාරව තොගයේ පිරිවැයට ගැණුම් පිරිවැය, පරිවර්ථන පිරිවැය, තොග වර්තමාන ස්ථානයට හා තත්තවයට ගෙන ඒමට දරන ලද අනෙකුත් පිරිවැය ඇතුළත් විය යුතු වුවද සමාගම විසින් සිනි. මොලෑසස්, පරිපාලක ස්පුිතු අවසන් තොගය අගය කිරීමේදී නිෂ්පාදන නොවන පිරිවැයද ඇතුළත් කර මුළු පිරිවැය මත පදනම්ව අගය කර තිබුණු බැවින් මුළු පිරිවැය රු.2,486,004,294 ක් වු අවසන් තොගයෙහි නිරවදාතාවය විගණනයට තහවුරු නොකෙරුණි.
- (ඈ) ශ්‍රී ලංකා හිණුම්කරණ ප්‍රමිති අංක 16 හි 51 ජේදය ප්‍රකාරව දේපළ පිරියත හා උපකරණ වල එලදායි ජීව කාලය වාර්ෂිකව සමාලෝවනය කළ යුතු වුවද. ඒ අනුව කටයුතු කර නොතිබුණු බැවින් තවදුරටත් භාවිතයේ පවතින සෙවනගල අංශයේ පිරිවැය රු.386,601,213 ක හා පැල්වත්ත අංශයේ පිරිවැය රු.1,639,431,417 ක දේපළ පිරියත හා උපකරණ සමාලෝවිත වර්ෂය අවසානය වන විට සම්පූර්ණයෙන්ම ක්ෂය කර අවසන්කර තිබුණි. ඒ අනුව මෙම ඇස්තමේන්තුගත දෝෂය ශ්‍රී ලංකා ගිණුම්කරණ ප්‍රමිත අංක 08 ප්‍රකාරව ප්‍රතිශෝධනය කර නිවැරදි ධාරණ අගය මූලා ප්‍රකාශනවල දක්වා නොතිබුණි.
- (ඉ) පිරිවැය රු.760,763,818 ක් වූ පැල්වත්ත අංශයේ ස්ථාපිත ස්කාගාර දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ ස්ථාවර වත්කම් වල එක් එක් වත්කම් පත්තිවල එකතුව පමණක් ස්ථාවර වත්කම් ලේඛනයට ඇතුළත් කර තිබුණු බැවින්, සමාලෝවිත වර්ෂයේ ක්ෂය වියදම හා ක්ෂය වෙන් කිරීමවල නිරවදාහතාවය විගණනයට තහවුරු නොකෙරුණි.
- (ඊ) සමාලෝවිත වර්ෂයේ දෙසැම්බර් 31 දිනට පැල්වත්ත අංශයේ පැවති රු.664,200,000 ක සිනි තොගය භෞතිකව සතාපනය කර තොතිබුණු බැවින් එම ශේෂයෙහි නිරවදාතාවය විගණනයට තහවුරු තොකෙරුණි.



- (උ) පැල්වත්ත අංශයට අයත් පිරිවැය රු.3.243.969.760 ක් වූ කල්බදු වත්කම ද සමහ ක්ෂේතු යන්තු හා උපකරණ. වාරිමාර්ග හා විවිධ උපකරණ සහ කර්මාන්තශාලා බලාගාරය හා උපකරණවල ක්ෂය අනුපාතයන් පිළිවෙලින් සියයට 15 ක්, 6 ක් හා 5 ක් වන නමුත්, එම වත්කම් වලට අයත් පිරිවැය රු.1.831.760,591 ක් වූ වත්කම් සියයට 2 ත් සියයට 50 ත් අතර විවිධ අනුපාතයන් යටතේ ක්ෂය කර තිබුණු බැවින් සමාලෝවිත වර්ෂයට අදාළ ක්ෂය වියදම හා ක්ෂය වෙන්කිරීම්වල නිරවදානාවය තහවුරු නොකෙරුණි.
- (ඌ) සෙවනගල හා පැල්වත්ත අංශවල වසර 08 කට අධික කාලයක සිට මූලා ප්‍රකාශනවල ඉදිරියට ගෙනඑමින් පවතින පිළිවෙලින් රු.9.475,416 සහ රු. 4.904.160 ක් වූ මාර්ගස්ථ තොග සම්බන්ධයෙන් ඉකුත් වර්ෂවල විගණන වාර්තා මහින්ද පෙන්වාදී තිබුණු නමුත් එම ශේෂයත් නිරවුල් කිරීමට කටයුතු කර නොතිබුණි.
- (එ) පැල්වත්ත සිනි කර්මාන්තායතනය රජයට පවරා ගැනීමේදී එයින් ඉවත්ව වෙනම ආයතනයක් ලෙස කිරි ආශිත නිෂ්පාදන සිදු කරන ආයතනයකට, අයත් ටුැක්ටර් 20 ක් 2011 වර්ෂයේ සිට 2022 දෙසැම්බර් 31 දින දක්වා භාවිතා කිරිම වෙනුවෙන් එම ආයතනයට ගෙවිය යුතු රු. 59,863,062 ක ශුද්ධ මුදල සහ එම ආයතනය විසින් සමාගමට අයත් නිල නිවාස භාවිතා කිරීම වෙනුවෙන් ලැබිය යුතු රු.19,329,726 ක් මූලා පුකාශනවල දැක්වෙන නමුත්, එම ශේෂ නහවුරු කර ගැනීම සදහා බදු ගිවිසුම හෝ ශේෂ සනාථන ලිපි විගණනයට ඉදිරිපත් නොකෙරුණි.
- (ඒ) සිමාසහිත ලංකා සිනි සමාගම රජයට පවරාගත් 2011 වර්ෂයේ සිට සමාලෝවිත වර්ෂයේ දෙසැම්බර් 31 දින දක්වාම පැල්වත්ත අංශයේ මූලා ප්‍රකාශනවල වෙනත් තොග ශේෂයෙන් අඩුකර දක්වා තිබුණු රු.9,251,437 ක යල්පැන ගිය තොගය (Provision for obsolete stocks) සම්බන්ධයෙන් කිසිදු තොරතුරක් වගණනයට ඉදිරිපත් නොකෙරුණි.

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(ඔ) පැල්වත්ත අංශය හුක්ති විදින හෙක්ටයාර 1.212 කින් සමන්විත බඩල්කුඹුර උක් මිලදි ගැනීම් මධාාස්ථානයේ ඉඩමෙහි සින්නක්කර අයිතිය සිනි සමාගමට නොතිබුණු නමුත් මූලා පුකාශනවල ඒ සම්බන්ධයෙන් හෙළිදරව් කර නොතිබුණි.



- (ඔ) සමාලෝවිත වර්ෂයේ භෞතික තොග සමීක්ෂණ වාර්තා අනුව සෙවතගල ආශයේ බබඩාවන්හි රු.3.295,168 ක් වටිනා තොග අයිතම 172 ක ඌතතාවයක් හා රු.3.485,431 ක් වටිනා තොග අයිතම 170 ක අතිරික්තයක් නිරීක්ෂණය වූ තමුත්, ඒ සදහා මූලා පුකාශනවල අවශා ගැලපීම් කර නොතිබුණි. භෞතිකව සතසාපනය කරන ලද නමුත් වටිනාකම ගණනය කළ තොහැකි තොග වර්ග 1200 ක් ද, පුයෝජනයට ගත නොහැකි හා අපහරණය කළ යුතු රු.2.875.285 ක් වටිනා තොග අයිතම 206 ක් ද ගබඩාවේ පැවතුණි.
- (ක) සමාලෝවිත වර්ෂයේ දෙසැම්බර් 31 දිනට හෞතික තොග සමීක්ෂණ වාර්තාව අනුව සෙවනගල අංශයේ තොග ශේෂය රු.2,149,441,299 ක් වුවද, මූලා ප්‍රකාශන අනුව එම වටිනාකම රු.2.115,224,805 ක් වූයෙන් අවසන් තොගය රු.34,216,494 ක් අඩුවෙන් දැක්වුණි.

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- (ග) 2018 වර්ෂයේදී සෙවනගල අංශය සදහා මිලදීගෙන තිබුණු රු.11,412,646 ක විදසුන් වුමබක බෙදුම් උපකරණය, තොග අයිතම ලෙස සලකා ගිණුමගත කර තිබුණු බැවින් සමාලෝවිත වර්ෂයේ අවසාන දිනට ජංගම වත්කම් රු.11,412,646 ක් වැඩියෙන් ද ජංගම නොවන වත්කම් ඊට සමාන වටිනාකමකින් අඩුවෙන් ද දක්වා තිබුණි.
 - (ව) සමාලෝවිත වර්ෂයේ දෙසැම්බර් 31 දිනට පැවති සෙවනගල අංශයට අයත් රු.154,831,424 ක දැව්තෙල් නොගය භෞතිකව සතාපාපනය කර නොතිබුණු බැවින් එම ශේෂයෙහි නිරවදාතාවය තහවුරු නොකෙරුණි.
- (ජ) ශ්‍රී ලංකා ගිණුමකරණ පුමිති අංක 02 අනුව පෙර පිවිසි පෙර නිකුතු ක්‍රමයට හෝ හරිත සාමානා ක්‍රමයට තොග නිකුත් කිරීම මිල කළ යුතු වුවද පැල්වත්ත අංශය විසින් නිකුත් කරත තොග අවසන් වරට මිලදීගෙන ඇති තොගවල මිල මත පදනම්ව අගයකර තිබුණි. මේ හේතුවෙන් සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයේදී පිරිවැය හා නිකුතු මිල අතර ඇති වී තිබුණු රු.51.975.591 වෙනස තක්සේරු ගැලපීම ගිණුමක් මගින් මූලා පුකාශනවල වියදමට ගලපා තිබුණි. ගිණුමකරණ මෘදුකාංගයේ පවතින දෝෂයක් හේතුවෙන් සිදුවන මෙම ගිණුම ගැලපීම නිසා මූලා පුකාශනවල ඒ ඒ වියදම අයිතමයන්හි නිවැරදි වියදම නිරූපණය නොවන බවට නිරීක්ෂණය විය.
 - (ට) පැල්වත්ත අංශයේ භාවිතාකරන ගිණුම්කරණ පරිගණක මෘදුකාංග පද්ධතිය නියමිත පරිදි ක්‍රියාත්මක තොවන බැවින් ලබාගන්නා ලද ලෙජර් ගිණුම් ශේෂයන්වල නිවැරදිතාවය තහවුරු නොවුණි.



ඉහත විස්තර කර ඇති පරිදි. මූලා තත්ත්ව පුකාශතයේ, මූලා කාර්යසාධන පුකාශතයේ. හිමිකම වෙනස්වීමේ පුකාශතයේ සහ මුදල් පුවාහ පුකාශතයේ ඇතුළත් පුමාණාත්මක අයිතම විකල්ප නුම මහින් තහවුරු කිරීමට හෝ සතාාපනය කිරීමට මට නොගැකි විය. මේ හේතුවෙන්, මූලා තත්ත්ව පුකාශනය. මූලා කාර්යසාධන පුකාශනය. හිමිකම වෙනස්වීමේ පුකාශනය සහ මුදල් පුවාහ පුකාශනය සැකසෙන වටිතාකම හෝ අයිතමයන්වල වාර්තාගත හෝ වාර්තා නොකළ වටිනාකම හෝ ගණුදෙනු සම්බන්ධයෙන් කිසියම ගැලපීමක් කිරීමට අවශාදැයි මට නිශ්චය කිරීමට නොහැකි විය.

1.3 මූලා පුතාශන පිළිබඳ කළමනාකරණයේ සහ පාලනය කරන පාර්ශවයන්ගේ වගකීම

මෙම මූලා පුකාශන ශුී ලංකා ගිණුම්කරණ පුමිතිවලට අනුකූලව පිළියෙල කිරීම හා සාධාරණ ලෙස ඉදිරිපත් කිරීම සහ වංචා හෝ වැරදි හේතුවෙත් ඇතිවිය හැකි පුමාණාත්මක සාවදා පුකාශයන්ගෙන් තොරව මූලා පුකාශන පිළියෙල කිරීමට හැකිවනු පිණිස අවශා වන අභාන්තර පාලනයන් තිරණය කිරීම කළමනාකරණයේ වගකිම වේ.

මූලා පුකාශන පිළියෙල කිරීමේදී, සමාගම අඛණ්ඩව පවත්වාගෙන යාමේ හැකියාව තීරණය කිරීම කළමනාකරණයේ වගකීමක් වන අතර, කළමනාකාරිත්වය සමාගම ඈවර කිරීමට අදහස් කරන්නේ නම හෝ වෙනත් විකල්පයක් නොමැති විටදී මෙහෙයුම් නැවැත්වීමට කටයුතු කරන්නේ නම් හැර අඛණ්ඩ පැවැත්මේ පදනම මත ගිණුම තැබීම හා සමාගමේ අඛණ්ඩ පැවැත්මට අදාළ කරුණු අනාවරණය කිරීමද කළමනාකරණයේ වගකීමකි. සමාගමේ මූලා චාර්තාකරණ කුයාවලීය සම්බන්ධව පරීක්ෂා කිරීමේ වගකීම, පාලනය කරන පාර්ශවයන් විසින් දරනු ලබයි.

2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 16(1) උප වගන්තිය පුකාරව, සමාගමේ වාර්ෂික සහ කාලීන මූලා පුකාශන පිළියෙල කිරීමට හැකිවන පරිදි ස්වකීය ආදායම්, වියදම්, වත්කම් හා බැරකම් පිළිබද නිසි පරිදි පොත්පත් හා වාර්තා පවත්වාගෙන යා යුතුය.

1.4 මූලා පුකාශන විගණනය සම්බන්ධයෙන් විගණකගේ වගකීම

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ශී ලංකා විගණන පුමිතිවලට අනුකූලව පවත්වනු ලබන විගණනය මත පදනම්ව සමාගමේ මූලා පුකාශන පිළිබදව විගණකගේ වාර්තාව නිකුත් කිරීම මාගේ වගකීම වේ. කෙසේ වුවද, මතය ව්යාවනය සදහා පදනම කොටසේ විස්තර කර ඇති කරුණු හේතුවෙන් මෙම මූලා පුකාශන සම්බන්ධයෙන් විගණන මතයක් සදහා පදනමක් සැපයීමට පුමාණවත් හා උවිත විගණන සාක්ෂි ලබා ගැනීමට මා හට නොහැකි විය.



2. වෙනත් නෛත්ක හා නියාමන අවශාතා පිළිබඳ වාර්තාව

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- 2.1 2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ සහ 2007 අංක 7 දරන සමාගම් පතතේ පහත සදහන් අවශානාවයන් සම්බන්ධයෙන් විශේෂ පුතිපාදන ඇතුළත් වේ.
- 2.1.1 2007 සංක 7 දරන සමාගම පනතේ 163(2) වගන්තියේ සහ 2018 අංක 19 දරණ ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 12 (අ) වගන්තියේ සඳහන් අවශානාවන් අනුව, විගණනය සඳහා අවශා යැයි සැලකෙන සියලු තොරතුරු සහ පැහැදිලි කිරීම මා ලබාගෙන නොමැති අතර නිසි ගිණුම වාර්තා සමාගම තබා තිබේද යන්න තිරණය කිරීමට මට නොහැකි විය.
- 2.1.2 2018 අංක 19 දරණ ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 6 (1) (ඇ) (iii) වගන්තියේ සඳහන් අවශානාවය අනුව සමාගමේ මූලාා ප්‍රකාශන ඉකුත් වර්ෂය සමහ අනුරූප වේ.
- 2.1.3 2018 අංක 19 දරණ ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 6 (1) (ඇ) (iv) වගන්තියේ සඳහන් අවශාතාවය අනුව මාගේ වාර්තාවේ මතය ව්යාවනය සඳහා පදනම් කොටසේ (ඇ), (ඉ), (උ), (උ), (එ), (ඒ), (ඕ), (ක), (ග) ඡේදවල දක්වා ඇති නිරීක්ෂණ හැර ඉකුත් වර්ෂයේදී මා විසින් සිදුකරන ලද නිර්දේශයන් ඉදිරිපත් කරන ලද මූලා පුකාශනවල ඇතුළත්ව ඇත.
- 2.2 අනුගමනය කරන ලද ක්‍රියාමාර්ග සහ ලබා ගන්නා ලද සාක්ෂි මත හා ප්‍රමාණාත්මක කරුණුවලට සීමා කිරීම තුල, පහත සඳහන් ප්‍රකාශ කිරීමට තරම් කිසිවක් මාගේ අවධානයට ලක් නොවීය.
- 2.2.1 2018 අංක 19 දරණ ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 12 (අෑ) වගන්තියේ සඳහන් අවශාතාවය අනුව සමාගමේ පාලක මණ්ඩලයේ යම් සාමාජිකයෙකුට සමාගම සම්බන්ධවී යම් ගිවිසුමක් සම්බන්ධයෙන් සෘජුව හෝ අනාහකාරයකින් සාමානා වාහපාරික තත්වයෙන් බැහැරව සම්බන්ධයක් ඇති බව.
- 2.2.2 2018 අංක 19 දරණ ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 12 (ඊ) වගන්තියේ සඳහන් අවශාතාවය අනුව පහත සඳහන් නිරීක්ෂණ අනුව යම් අදාළ ලිඛිත නීතියකට හෝ සමාගමේ පාලක මණ්ඩලය විසින් නිකුත් කරන ලද වෙතත් පොදු හෝ විශේෂ විධානවලට අනුකූල තොවන ලෙස ක්‍රියා කර ඇති බව.



තිරීක්ෂණය

ජාතික විගණන කාර්යාල தேசிய கணக்காய்வு அலுவல NATIONAL AUDIT OFFI

නීතිරීති/ විධානයන්ට යොමුව

- 1980 අංක 47 දරන ජානික පාරිසරික සමාගම සිනි නිෂ්පාදනය හෝ සිනි පිරිපහදු (උ) පතතේ 23 (අ) වගන්තියෙන් පැවරී ඇති කිරීම, සම්බන්ධයෙන් වන බලතල පුකාරව අමාත්ෂවරයා විසින් 2008 පාරිසරික බලපතුය ලබාගෙන නොතිබුණි. ජනවාරි 25 දිනැති අංක 1533/16 දරන අති විශේෂ ගැසට් පතුය මහින් පුසිද්ධ කරන ලද නියෝගයන්හි 1 කොටසේ 30 වන නියෝගය
 - ශී ලංකා පූජාතාන්තික සමාජවාදී ජනරජයේ (ආ) ආයතන සංගුහය (i) XIX පරිච්ඡේදයේ 5.1 ඡේදය

(ii) XIX පරිච්ඡේදයේ 5.2 ඡේදය

(iii) XIXපරිච්ඡේදයේ 5.8 ජේදය

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පැල්වත්ත අංශයේ තිලධාරීත්ගේ නිවාස සඳහා නිවාස කුලි අයකර නොතිබුණු අතර. එම නිවාසවල අඑත්වැඩියා හා නඩත්තු වියදම සමාගම විසින් දරා තිබුණි.

ෂෙවනගල අංශය රජයට පවරා ගැනීමට මපර සිට අය කරනු ලැබූ රු. 20 ත් රු. 85 ත් අතර මාසික නිවාස කුලි ගාස්තු වසර 11 කට අධික කාලයක සිට අයකරමින් පැවතුනි.

ජල බිල්පත් හා විදුලි බිල්පත් නිලධාරියා විසින් ගෙවිය යුතු වුවද සෙවනගල අංශයේ ජල පරිභෝජනය ඒකක 60 කට වැඩියෙන් හාවිතා කර ඇති අවස්ථාවලදී පමණක් නිලධාරියාගෙන් ගාස්තු අයකර ගැනීමත්, විදුලිපරිහෝජනය මාසිකව සඳහා රු. 250 ක සහනයක් ලබාදීමෙන් පසු ඉතිරි විදුලි බිල වැටුපෙන් අයකර ගැනීමත් තුළින් සමාගම විසින් පිරිවැය දැරීමේ කුමවේදයක් කර තිබුණි. ඵ **අනුගමන**ය අනුව නිලධාරින්ගේ සමාලෝවිත වර්ෂයේ නිවාසවල විදුලි ගාස්තු ලෙස රු.1,544,798 ක් සමාගම විසින් වැයකර තිබුණි.



தேசிய கணக்காய்வு அலுவலக NATIONAL AUDIT OFFIC

(ඇ) 2003 ජුනි 02 දිනැති අංක PED/ 12 දරන රාජා වාහපාර වනුලේබයේ

(i) 8.2.2 ඡේදය

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අතිරික්ත අරමුදල් ස්ථාවර තැන්පතු වල ආයෝජන කිරීම සදහා මුදල් අමාතාවරයාගේ එකහතාවය හා අදාළ අමාතාවරයාගේ අනුමැතිය ලබාගත යුතු වුවද, 2022 දෙසැමබර් 31 දිනුව සෙවනගල අංශයේ ස්ථාවර තැන්පතු 30 ක ආයෝජිත රු.1,895,239.553 ක් හා පැල්වත්ත අංශයේ ස්ථාවර තැන්පතු 14 ක ආයෝජිත රු.1,817,382,278 ක් සදහා එකහතාවය හා අනුමැතිය ලබාගෙන නොතිබුණි.

- සමාගමේ කාර්ය මණ්ඩලය මහා භාණ්ඩාගාරයෙන් අනුමත කරගෙන නොතිබුණි.
- (ඇ) 2021 නොවැම්බර් 16 දිනැති අංක PED01/2021 දරන රාජාා වාහපාර වනුලේබයේ

(i) 5.1 මේදය

(ii) 9.2 ලප්දය

රාජා වාාපාර අතිරික්තය හෝ ලාහයෙන් කොටසක් බදු හෝ ලාභාංශ වශයෙන් ඒකාබද්ධ අරමුදල /කොටස් හිමියන් වෙත බෙදාහැරීමෙන් පසුව සේවකයන්ට පුසාද දීමනා හා දිරිදීමනා ගෙවිය යුතු වුවද යොමුගත ජේදයේ අවශාතා සපුරාලීමෙන් තොරව පුසාද දීමනා හා දිරිදීමනා ගෙවා තිබුණි.

 (ii) 5.3 ජේදය
 2007 අංක 7 දරන සමාගම් පනතේ දක්වා ඇති නුබුන්වන්හාවය පිළිබද පරීක්ෂාවෙන් සැහීමකට පත් වී, බදු ගෙවීමෙන් පසු ලාහයෙන් සියයට 30 ක් ඒකාබද්ධ අරමුදලට / කොටස් හිමියන්ට බෙදාහැරිය යුතු වුවද සමාගම එම විධිවිධාන පුකාරව කටයුතු කර නොතිබුණි.



2022 දෙසැම්බර් 21 දිනැති අංක PED (?) 09/2022 දරන රාජාා ව්ාාපාර වකුලේබයේ

(i)

(ii)

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1.1 මේදය යොමුගත ජේදය පුකාරව සෙවනගල අංශය සහ පුධාන කාර්යාලය සදහා සමාලෝචීත වර්ෂයට අදාළව ගෙවිය හැකි පුසාද දීමතාව රු.28.600,000 ක් වුවද පුසාද දීමතා සහ දිරිදීමතා රු.228,703,125 ක් වශයෙන් රු.200,103,125 ක් වැඩියෙන් ගෙවා තිබුණි.

යොමුගත ඡේදය අනුව පැල්වත්ත අංශය සඳහා සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයට අදාළව ගෙවිය හැකි දිරීදීමතාව රු.88,460,000ක් වුවද දිරිදීමතා රු.508,017,000 ක් වශයෙන් රු.419,557,000 ක් වැඩියෙන් ගෙවා තිබුණි.

(ඊ) 2022 දෙසැම්බර් 22 දිනැති SEC/2022/E/04 දරන දේශීය ආදායම් අංශය විසින් අත්තිකාරම් පුද්ගල ආදායම් දෙපාර්තමේන්තු මාර්ගෝපදේශයේ 2 ජේදය බදු අඩු කිරිමකින් තොරව සමාලෝවිත

අංක යොමුගත ඡේදයට පටහැනිව සෙවනගල වර්ෂයට අදාළව දිරිදීමනා වශයෙත් රු. 158,612,500 ක් ගෙවා තිබුණි.

- 2.2.3 2018 අංක 19 දරණ ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 12 (උ) වගන්තියේ සඳහන් අවශානාවය අනුව සමාගමේ බලතල , කර්තවා සහ කාර්යයන්ට අනුකුල නොවන ලෙස කටයුතු කර ඇති බව.
- 2.2.4 2018 අංක 19 දරණ ජාතික විගණන පතලත් 12 (ඌ) වගන්තියේ සඳහන් අවශානාවය අනුව පහත සදහන් නිරික්ෂණ අනුව සමාගමේ සමපත් සකසුරුවම් ලෙස, කාර්යක්ෂම ලෙස සහ එලදායි ලෙස කාලසීමාවන් තුළ අදාළ නීතිරිති වලට අනුකූලව පුසම්පාදනය කර භාවිතා කර නොමැති බව.
 - අවශාතා නිසි පරිදි හදුනා නොගෙන ගබඩා අයිතම මීලදීගෙන තිබුණු බැවින් (æ) රු.106,651,370 ක් වටිනා නොග අයිතම 4558 ක් වසර 05 ක් තුළ නිෂ්කාර්යව ගබඩාවේ රඳවා තිබුණි.



(ආ) පැල්වත්ත අංශය විසින් 2013 වර්ෂයේදි කල් බදු පහසුකම් යටතේ රු.128,910,000 ක කේන් යන්තුයක් මිලදිගැනීම සදහා රු.120,750,000 ක මුදලක් හා ඊට අවශා විදුලිය සැපයිමට රු.2,254,850 ක් වැය කර තිබුණි. එසේ වුවද, සැපයුමකරු විසින් එකහ වූ පරිදි එම යන්තුය කර්මාන්තායතනය තුළ ස්ථාපිත නොකිරීම හේතුවෙන් රු. 123,004,850 ක පිරිවැයක් දරා තිබුණු මෙම යන්තුය මිලදිගත් දින සිට පුයෝජනයට ගත නොහැකිව නිශ්කාර්යව පැවතුණි.

2.3 වෙනත් විගණන නිරීක්ෂණ

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පහත දැක්වෙන කරුණු නිරීක්ෂණ විය.

- (අ) සෙවනගල අංශය වෙතිත් උක් වගාව සදහා ණය ලබාගත් ගොවීත් උක් වගාවෙත් බැහැර වී වෙතත් අතවසර බෝග වගාවත් සදහා යොමුවීම හේතුවෙත් ගොවීත් 229 දෙතෙකුගෙත් අයවිය යුතු එකතුව රු.12,171,641 ක ණය ශේෂ අයකර ගැනීමට හා ගොවීන් නැවත උක් වගාවත් සදහා යොමු කිරීමට අවශා ක්රියාමාර්ග ගෙත නොතිබුණි. මෙම ණය වලිත් රු.9,212,580 ක් වසර 05 කට වැඩි කාලයක සිට ද, රු.804,080 ක් වසර 3 ත් 5 ත් අතර කාලයක සිට ද අය නොවී පැවතුණි.
- (ආ) සෙවනගල අංශයේ හාවිතයෙන් ඉවත් කර ඇති වාහන 19 කට අදාළ රු.3.370,561 ක් වූ දවා හා උපකරණ 914 ක් සහ වටිනාකම හදුනාගත නොහැකි දවා හා උපකරණ 21 ක් වෙන්දේසියේ විකිණීමට හෝ සුදුසු ක්‍රියාමාර්ගයකින් අපහරණය කිරීමට කටයුතු නොකර ගබඩාවේ රඳවා තිබුණි.
- (ඇ) පැල්වත්ත අංශයේ භාවිතයෙන් ඉවත්කර ඇති වටිනාකම රු. 6,890,375 ක් වූ වාහන අමතර කොටස් 1017 ක් සහ ගබඩාව තුළ වසර 05 කට වඩා වැඩි කාලයක සිට භාවිතයට නොගන්නා වටිනාකම රු. 106,251,731 ක් වන දුවා සහ උපකරණ 3602 ක් වෙන්දේසියේ විකිණීමට හෝ සුදුසු කියාමාර්ගයන්හි අපහරණය කිරීමට කටයුතු නොකර ගබඩාවේ රඳවා තිබුණි.
 - (ඇ) උක් වගාව සඳහා පැල්වත්ත අංශය වෙතින් ණය ලබාගත් ගොවීන්ගෙන් සමාලෝවීත වර්ෂයේ දෙසැම්බර් 31 දිනට අයවිය යුතු ගොවිණය ශේෂය රු.1,539,296,739 ක් වූ අතර මෙම ණය වලින් රු. 508,989,845 ක් වසර 05 කට වැඩි කාලයක සිට ද, රු. 58,269,202 ක් වසර 3 ත් 5 ත් අතර කාලයක සිට ද අය නොවී පැවතුණි.



- (ඉ) සෙවනගල අංශය විසින් 2018 වර්ෂයේදී රු.9.564,866 ක් වටිනා වාෂ්පිකරණ යන්නුයක් (Evaporator) ඉන්දියාවෙන් ආනයනය කර රු.3,924,394 ක රේගු ගාස්තු හෙවා ත්බුණි. ඊට අදාල උපාංශ (SS Tube) පිරිවිතරවලට එකහ නොවීම මත ආපසු යවා 2019 වර්ෂයේදී නැවත ආනයනය කිරීමේදී හෙවා තිබුණු රු.4.830,446 ක රේගු ගාස්තුව සැපයුමකරුගෙන් අයකර ගැනීමට කටයුතු නොකිරීමෙන් එම වටිනාකමෙන් සමාගමට පාඩුවක් සිදු වී තිබුණු අතර එම රේගු ගාස්තුව ගෙවීමට අදාළ ලියකියවිලි සමාගම සතුව නොතිබීම හේතුවෙන් එම වටිනාකම ද විදේශීය ඇණවුම අත්තිකාරම වශයෙන් ගිණුමගත කර තිබුණි.
- (ඊ) සමාගමේ පැල්වත්ත අංශයේ හෙක්ටයාර් 4.607 ක ඉඩම් 4 ක පිරිවැය වූ රු.44.149.728 ක් ගිණුම්වල දක්වා තිබුණු නමුත් එයින් පිරිවැය රු.28.050,728 ක පැල්වත්ත හා ප්‍රධාන කාර්යාලය පිහිටි හෙක්ටයාර් 1.686 ක ඉඩම්වල අයිතිය සමාගම සතුව නොපැවතුණි.

ඩබ්ලිව්.පී.සි.විකුමරත්න විගණකාධිපති

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LANKA SUGAR COMPANY (PRIVATE) LIMITED

31st DECEMBER 2022

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Year ended 31 December 2022

	Note	2022 Rs.	2021 Rs.
Descente	4	19,287,059,633	12,284,072,648
Revenue Cost of Sales		(10,550,156,934)	(8,980,766,415)
Gross Profit		8,736,902,699	3,303,306,233
Other Income and Gains	5	207,049,922	131,844,225
		(3,352,575,449)	(2,225.033,118)
Administrative Expenses	6	(87,338,394)	(99,383,026)
Finance Cost	6	541,537,093	139,852,967
Finance Income	7	6,045,575,871	1,250,587,281
Profit/(Loss) before tax			(430,858,189)
Income Tax Expense	8	(1,131,502,649)	
Profit/(Loss) for the year		4,914,073,222	819,729,092
Other Comprehensive Income for the period, net of tax		(125,052,954)	11,065,754
Total Comprehensive Income/ (Expense) for the period, net of tax		4,789,020,268	830,794,846
Earnings/(Loss) Per Share	9	49,140,732	14,021,600

The Accounting Policies and Notes on pages 8 to 33 form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2022

ASSETS	Note	2022	2021
		Rs.	Rs.
Non-Current Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	10	2,435,563,340	1,949,129,618
Non Current Investments	8	43,544,918	143,544,918
		2,479,108,258	2,092,674,536
Current Assets			
Inventories	11	4,961,314,936	2,615,688,812
Biological Assets	12	890,667,065	789,488,289
Trade and Other Receivables	13	611,771,676	278,508,110
Advances and Prepayments		148,669,124	144,086,904
Loans Due from Farmers	14	1,463,467,286	1,009,793,648
Amounts due from Related Parties	25.1	-	-
Investments	15	1,237,947,390	2,391,929,343
Cash and Cash Equivalents	21	3,972,130,456	915,068,381
		13,285,967,934	8,144,563,488
		15,765,076,191	10,237,238,024
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Capital and Reserves			
Stated Capital	16	1,000	1,000
Government Grant	17	4,674,488,363	4,674,488,363
Accumulated Profits		6,573,568,061	1,535,883,362
Total Equity		11,248,057,424	6,210,372,725
Non-Current Liabilities			
Deferred Tax Liability	8	580,381,458	350,227,557
Retirement Benefit Liability	19	814,574,021	590,997,522
Interest Bearing Loans and Borrowings	18	128,784,134	292,250,498
		1,523,739,613	1,233,475,577
Current Liabilities		<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Interest Bearing Loans and Borrowings	18	128,842,356	76,703,396
Trade and Other Payables	20	2,292,075,108	2,276,903,487
Income Tax Payable		1,207,048,360	336,791,816
Amounts due to Related Parties		(634,686,671)	(22,187,951)
Bank Overdraft		-	125,178,975
		2,993,279,153	2,793,389,722
Total Equity and Liabilities		15,765,076,191	10,237,238,024

Deputy General Manager - Finance

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The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these financial statements. Signed for and on behalf of the Board by:

Director

Director Ajantha Galhena Additional Director General The Accounting Policies and Notes on pages 8 to 33 form an integral part of these financial statements are Affairs Division Ministry of Finance, Economic Stabilization and

National Policies Cobumbo 01

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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year ended 31 December 2022

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Cash flows From / (Used in) Operating Activities	Note	2022 Rs.	2021 Rs.
Profit/(Loss) before Taxation		6,045,575,871	1,250,587,280
Adjustments for,			
Depreciation	10	378,551,821	312,283,141
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment			-
Finance Income	6	(541,537,093)	(139,852,967)
Finance Cost	6	87,338,394	99,383,026
Provision for Retirement Benefit Liability	19	122,333,520	77,131,418
Provision for farmer loans	11	(3,618,596)	17,959,364
Prior Year Ajustments		248,664,430	1,824,419
Bad Debts			
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes		6,337,308,347	1,619,315,682
(Increase)/Decrease in Inventories		(2,345,626,124)	(326,167,423)
Increase in Trade and Other Receivables		(337,845,786)	(11,174,753)
Decrease in Loans Due from Farmers		(450,055,042)	(39,104,079)
Increase/(Decrease) in Related Party Payables		(612,498,720)	(23,408,171)
Increase/(Decrease) in Trade and Other Payables		(15,920,581)	650,163,344
Net Cash From Operating Activities	·	2,575,362,094	1,869,624,599
Income Tax Paid			
Retirement Benefit Liability Paid	19	(23,809,975)	(26,837,579)
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities		2,551,552,119	1,842,787,020
Cash Flows From/(Used in) Investing Activities			
Acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment		(864,985,546)	(481,844,490)
Net (increase)/decrease in investments in Fixed Deposits		1,253,981,953	(546,231,629)
Investment in Biological Assets		(101,178,776)	(275,017,981)
Proceeds from the sale of Property, Plant and Equipment		-	-
Finance Income Received	6	541,537,093	139,852,967
Net Cash Flows Used in Investing Activities		829,354,724	(1,163,241,133)
Cash Flows From / (Used in) Financing Activities			
Loans/Finance Leases obtained		-	
Loans settlements	18	(8,106,458)	(360,971,447)
Government Grants Received		-	597,445,024
Principle payments under finance lease obligation	18	(103,220,945)	253,536,265
Interest paid	6	(87,338,394)	(99,383,026)
Dividends paid Net Cash Flows Used in Financing Activities		(198,665,797)	390,626,816
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		3,182,241,046	1,070,172,703
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	21	789,889,406	(280,283,300)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	21	3,972,130,454	789,889,406

The Accounting Policies and Notes on pages 8 to 33 form an integral part of these financial statements.

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

1.1 General

Lanka Sugar Company (Private) Limited is an entity incorporated and domiciled in Sri Lanka. The Company was established as a private limited company after being vested by the government. The Registered Office of Lanka Sugar Company (Private) Limited is located at No. 27, Melbourne Avenue, Colombo 04 and the principal place of business is situated in Embilipitiya and Buttala.

After being incorporated as a private limited company, the assets and liabilities of Pelwatte Sugar Industries and Sevanagala Sugar Industries were transferred to Lanka Sugar Company (Private) Limited on 01st October 2012.

1.2 Principal Activities and Nature of Operations

During the financial period, principal activities of the entity were cultivating of sugar cane, manufacturing of and marketing of sugar and ethanol.

1.3 Date of Authorization for Issue

The financial statements of Lanka Sugar Company (Private) Limited for the year ended 31st December 2022 were authorized for issue, in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors on 07th August 2023.

2. GENERAL POLICIES

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements of the company comprise the Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and Cash Flow Statement together with the Accounting Policies and Notes to the Financial Statements.

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared on a historical cost basis, unless stated otherwise.

The financial statements are presented in Sri Lankan Rupees (Rs).

2.1.1 Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements of Lanka Sugar Company (Private) Limited have been prepared in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards. The preparation and presentation of these financial statements is in compliance with the companies Act No.07 of 2007.

2.1.2. Going Concern

The Directors have made an assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in the foreseeable future and they do not intend either to liquidate or to cease trading.

2.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following are the significant accounting policies applied by the Company in preparing its financial statements:

2.2.1 Functional and Presentation Currency

The financial statements are presented in Sri Lanka Rupees (LKR) as commercial transactions are primarily carried out in by the company in LKR and such would better reflect the economic substance of underlying events and circumstances relevant to the enterprise.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to Sri Lanka Rupees at the foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are translated to Sri Lanka Rupees using the exchange rate ruling at that date. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

All differences are taken to the statement of profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities which are carried in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate that prevailed at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. The gain or loss arising on retranslation of non-monetary items is treated in line with the recognition of gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively)

2.2.2 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duty. The company assesses its revenue arrangements against specific criteria to determine if it is acting as principal or agent. The company has concluded that it is acting as a principal in all of its revenue arrangements. The specific recognition criteria described below must also be met before revenue is recognised.

Sale of Goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer, with the Entity retaining neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods of sold.

Interest income

For all financial instruments measured at amortised cost and interest bearing financial assets classified as available for sale, interest income or expense is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR), which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or liability. Interest income is included in finance income in the statement of profit or loss.

Gains and losses on Disposal of Assets

Gains and losses on disposal of Assets are determined by comparing the net sales proceeds with the carrying amounts of the Assets and are recognised net within "other operating income" in the Statement of Profit or Loss. When revalued assets are sold, the amounts included in the revaluation surplus reserve are transferred to retained earnings.

2.2.3 Taxation

Current Taxes

Income tax expense comprises current income tax, Income tax expense is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, when it is recognised in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the period, using tax rates enacted at the reporting date and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Sales tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of sales tax. except:

- When the sales tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case, the sales tax is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item, as applicable
- Receivables and payables that are stated with the amount of sales tax included

The net amount of sales tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet liability method, providing for tax effect of temporary difference between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purpose and the amounts used for taxation purpose.

2.2.4 Expenses

All expenditure incurred in the running of the business has been charged to income in arriving at the profit for the period.

Repairs and renewals are charged to profit or loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred

2.2.4.1 Borrowing Cost

Borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred, except to the extent that they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset, in which case they are capitalized as part of the cost of that asset.

2.2.4.2 Finance Cost

Financial costs comprise interest expense on borrowings that are recognised in profit or loss. Borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

Foreign currency gains and losses are reported on a net basis.

2.2.5 Property, Plant and Equipment

Owned Assets

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loses, if any.

The cost of property, plant and equipment includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labour, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to a working condition for its intended use, and the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located and borrowing costs on qualifying assets. Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalised as a part of that equipment.

When parts of an item of property, plant & equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant & equipment.

Leased Assets

The determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains, a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at inception date, whether fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets or the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

Finance leases that transfer to the company substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item, are capitalised at the commencement of the lease at the fair value of the leased property or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognised in finance costs in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

A leased asset is depreciated over the useful life of the asset. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the company will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset and the lease term.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2022

Operating lease payments are recognized as an operating expense in the Statement of Profit or Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Subsequent expenditure

The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the company and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized in accordance with the de-recognition policy given below.

The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

De-recognition

The carrying amount of an item of property, plant & equipment is de-recognized on disposal; or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Gains and losses on de-recognition are recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss and gains are not classified as revenue.

Depreciation

Depreciation is recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each part of an item of property, plant and equipment since this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset.

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and the useful lives of equivalent owned assets unless it is reasonably certain that the company will have ownership by the end of the lease term. Freehold land is not depreciated.

Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use and ceases at the earlier of the dates on which the asset is classified as held for sale or is derecognized.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

2.2.6 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realisable value, after making due allowances for obsolete and slow moving items. Net realisable value is the price at which inventories can be sold in the ordinary course of business less the estimated cost of completion and the estimated cost necessary to make the sale.

The cost incurred in bringing inventories to its present location and conditions are accounted using the following cost formula:-

Produce Stock	At direct cost including other overheads incurred thereon, up to the reporting date
Standing Cane	At direct cost including nursery cost and part of overheads incurred thereon, up to the reporting date
Other Stocks	At actual cost
Goods in Transit	At actual cost

2.2.7 Financial Instruments – initial recognition and subsequent measurement

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets within the scope of LKAS 39 are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, available-for-sale financial assets, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. The company determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs, except in the case of financial assets recorded at fair value through profit or loss. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

The company's financial assets include cash and short-term deposits, trade and other receivables, loans and other receivables.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as described below:

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method, less impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the statement of profit or loss.

De-recognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired
- The company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either
 - (a) The company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or

(b) The company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a passthrough arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognised to the extent of the company's continuing involvement in the asset. In that case, the company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the company could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

The company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred 'loss event') and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtors or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and when observable data indicate that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the company first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the company determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future expected credit losses that have not yet been incurred). The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. If a loan has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current EIR.

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Receivables together with the associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realised or has been transferred to the company. If, in a subsequent year, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a future write-off is later recovered, the recovery is reflected in the statement of profit or loss.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities within the scope of LKAS 39 are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. The company determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of loans and borrowings, directly attributable transaction costs.

The company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, bank overdrafts and loans and borrowings.

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as described below:

Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

De-recognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

2.2.8 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are cash in hand and demand deposits that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand and deposits in banks net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

2.2.9 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the company's assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. A cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable asset group that generates cash flows that largely are independent from other assets and groups.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the units and then to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit on a pro-rata basis.

2.2.10 Liabilities and Provisions

Liabilities classified as current liabilities on the Statement of Financial Position are those which fall due for payment on demand or within one year from the reporting date whereas non-current liabilities fall due for payment later than one year from the reporting date.

All known liabilities have been accounted for in preparing the financial statements.

2.2.10.1 Employee Benefits

Defined contribution plan

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a separate entity and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. Obligations for contributions to Provident and Trust Funds covering all employees are recognized as an expense in the profit or loss as incurred.

The company contributes 12% and 3% of gross emoluments to employees as Provident Fund and Trust Fund contribution respectively.

Defined benefit plans

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan. The defined benefit is calculated by independent actuaries. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related liability.

The present value of the defined benefit obligations depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a number of assumptions. Key assumptions used in determining the defined retirement benefit obligations are given in Note 19.1. Any changes in these assumptions will impact the carrying amount of defined benefit obligations.

Actuarial gains and losses for the defined benefit obligation is recognized in full in the period in which they occur in other comprehensive income. Such actuarial gains and losses are also immediately recognized in retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Provision has been made for retirement gratuities from the first year of service for all employees, in conformity with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards. However, under the Payment of Gratuity Act No. 12 of 1983, the liability to an employee arises only on completion of 5 years of continued service.

The liability is not externally funded.

Short-term benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.

2.2.10.2 Government Grant

Government Grant reflected in the balance sheet consist of the net assets acquired with the effect of Revival of Underperforming Enterprises and Underutilised Assets Act No. 43 of 2011 and the subsequent working capital contributed to carry out the entity's operations.

2.2.10.3 Provisions

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

Year ended 31 December 2022

2.2.10.3.1 Farmer Loan Provision

The company grant loans for sugarcane farmers as mid term and short term loans and provisions are ma for doubtful debts as follows.

Full provision is made for short term loans which are over 03 years and mid term loans which are over years.

2.2.11 Changes in Accounting Policies

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with prior year.

2.3 USE OF ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of the company's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods.

Judgments and estimates are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Hence actual experience and results may differ from these judgments and estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revision affects only that period and any future periods.

In the process of applying the company's accounting policies, the key assumptions made relating to the future and the sources of estimation at the reporting date together with the related judgments that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. The fair value less costs to sell calculation is based on available data from binding sales transactions in arm's length transactions of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. The value in use calculation is based on a discounted cash flow model. The recoverable amount is most sensitive to the discount rate used for the discounted cash flow model as well as the expected future cash-inflows and the growth rate used for extrapolation purposes.

Year ended 31 December 2022

Depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment

Management assigns useful lives and residual values to property, plant and equipment based on the intended use of assets and the economic lives of these assets. Subsequent changes in circumstances such as technological advances or utilization of the assets concerned could result in the actual useful lives or residual values differing from initial estimates. Management reviews annually the residual values and useful lives of major items of property, plant and equipment.

Impairment of Receivables

Company reviews at each reporting date all receivables to assess whether an allowance should be recorded in the statement of profit and loss. Management uses judgment in estimating such allowance considering the duration of outstanding and any other factors management is aware of that indicates uncertainty in recoverability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2022

4. 4.1	REVENUE Summary	2022 Rs.	2021 Rs.
4.1	Sales of Goods	19.287,059,633	12,284,072,648
4.2	Revenue is derived from the following:	19,287,059,633	12,284,072,648

Sugar	9,325,955,975	5,994,971,448
Molasses	13,431,087	14,958,000
ENA	9,947,672,571	6,272,051,300
Hand Sanitizer	-	2,091,900
	19,287,059,633	12,284,072,648

4.3 Segment Information

-	Head Office	Pelwatte Division	Sevanagala Division	Elimination	Total
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Segment Revenue	52,100,000	11,958,503,245	7,328,556,389	(52,100,000)	19,287,059,634
Segment Results					
Gross Profit /(Loss)	52,100,000	4,342,657,966	4,394,244,734	(52,100,000)	8,736,902,700
Other					
Capital Expenditure	1,809,463	447,513,740	243,041,898	-	692,365,101
Depreciation	705,021	250,211,880	138,015,406	-	388,932,307
Segment Assets					
Non Current Assets	311,702,172	1,744,111,676	423,294,407	-	2,479,108,255
Current Assets	148,820,657	7,058,957,683	7,726,350,900	(1,648,161,307)	13,285,967,934
Segment Liabilities					
Non Current Liabilities	706,416	1,288,118,489	234,914,708	-	1,523,739,613
Current Liabilities	115,572,672	2,729,816,419	1,796,051,371	(1,648,161,307)	2,993,279,155

5.	OTHER INCOME AND GAINS	2022 Rs.	2021 Rs.
	Other Service Income	175,430,759	50,653,823
	Sundry Income	31,619,163	81,190,402
		207,049.922	131,844,225
6.	FINANCE COST AND INCOME	2022	2021
6.1	Finance Cost	Rs.	Rs.
	Interest Expenses on Bank Loans	48,865,753	25,967,942
	Interest Expenses on Bank Overdrafts	6,162,674	47,562,905
	Finance Charges on Lease Liabilities	32,309,967	25,852,179
		87,338,394	99,383,026
6.2	Finance Income		
	Interest Income on Fixed Deposits	541,534,373	139,851,794
	Other Interest Income	2,720	1,173
		541,537,093	139,852,967

Lanka Sugar Company (111vaic) Emitted NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2022

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Yea	ended 31 December 2022		
7.	PROFIT BEFORE TAX		
	Stated after Charging	2022	2021
		Rs.	Rs.
	Included in Cost of Sales		
	Employee Benefits including the following		
	- Defined Contribution Plan Costs - EPF and ETF	323,336,509	311,399,444
	Depreciation	378,551,821	277,885,068
	Provision on Farmer Loans	(3,618,596)	17,959,364
	Included in Administrative Expenses		
	Employee Benefits including the following		
	- Defined Benefit Plan Costs - Gratuity	122,173,101	77,131,418
	- Defined Contribution Plan Costs - EPF and ETF	103,415,629	42,117,463
	Depreciation	86,146,079	49,283,272
	Management Fee	48,300,000	44,400,000
	Audit Fee	850,000	850,000
	INCOME TAX EXPENSE/(REVERSAL)	2022	2021
		Rs.	Rs.
	Current Income Tax	901,348,746	198,654,598
	Deferred Tax Charge/ (Reversal) (Note 8.2)	230,153,903	232,203,591
		1,131,502,649	430,858,189
.1	Reconciliation between Current Tax Expense/(Income) and the product of Accounting Profit/(Loss)		
	Accounting profit /(loss) before tax	6.045,575,871	1,250.587,280
	Exempt Income /Interest Income	(2,573,877,312)	(1,053,097,307
	Adjusted accounting profit/(loss) before tax	3,471,698,559	197,489,973
	Aggregate disallowed items	451,904,703	909,165,975
	Aggregate allowed items	(256,005,921)	(189,489,917
	Adjustment for Other Income	(704,179,471)	-
	Business profit/(Loss) for tax purpose	2,963,417,870	917,166,031
	Less : Losses from business		-
	Total Assessable Income from business income	2,963,417,870	917,166,031
	Total Assessable Income from investment income	704 130 471	170 952 045
	Total Assessable Income	704,179,471 3,667,597,341	139,852,967
	Tax losses utilized during the year	3,007,397,341	1,057,018,998
	Taxable Income	3,667,597,341	1,057,018,998
	Income Tax at @ 18%	266.707,608	165,089,886
	Income Tax at @ 24%	84,501,536	33,564,712
	Income Tax at @ 30%	<u> </u>	198,654,598
		901,348,740	198,034,398

8.2	Deferred Tax Assets	Statement of Fina	Statement of Financial Position		ofit and Loss
		2022	2021	2022	2021
	Deferred Tax Liability	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	On Property, Plant & Equipment	(823,667,805)	(459,839,515)	363,828,290	(106,791,086)
		(823,667,805)	(459,839,515)	363,828,290	(106,791,086)
	Deferred Tax Asset				
	On Property , Plant & Equipment	-	-	-	-
	On Retirement Benefit Obligation	244,372,206	106,379,554	(137,992,652)	48,133,084
	On Tax Loss /Provisions	(1,085,579)	3,232,686	4,318,265	290,861,593
		243,286,627	109,612,240	(133,674,387)	338,994,677
				230,153,903	232,203,591
	Deferred Income Tax reversal	-	-		
	Net Deferred Tax Asset/(Liability)	(580,381,178)	(350,227,275)		

2022

Rs.

Number

4,914,073,222 2022

100

2021

Rs.

2021

Number

1,402,159,958

100

EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE 9.

9.2 Amounts Used as Numerator: Net Profit/(Loss) Attributable to Ordinary Shareholders for Earnings Per Share

> Numbers of Ordinary Shares Used as Denominator: Weighted average Number of Ordinary Shares Applicable to Basic Earnings/(Loss) Per Share

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10. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

10.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT				
10.1	Gross Carrying Amounts	Balance As at 01.01.2022	Additions/ Transfers	Disposals/ Transfers	Balance As at 31.12.2022
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	31.12.2022 Rs.
	Land	44,149,728	_	-	44,149,728
	Land Development	182,130,540	6,336,385	_	188,466,925
	Factory Buildings	244,364,780	-	-	244,364,780
	Buildings Others	231,801,166	44,671,519	-	276,472,685
	Field Machinery and Equipment	579,708,357	128,061,111	(241,485)	707,527,983
	Irrigation and Miscellaneous Equipment	248,829,816	19,346,626	-	268,176,442
	Factory Plant and Equipment	3,140,905,186	187,834,031	-	3,328,739,217
	Other Plant and Machinery Storage Tank	153,158,403	-	-	153,158,403
	Roads and Bridges	63,398,475 111,855,516	-	-	63,398,475 111,855,516
	Laboratory Equipment	49,291,526	-		49,291,526
	Motor Vehicles	208,656,906	29,654,300	(10,139,001)	228,172,205
	Furniture, Fittings and Equipment	195,594,237	28,063,733	-	223,657,970
	Settler Zone Infrastructure	73,193,739	<u> </u>	-	73,193,739
		5,527,038,375	443,967,705	(10,380,486)	5,960,625,594
	Assets on Finance Leases				
	Motor Vehicles	53,645,000	-	-	53,645,000
	New Holland Tractor	-	-	-	-
	Tractors	136,867,000	-		136,867,000
	Cane Loaders	69,552,000	-		69,552,000
	Field Machinery and Equipment	<u> </u>	129,987,000	-	325,774,160
		455,851,160	129,987,000		585,838,160
	In the Course of Construction				
	Land Development	15,855,667	2,955.691	(6,889,937)	11,921,421
	Building - Others	101,692,732	22,277,132	(65,630,299)	58,339,565
	Bio Fertilizer Factory Building	-	309,357,726	-	309,357,726
	Factory Plant and Equipment	30,028,046	78,722,175	(24,073,546)	84,676,675
	Furniture, Fittings and Equipment	-	-		-
	Hotel Project	37,410,797	-	-	37,410,797
	Compost Plant	571.362	1,326,247	-	1,897,609
	Irrigation Project / Tube Well Power Generation Project	5,227,668 2,008,690	13,129,151	(2,387,215)	15,969,604
	Water Treatment Plant	27,375,798	-	(27,375,798)	2,008,690
		220,170,760	427,768,122	(126,356.795)	521,582,087
	In the Course of Construction - On Finance Leases			<u> </u>	
	Factory Plant and Equipment	120,750,000	-	_	120,750,000
		120,750,000	-	_	120,750,000
	Total Gross Carrying Amount	6,323,810,295	1,001,722,827	(136,737,281)	7,188,795,841
10.2	Depreciation	Balance	Charge for	Disposals	Balance
		As at	the year		As at
		01.01.2022			31.12.2022
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	Land Development	81,487,164	3,820,854	~	85,308,018
	Factory Buildings	168,774,969	5,476,710	-	174,251,679
	Buildings Others	141,618,341	4,975,397	-	146,593,738
	Field Machinery and Equipment	466,012,691	11,066,882	(241,485)	476,838.088
	Irrigation and Miscellaneous Equipment Factory Plant and Equipment	245,696,084 2.375,122,690	28,455,045 207,309,078	-	274,151,129
	Other Plant and Machinery	116,661,445	7,663,770	-	2,582,431,768 124,325,215
	Storage Tank	37,613,355	2,967,660	-	40,581,015
	Roads and Bridges	108,730,004	1,557,082	-	110,287,086
	Laboratory Equipment	49,291,526	-	-	49,291,526
	Motor Vehicles	191,413,336	11,196.390	(10,139,001)	192,470,725
	Furniture, Fittings and Equipment	160,172,051	12,435,743	-	172,607,794
	Settler Zone Infrastructure	71,176,021	167.747		71,343,768
		4,213,769,677	297,092,358	(10,380,486)	4.500,481,549
	Assets on Finance Leases				
	Motor Vehicles New Holland Tractor	51,350,333	-	-	51,350,333
	New Holland Tractor Tractors	- 13,591,918	23,964,501	-	- 37,556,419
	Cane Loaders	3,477,600	13.910,400	-	37,338,419 17,388,000
	Field Machinery and Equipment	92,491,152	53,965,048	-	146,456,200
		160,911,003	91,839,949		252,750,952
	Total Depresiation	4 274 600 600	299 022 202	(10.200.10/)	4 752 222 701
	Total Depreciation	4,374,680,680	388,932,307	(10,380,486)	4,753,232,501
		18			

10. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Contd....)

10.3	Net Book Values	2022	2021
		Rs.	Rs.
	Land	44,149,728	44,149,728
	Land Development	103,158,907	114,067,852
	Factory Buildings	70,113,101	70,113,101
	Buildings Others	129,878,947	87,207,003
	Field Machinery and Equipment	230,689,895	164,966,431
	Irrigation and Miscellaneous Equipment	(5,974,687)	11,914,268
	Factory Plant and Equipment	746,307,449	598,684,369
	Other Plant and Machinery	28,833,188	23,106,521
	Storage Tank	22,817,460	22,817,460
	Roads and Bridges	1,568,430	2,266,237
	Laboratory Equipment	-	2.200,257
	Motor Vehicles	35,701,480	26,449,450
	Furniture, Fittings and Equipment	51,050,176	51,648,917
	Settler Zone Infrastructure	1,849,971	1,849,971
		1,460,144,045	1,219,241,308
	Assets on Finance Lease		
	Motor Vehicles	2,294,667	749,834
	New Holland Tractor	-	-
	Mahindra Tractors	99,310,581	245,658,882
		52,164,000	132,148,800
	Field Machinery and Equipment	179,317,960	107,237,681
		333,087,208	485,795,197
	In the Course of Construction		
	Land Development	11,921,421	4,807,101
	Building - Others	58,339,565	177,595,694
	Bio Fertilizer Factory Building	309,357,726	
	Factory Plant and Equipment	84,676,675	35,236,140
	Furniture, Fittings and Equipment	04,070,075	55,250,140
	Hotel Project	37,410,797	37,410,797
	Compost Plant	1,897,609	571.362
	Irrigation Project	15,969,604	7,590,892
	Power Generation Project	2,008,690	2,008,690
	Water Treatment Plant	2,000,070	27,683,786
		521,582,087	292,904,462
			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	In the Course of Construction - On Finance Leases		
	Factory Plant and Equipment	120,750,000	120,750,000
		120,750,000	120,750,000
	Total carrying amount of Property, Plant and Equipment	2,435,563,340	2,118,690,967
10.4	During the financial period, the company acquired Property, Plant and Eq 1,001,722,827 (2021 - Rs.545,289,613/-) for cash.	uipment to the aggreg	ate value of Rs.

10.5 The useful lives of the assets is estimated as follows;

2022	2022
50 Years	50 Years
50 Years	50 Years
50 Years	50 Years
5 - 6.67 Years	5 - 6.67 Years
16.67 Years	16.67 Years
10-20 Years	10-20 Years
5 - 20 Years	5 - 20 Years
20 Years	20 Years
2 - 5 Years	2 - 5 Years
4 - 5 Years	4 - 5 Years
3 - 50 Years	3 - 50 Years
	50 Years 50 Years 50 Years 5 - 6.67 Years 16.67 Years 10-20 Years 5 - 20 Years 20 Years 2 - 5 Years 4 - 5 Years

10 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Contd....)

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10.6 Reference to the letters from the Department of Valuation dated 07 May 2013 and 26 May 2014, Pelwatte and Sevanagala Divisions did receive valuation reports for it's buildings, plant and machinery, agri equipment and motor vehicles. However only the value relating to Plant and Machinery of Sevanagala Division has been incorporated into these financial statements due to several inconsistencies identified by the management in the information contained in such reports.

Whilst the provisions of the Revival of Underperforming Enterprises or Underutilised Assets Act No.43 of 2011 relate only to the transfer of immovable assets to the resepctive divisions, Pelwatte and Sevanagala Divisions in substance continues to use the assets transferred from the previous owners. However, in accounting for the assets aquired prior to the Act, the Property, Plant and Equipment of Pelwatte Division includes the continuing book balances of previous owners to their books on which depreciation rates have applied, whilst the Property, Plant and Equipment of Sevanagala Division only contains the value of Plant and Machinery based on the valuations carried out.

The value of those revalued amounts which have not been incorporated to these financial statements are as follows.

		Pelwatte Division Rs.	Sevanagala Division Rs.
	Buildings	766,250,000	3,757,500,000
	Plant and Machinery	1,399,000,000	769,500,000
	Motor Vehicles	390,600,000	-
	Agri Equipment	72,000,000	330,700,000
11.	INVENTORIES	2022 Rs.	2021 Rs.
	Produced Inventory (11.1)	2,486,004.294	1,146,616,820
	Other Inventory (11.2)	2,475,310,642	1,469,071.991
		4,961,314,936	2,615,688,811
11.1	Produced Inventory		
	Sugar	925,505,450	721,031,520
	Molasses	1,280,106,810	174,643,989
	ENA	280,392,034	250,941,311
		2,486,004,294	1,146,616,820
11.2	Other Inventory		
	Fuel and Lubricants	314,934,083	59,940,358
	Factory Chemicals	28,658,819	10,112,160
	Production Items Distillery	10,017,404	2,196,948
	Bags and Liners	108,064,233	11,445,340
	Fertilizers	561,644,514	410,897,759
	General Antimutum Straum	89,261,493	36,392,873
	Agriculture Spares	253,043,731	249,366,506
	Stationery Factory Spares	6,772,941	2,059,661
	Other Inventory	719,786,068	535,823,616
	Tires and Tubes	4,831,870 140,034,903	102 246 449
	Other Inventory		102,346,448 1,275,000
	She hively	2.237,050,059	1,421,856,669
	Less: Provision for Obsolete Stocks	(9,251,437)	(9,251,437)
		2,227,798,622	1,412,605,232
	Goods-in-Transit	247,512,020	56,466,759
		2,475,310,642	1,469,071,991
12.	BIOLOGICAL ASSETS	2022	2021
		Rs.	Rs.
	Standing Cane	890,667,065	789,488,289
		890,667.065	789,488,289
13.	TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	2022	2021
15.	TRADE AND OTTER RECEIVABLES	2022 Rs.	2021 Rs.
	Trade Receivables	2.240.250	1 220 455
	Other Receivables	3,340,350	1,230,455
	Staff Loans (13.1)	363,123,083 245,308,243	248,518,213 28,759,442
		611,771,676	278,508,110
13.1	Staff Loans		270,000,110
1	Balance at the beginning of the year	28,759,443	31,277,011
	Loans granted during the year	357,617,054	82,154,794
	Repayments made during the year	(142,046,254)	(84,672,363)
	Balance at the end of the year	244,330,243	28,759,442

22. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

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Capital Expenditure Commitments

As per the provisions of the Act of Revival of Underperforming Enterprises and Underutilized Assets No.43 of 2011. Government has acquired the immovable assets of Sevanagala Sugar Industries as at 11 November 2011. Previous Management has filed a case against this acquisition. Reference to above stated act, the liabilities should be settled through Labor Tribunal.

At the end of year 2022, Pelwatte Division had 19 legal cases filed by the employees and out side parties against the company and a provision of Rs. 8,500,000 has been made in the financial statements for contingent liability. Sevanagala Division had 07 legal cases in various courts, that were filed by the employees and out side parties against the company. However the Company is unable to confirm any contingency payment that require adjustments or disclosures in the Financial Statements.

			Rs.	
23.	Assets Pledged Fixed Deposits	Overdraft facility of A/C No 73947899 Bank Of Ceylon	679,096,672	Investment
	Fixed Deposits	Overdraft facility of A/C No 75751012 Bank Of Ceylon	469,701,178	Investment
	Fixed Deposits	Fertilizer Project of A/C No 73927950 Bank Of Ceylon	477,863,014	
	Fixed Deposits	Term Loan - NDB Bank	55,000,000	Investment
	Fixed Deposits	Term Loan - Bank of Ceylon	30,000,000	Investment
	Fixed Deposits	Permanent Overdraft -Peoples Bank	200,000,000	Investment

24. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

There have been no material events occurring after the reporting date that require adjustments or disclosure in the Financial Statements.

25. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

25.1	Amounts due from Related Parties	2022 Rs.	2021 Rs.
	Receivable from Kanthale Sugar Industries	8,831,204	8,831,204
	Receivable from Hingurana Sugar Industries	548,134	548,134
	Ministry Of Sugar Industry Receivable	3,453,231	3,453,231
	SSP Project - Badulla	6,665,725	6,665,725
		19,498,293	19,498,293
	Provision for Bad Debts	(19,498,293)	(19,498,293)
		-	-

25.2 Transactions with Key Management Personnel of the Company

The key management personnel of the Company are the members of its Board of Directors.

Key Management Personnel Compensation	2022 Rs.	2021 Rs.
Directors Fee	820,000	857,500

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2022

28. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

No any circumstances have arisen since the reporting date, which would require adjustments to or disclosure in the Financial Statements.

29 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE

Related Parties of Lanka Sugar Company (Private) Limited are Ministry of Plantation Industries, General Treasury of Sri Lanka and the Board of Directors. There are no transactions with aforesaid related parties in the reporting financial year, except for the directors' emoluments and fee which already have been declared in the note 25 to this Financial Statements

29 Transactions with Key Management Personnel

29.1. Loans to Directors

No loans have been given to the Directors of the Company.

29.1. Other Transactions With Key Management Personnel

There are no other transanctions with the related parties during the reporting financial period.

30. PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

There were no contingent liabilities and assets reported during the financial year ended 31.12.2022 except those mentioned under Note No 22 to the Financial Statement.

31. AGRICLUTURE

Biological Assets are stated at fair value and shown under current-assets since they realize within a period of one year and is given in the note 12 to this Financial Statements.

Í	Lanka Sugar Company (Private) Limited		
	DETAILED COST AND EXPENDITURE STATEMEN	IT	
_ }	Ycar ended 31 December 2022		
a			
- U	STATEMENT X (Contd)		
ĺ		2022	2021
,	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES - SEVANAGALA	Rs.	Rs.
1	Land Preparation	28,124	1,371,210
T	Planting	8,934,855	4,280,189
	Salary & Wages	396,623,336	317,292,438
~ sj	Overtime	96,937,866	83,340,421
on	E.P.F.	30,360,727	25,735,932
I	E.T.F.	7,295,912	6,156,917
	Bonus	24,406,244	35,237,388
iv	Farmers Incentives	233,895,151	191,283,021
	Cashier Allowance	172,650	138,400
	Traveling & Subsistence	3,671,873	1,832,299
l	Holiday Payment	4,388,824	4,540,989
ner	Petrol, Diesel & Lubricants	154,918,998	50,734,768
}	Tyres & Tubes	7,918,498	2,764,605
	Stationery	5,482,501	4,265,650
° 11	License	1,621,906	2,187,875
iSe	Postage & Courer Charges	224,487	213,505
	Telephone Charges	3,588,214	4,080,288
1	Books & Periodicals	1,292,493	896,529
	Bank Charges	360,806	293,930
)	Legal Expenses	1,062,500	1,335,700
	Repairs to Office Equipment	355,700	10,150
7	Education & Training	2,680,740	466,870
	Medical Facilities	53,817,828	50,201,057
	Staff Incentives	200,654,833	90,697,875
1	Welfare & Sports	11,436,261	11,884,419
g	Repair & Maintenance - Motor Vehicles	12,568,480	6,733,999
1	Repair & Maintenance - Buildings	49,402,036	649.486
	Other Spares & Maintenance	94,113,617	54,729,461
α	Electricity	12,113,098	10,319,044
in	Other Allowances	16,358,572	10,965,075
	Meal Expenses	15,267,823	3,848,563
en/	Guest House Expenses	182,298 616,142	2,077,530 97,888
x	Computer Expenses Donations	1,600,631	97,888 1,866,749
4	Transport & Hiring Charges	8,450,101	2,974,557
,	Water Rates	10,972,356	8,230,215
	Audit Fees	350,000	346,800
ł	Depreciation	78,306,583	42,061,551
	Other Expenses	413,168	1,436,344
	Gratuity	28,914,809	8,269,762
)	Security Charges	16,500	47,000
	Rent & Rates	10,000	10,000
,	Insurance	6,110,406	3,792,676
1	Verification Expenses	741,760	672,467
	Cess Tax	1,262,810	1,779,605
	Penalties and Surcharges	147,351	5,400
Į.	Road Renovation Expenses	5,556,572	8,324,140
1	Ceremonial Expenses	710,477	1,217,720
,	Consultancy Charges	2,527,300	2,307,275
1	Farmers Welfare	60,887,376	180,895
	Vehicle & Fuel Allowance	10,045,080	5,135,000
ł	Bad debts	-	11,664,393
	Provision for Doubtful Advances	7,501,296	-
1	Yield Target Allowance	-	1,548,750
l.		1,677,277,969	1,082,534,770

Lanka Sugar Company (Private) Limited DETAILED COST AND EXPENDITURE STATEMENT

Year ended 31 December 2022

STATEMENT X (Contd....)

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES - HEAD OFFICE Rs. Rs. Salaries & Wages 32,860,661 28,634,475 EPF Contribution 1.685,537 1.502,078 ETF Contribution 414,634 375,519 Over Time 561,832 371,878 Bonus & Incentive 1,021,975 4,155,594 Gratuity 160,419 160,419 Bata & Subsistances 209,795 76,300 Sick leave payment 199,0005 - Staff Training 440,500 - Traveling & Incidental 383,648 963,710 Amortization of Intangible Asst - 39,000 Cleaning Expenses 445,768 392,142 Deprectation 70,5021 948,823 Director Fee 820,000 87,500 Electricity 480,199 319,355 Fuel Expenses 2,654,452 1.665,471 Unick Repairs & Maintenance 2,604,453 1.665,471 Instrance 1,285,351 591,112 Nuternet and Email 0,600		2022	2021
EPF Contribution 1.658.537 1.502.078 ETF Contribution 414.634 375.519 Over Time 56.1832 371.878 Bonus & Incentive 1.021.975 4.155.594 Gratuly 160.419 160.419 Bata & Subsistances 209.795 76.300 Sick leave payment 199.005 - Amorization of Intangible Asst - 39.000 Cleaning Expenses 445.768 392.142 Depreciation 705.021 948.524 Director Fee 820.000 887.500 Electricity 480.199 319.535 Fuel Expenses 5.679.403 2.539.797 Vehick Repairs & Maintenance 2.059.452 1.665.847 Internet and Email 8.000 6.000 Office Maintenance 38.540 2.700 Postage. Printing & Stationery 1.28.189 91.192 Rates 176.507 174.328 Med Expenses 1.065.800 944.200 Orestage. Printing & Stationery 2.666.970	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES - HEAD OFFICE	Rs.	Rs.
ETF Contribution 414,614 375,519 Over Time 561,832 371,878 Borus & Incentive 1,021,975 4,155,594 Gratuity 160,419 160,419 Bata & Subsistances 209,705 76,300 Sick leave payment 199,005 - Strutt Training 440,500 - Traveling & Incidental 383,648 963,710 Amortization of Intangibe Asst - 39,000 Cleaning Expenses 445,768 392,142 Depreciation of Intangibe Asst - 39,000 Electricity 480,199 319,535 Fuel Expenses 5,679,493 2,539,797 Vehick Repairs & Maintenance 2,610,631 2,181,089 Instrunce 2,699,452 1,665,847 Intermst and Email 8,000 6,000 Office Maintenance 2,239,797 726,50 Reacs 1,76,507 174,328 Meal Expenses 36,6712 113,989 Refreshments - Other - 4,690 Repairs and Maintenance 22,229 727,250 </td <td>Salaries & Wages</td> <td>32,860,661</td> <td>28,634,475</td>	Salaries & Wages	32,860,661	28,634,475
Over Time 561,822 371,878 Bonus & Incentive 1,021,975 4,155,594 Gratuity 160,419 160,419 Bata & Subsistances 209,795 76,300 Sick leave payment 1990,005 - Staff Training 4405,000 - Traveling & Incidental 383,648 963,710 Amortization of Intangible Asst - 39,000 Cleaning Expenses 445,768 392,142 Depreciation 705,021 948,524 Director Fee 820,000 857,500 Electricity 480,199 319,535 Fuel Expenses 5,679,493 2,539,797 Vehicle Repairs & Maintenance 2,610,631 2,181,989 Insurance 2,059,452 1,665,847 Internet and Email 8,000 6,000 Office Maintenance 3,2400 2,700 Postage, Printing & Stationery 1,285,351 591,112 Rates 170,507 174,328 Meal Expenses 10,65,800 944,200	EPF Contribution	1,658,537	1,502,078
Bonus & Incentive 1,021,975 4,155,594 Gratuity 160,419 160,419 Bata & Subsistances 209,795 76,300 Sick leave payment 199,005 - Traveling & Incidental 38,648 963,710 Antorization of Intangible Asst - 39,000 Cleaning Expenses 445,768 392,142 Depreciation 705,021 948,524 Director Fee 820,000 857,500 Electricity 480,199 319,535 Fuel Expenses 2,610,631 2,181,989 Insurance 2,059,452 1,665,847 Internet and Email 8,000 6,000 Office Maintenance 35,400 2,209 Postage. Printing & Stationery 1,285,351 591,192 Rates 176,507 174,328 Mcal Expenses 36,6712 113,989 Refreshments - Other - 4,690 Cleapins and Maintenance 822,297 772,650 Security Expenses 1,65,577 83,689 </td <td>ETF Contribution</td> <td>414,634</td> <td>375,519</td>	ETF Contribution	414,634	375,519
Gratuity 160.419 160.419 Bata & Subsistances 209.795 76,300 Sick leave payment 199.005 - Staff Training 440,500 - Traveling & Incidental 38,648 963,710 Amortization of Intangible Asst - 39,000 Cleaning Expenses 445,768 392,142 Depreciation 705,021 948,824 Director Fce 820,000 857,500 Electricity 480,199 319,535 Fuel Expenses 5,679,493 2,389,797 Vchick Repairs & Maintenance 2,059,452 1,665,847 Insurance 2,059,452 1,665,847 Insurance 35,400 2,700 Postage, Printing & Stationery 1,283,351 591,192 Rates 176,507 174,328 Meal Expenses 1,065,800 944,200 Telephone Expenses 1,065,800 944,200 Telephone Expenses 1,065,807 3,090,000 Denation 52,000 25,000	Over Time	561,832	371,878
Bata & Subsistances 209,795 76,300 Sick leave payment 199,005 - Staff Training 440,500 - Traveling & Incidental 383,648 963,710 Amortization of Intangible Asst - 39,000 Cleaning Expenses 445,768 392,142 Depreciation 705,021 948,524 Director Fee 820,000 857,500 Electricity 4480,199 310,535 Fuel Expenses 5,679,403 2,530,797 Vehicle Repairs & Maintenance 2,010,631 2,181,989 Instrance 2,059,452 1,665,847 Internet and Email 8,000 6,000 Office Maintenance 35,400 2,700 Postage, Printing & Stationery 1,285,351 591,192 Rates 166,517 174,328 Meal Expenses 366,712 113,989 Refreshments - Other - 4690 Refreshments - Other 1,065,587 83,680 Consultancy Fee 2,606,970 <td< td=""><td>Bonus & Incentive</td><td>1,021,975</td><td>4,155,594</td></td<>	Bonus & Incentive	1,021,975	4,155,594
Sick leave payment 199,005 Staff Training 440,500 Traveling & Incidental 383,648 963,710 Amortization of Intangible Asst 39,000 Cleaning Expenses 445,768 392,142 Depreciation 705,021 948,524 Director Fee 820,000 857,500 Electricity 480,199 319,535 Fuel Expenses 5,679,493 2,530,797 Vehicle Repairs & Maintenance 2,059,452 1,665,847 Internet and Email 8,000 6,000 Office Maintenance 2,059,452 1,665,847 Internet and Email 8,000 6,000 Office Maintenance 2,259,452 1,665,847 Internet and Email 8,000 6,000 Office Maintenance 8,22,07 177,2,50 Retar 176,507 174,328 Meal Expenses 1,065,800 944,200 Telephone Expenses 1,065,800 944,200 Security Expenses 1,065,90	Gratuity	160,419	160,419
Staff Training 440,500 Traveling & Incidental 383,648 963,710 Amoritzation of Intangible Asst - 39,000 Cleaning Expenses 445,768 392,142 Depreciation 705,021 948,524 Director Fee 820,000 857,500 Electricity 480,199 319,535 Fuel Expenses 5,679,493 2,539,797 Vehicle Repairs & Maintenance 2,059,452 1,665,847 Internet and Email 8,000 6,000 Office Maintenance 35,400 2,700 Postage, Printing & Stationery 1,285,351 591,192 Rates 176,507 174,328 Meal Expenses 366,712 113,989 Refershments - Other - 4,690 Security Expenses 1065,800 944,200 Telephone Expenses 166,577 83,689 Consultance Fee 2,696,970 300,000 Donation 52,000 25,000 Entertainments 236,739 16,771 <	Bata & Subsistances	209,795	76,300
Traveling & Incidental 383.648 963.710 Amorization of Intangible Asst - 39.000 Cleaning Expenses 445.768 392.142 Depreciation 705.021 948.524 Director Fee 820.000 857.500 Electricity 480.199 319.535 Fuel Expenses 5.679.493 2.539.797 Vchick Repairs & Maintenance 2.016.031 2.181.989 Insurance 2.059.452 1.665.847 Internet and Email 8.000 6.000 Office Maintenance 35.400 2.700 Postage, Printing & Stationery 1.285.351 591.192 Rates 176.507 174.328 Meal Expenses 366.712 113.989 Refreshments - Other - 4.690 Repairs and Maintenance 822.297 772.650 Security Expenses 1.065.800 944.200 Telephone Expenses 1.065.800 944.200 Consultancy Fee 2.696.970 3.090.000 Donation 52.000 25.000 Entertainments 2.66,739 16.7	Sick leave payment	199.005	-
Amorization of Intangible Asst - 39,000 Cleaning Expenses 445,768 392,142 Depreciation 705,021 948,524 Director Fee 820,000 857,500 Electricity 480,199 319,535 Fuel Expenses 5,679,493 2,539,797 Vehicle Repairs & Maintenance 2,010,631 2,181,989 Insurance 2,059,452 1,665,847 Internet and Email 8,000 6,000 Office Maintenance 35,400 2,700 Postage, Printing & Stationery 1,285,351 591,192 Rates 176,507 174,328 Meal Expenses 366,712 113,989 Refreshments - Other - 4,690 Repairs and Maintenance 822,297 772,650 Security Expenses 1,065,800 944,200 Telephone Expenses 1,065,800 944,200 Donation 52,000 25,000 Donation 52,000 25,000 Entertainments 1236,739 16,771 Legal Fee 175,000 333,580 <tr< td=""><td>Staff Training</td><td>440,500</td><td>-</td></tr<>	Staff Training	440,500	-
Cleaning Expenses 445,768 392,142 Derectation 705,021 948,524 Director Fee 820,000 857,500 Electricity 4480,199 319,535 Fuel Expenses 5,679,493 2,539,797 Vehick Repairs & Maintenance 2,059,452 1,665,847 Insurance 2,059,452 1,665,847 Internet and Email 8,000 6,000 Office Maintenance 35,400 2,700 Postage, Printing & Stationery 1,285,331 591,192 Rates 176,507 174,328 Meal Expenses 366,712 113,989 Refreshments - Other - 4,690 Repairs and Maintenance 82,2297 772,650 Security Expenses 1,065,800 944,200 Telephone Expenses 1,065,807 3,090,000 Donation 52,000 25,000 Entertainments 236,739 16,771 Legal Fee 175,000 333,580 Licence & Rgistration Fee 142,922 74,40	Traveling & Incidental	383,648	963,710
Depreciation 705.021 948.524 Director Fee 820,000 857,500 Electricity 480,199 319,535 Fuel Expenses 5,679,493 2,539,797 Vehicle Repairs & Maintenance 2,610,631 2,181,989 Insurance 2,059,452 1,665,847 Internet and Email 8,000 6,000 Office Maintenance 35,400 2,700 Postage. Printing & Stationery 1,285,351 591,192 Rates 176,507 174,328 Mcal Expenses 366,712 113,989 Refreshments - Other - 4,690 Repairs and Maintenance 822,297 772,650 Security Expenses 1,065,870 39,090,000 Security Expenses 1,084,225 985,662 Water Supply Expenses 156,557 83,689 Consultancy Fee 2,696,970 3,090,000 Donation 52,000 25,000 Entertainments 236,739 16,771 Legal Fee 175,000 333,580	Amortization of Intangible Asst	-	39,000
Depreciation 705,021 948,524 Director Fee 820,000 857,500 Electricity 480,199 319,535 Fuel Expenses 5,679,493 2,530,797 Vehicle Repairs & Maintenance 2,610,631 2,181,989 Insurance 2,059,452 1,665,847 Internet and Email 8,000 6,000 Office Maintenance 35,400 2,700 Postage, Printing & Stationery 1,285,351 591,102 Rates 176,507 174,328 Meal Expenses 366,712 113,989 Refreshments - Other - 4,690 Repairs and Maintenance 822,297 772,650 Security Expenses 1,065,800 944,200 Telephone Expenses 1,084,225 985,662 Water Supply Expenses 156,557 83,689 Consultancy Fee 2,696,970 3,090,000 Donation 52,000 25,000 Entertainments 236,739 16,771 Legal Fee 175,000 333,580 </td <td>Cleaning Expenses</td> <td>445,768</td> <td>392,142</td>	Cleaning Expenses	445,768	392,142
Director Fee 820,000 857,500 Electricity 480,199 319,535 Fuel Expenses 5,679,493 2,539,797 Vehick Repairs & Maintenance 2,059,452 1,665,847 Internet and Email 8,000 6,000 Office Maintenance 35,400 2,700 Postage, Printing & Stationery 1,285,351 591,192 Rates 176,507 174,328 Meal Expenses 366,712 113,989 Refreshments - Other - 4,690 Repairs and Maintenance 822,297 772,650 Security Expenses 1,065,800 944,200 Telephone Expenses 1,065,800 944,200 Telephone Expenses 1,065,800 944,200 Consultancy Fee 2,696,970 3,009,000 Donation 52,000 25,000 Entertainments 236,739 16,771 Legal Fee 175,000 333,580 Licence & Rgistration Fee 442,922 74,402 Miscellaneous 101,548 <t< td=""><td>Depreciation</td><td>705,021</td><td></td></t<>	Depreciation	705,021	
Fuel Expenses 5,679,493 2,539,797 Vehicle Repairs & Maintenance 2,610,631 2,181,989 Insurance 2,059,452 1,665,847 Internet and Email 8,000 6,000 Office Maintenance 35,400 2,700 Postage, Printing & Stationery 12,85,351 591,192 Rates 176,507 174,328 Meal Expenses 366,712 113,989 Refreshments - Other - 4,690 Repairs and Maintenance 822,297 772,650 Security Expenses 1,065,800 944,200 Telephone Expenses 1,065,800 944,200 Telephone Expenses 1,065,577 83,689 Consultancy Fee 2,696,970 3,090,000 Donation 52,000 25,000 Eicence & Rgistration Fee 142,922 74,402 Miscellaneous 101,548 78,215 Office Rent 336,792 360,007 Professional Charges 195,992 607,959 Secretary fee 197,889	Director Fee	820,000	857,500
Vehicle Repairs & Maintenance 2.610.631 2.181,989 Insurance 2.059,452 1.665,847 Internet and Email 8.000 6.000 Office Maintenance 35,400 2.700 Postage. Printing & Stationery 1.285,351 591,192 Rates 176,507 174,328 Meal Expenses 366,712 113,989 Refreshments - Other - 4,690 Repairs and Maintenance 822,297 772,650 Security Expenses 1.065,800 944,200 Telephone Expenses 1.064,225 985,662 Water Supply Expenses 156,557 83,689 Consultancy Fee 2.696,970 3.090,000 Donation 52,000 25,000 Eiterteniments 236,739 16,771 Legal Fee 175,000 333,580 Licence & Rigistration Fee 142,922 74,402 Miscellaneous 101,548 78,215 Office Rent 336,792 360,007 Professional Charges 195,992	Electricity	480,199	319,535
Insurance 2,059,452 1,665,847 Internet and Email 8,000 6,000 Office Maintenance 35,400 2,700 Postage, Printing & Stationery 1,285,351 591,102 Rates 176,507 174,328 Meal Expenses 366,712 113,989 Refreshments - Other - 4,660 Repairs and Maintenance 822,297 772,650 Security Expenses 1,065,800 944,200 Telephone Expenses 1,065,800 944,200 Telephone Expenses 1,065,800 944,200 Donation 52,000 25,000 Donation 52,000 25,000 Entertainments 236,739 16,771 Legal Fee 175,000 333,580 Licence & Rgistration Fee 142,922 74,402 Miscellaneous 101,548 78,215 Office Rent 336,729 360,007 Professional Charges 195,992 607,959 Secretary fee 197,889 210,071	Fuel Expenses	5,679,493	2,539,797
Insurance 2,059,452 1,665,847 Internet and Email 8,000 6,000 Office Maintenance 35,400 2,700 Postage, Printing & Stationery 1,285,351 591,192 Rates 176,507 174,328 Meal Expenses 366,712 113,989 Refreshments - Other - 4,690 Repairs and Maintenance 822,297 772,650 Security Expenses 1,065,800 944,200 Telephone Expenses 1,065,800 944,200 Telephone Expenses 1,065,800 944,200 Onsultancy Fee 2,696,970 3,090,000 Donation 52,000 25,000 Entertainments 236,739 16,771 Legal Fee 175,000 333,580 Licence & Rgistration Fee 142,922 74,402 Miscellaneous 101,548 78,215 Office Rent 336,792 360,007 Professional Charges 195,992 667,959 Secretary fee 197,889 210,071	Vehicle Repairs & Maintenance	2,610,631	2,181,989
Office Maintenance 35,400 2,700 Postage, Printing & Stationery 1,285,351 591,192 Rates 176,507 174,328 Meal Expenses 366,712 113,989 Refreshments - Other - 4,690 Repairs and Maintenance 822,297 772,650 Security Expenses 1,065,800 944,200 Telephone Expenses 1,084,225 985,662 Water Supply Expenses 156,557 83,689 Consultancy Fee 2,696,970 3,090,000 Donation 52,000 25,000 Entertainments 236,739 16,771 Legal Fee 175,000 333,580 Licence & Rgistration Fee 142,922 74,402 Miscellaneous 101,548 78,215 Office Rent 336,792 360,007 Professional Charges 195,992 607,959 Secretary fee 197,889 216,046 132,818 Tender Fee 8,067,000 5,325,750 Bank Charges 20,560 16,800 <td>Insurance</td> <td>2,059,452</td> <td></td>	Insurance	2,059,452	
Postage, Printing & Stationery 1.285.351 591.102 Rates 176.507 174.328 Meal Expenses 366,712 113,989 Refreshments - Other - 4,690 Repairs and Maintenance 822,297 772,650 Security Expenses 1.065,800 944,200 Telephone Expenses 1.084,225 985,662 Water Supply Expenses 156,557 83,689 Consultancy Fee 2.696,970 3.090,000 Donation 52,000 25,000 Entertainments 236,739 16,771 Legal Fee 175,000 333,580 Licence & Rgistration Fee 142,922 74,402 Miscellaneous 101,548 78,215 Office Rent 336,792 360,007 Professional Charges 195,992 607,959 Secretary fee 197,889 210,071 Tea Expenses 216,046 132,818 Tender Fee 8,067,000 5,325,750 Bank Charges 20,560 16,800 <td>Internet and Email</td> <td>8,000</td> <td></td>	Internet and Email	8,000	
Rates 176,507 174,328 Meal Expenses 366,712 113,989 Refreshments - Other - 4,690 Repairs and Maintenance 822,297 772,650 Security Expenses 1,065,800 944,200 Telephone Expenses 1,084,225 985,662 Water Supply Expenses 156,557 83,689 Consultancy Fee 2,696,970 3,090,000 Donation 52,000 25,000 Entertainments 236,739 16,771 Legal Fee 175,000 333,580 Licence & Rgistration Fee 142,922 74,402 Miscellaneous 101,548 78,215 Office Rent 336,792 360,007 Professional Charges 195,992 607,959 Secretary fee 197,889 210,071 Tea Expenses 216,046 132,818 Tender Fee 8,067,000 5,325,750 Bank Charges 20,560 16,800	Office Maintenance	35,400	2,700
Rates 176,507 174,328 Meal Expenses 366,712 113,989 Refreshments - Other - 4,690 Repairs and Maintenance 822,297 772,650 Security Expenses 1,065,800 944,200 Telephone Expenses 1,084,225 985,662 Water Supply Expenses 156,557 83,689 Consultancy Fee 2,696,970 3,090,000 Donation 52,000 25,000 Entertainments 236,739 16,771 Legal Fee 175,000 333,580 Licence & Rgistration Fee 142,922 74,402 Miscellaneous 101,548 78,215 Office Rent 336,792 360,007 Professional Charges 195,992 607,959 Secretary fee 197,889 210,071 Tea Expenses 216,046 132,818 Tender Fee 8,067,000 5,325,750 Bank Charges 20,560 16,800	Postage, Printing & Stationery	1,285,351	
Refreshments - Other - 4,690 Repairs and Maintenance 822,297 772,650 Security Expenses 1,065,800 944,200 Tclephone Expenses 1,084,225 985,662 Water Supply Expenses 156,557 83,689 Consultancy Fee 2,696,970 3,090,000 Donation 52,000 25,000 Entertainments 236,739 16,771 Legal Fee 175,000 333,580 Licence & Rgistration Fee 142,922 74,402 Miscellaneous 101,548 78,215 Office Rent 336,792 360,007 Professional Charges 195,992 607,959 Secretary fee 197,889 210,071 Tea Expenses 216,046 132,818 Tender Fee 8,067,000 5,325,750 Bank Charges 20,560 16,800		176,507	174,328
Refreshments - Other - 4,690 Repairs and Maintenance 822,297 772,650 Security Expenses 1,065,800 944,200 Telephone Expenses 1,084,225 985,662 Water Supply Expenses 156,557 83,689 Consultancy Fee 2,696,970 3,090,000 Donation 52,000 25,000 Entertainments 236,739 16,771 Legal Fee 175,000 333,580 Licence & Rgistration Fee 142,922 74,402 Miscellaneous 101,548 78,215 Office Rent 336,792 360,007 Professional Charges 195,992 607,959 Secretary fee 197,889 210,071 Tea Expenses 216,046 132,818 Tender Fee 8,067,000 5,325,750 Bank Charges 20,560 16,800	Meal Expenses	366,712	113,989
Security Expenses 1,065,800 944,200 Telephone Expenses 1,084,225 985,662 Water Supply Expenses 156,557 83,689 Consultancy Fee 2,696,970 3,090,000 Donation 52,000 25,000 Entertainments 236,739 16,771 Legal Fee 175,000 333,580 Licence & Rgistration Fee 142,922 74,402 Miscellaneous 101,548 78,215 Office Rent 336,792 360,007 Professional Charges 195,992 607,959 Secretary fee 197,889 210,071 Tea Expenses 216,046 132,818 Tender Fee 8,067,000 5,325,750 Bank Charges 20,560 16,800 <td>Refreshments - Other</td> <td>-</td> <td></td>	Refreshments - Other	-	
Telephone Expenses1.084.225985.662Water Supply Expenses156,55783,689Consultancy Fee2,696,9703.090,000Donation52,00025,000Entertainments236,73916,771Legal Fee175.000333,580Licence & Rgistration Fee142,92274,402Miscellaneous101,54878,215Office Rent336,792360,007Professional Charges195,992607,959Secretary fee197,889210,071Tea Expenses216,046132,818Tender Fee8,067,0005,325,750Bank Charges20,56016,800	Repairs and Maintenance	822,297	772,650
Telephone Expenses1,084,225985,662Water Supply Expenses156,55783,689Consultancy Fee2,696,9703.090,000Donation52,00025,000Entertainments236,73916,771Legal Fee175,000333,580Licence & Rgistration Fee142,92274,402Miscellaneous101,54878,215Office Rent336,792360,007Professional Charges195,992607,959Secretary fee197,889210,071Tea Expenses216,046132,818Tender Fee8,067,0005,325,750Bank Charges20,56016,800	Security Expenses	1,065,800	
Consultancy Fee2,696,9703,090,000Donation52,00025,000Entertainments236,73916,771Legal Fee175,000333,580Licence & Rgistration Fee142,92274,402Miscellaneous101,54878,215Office Rent336,792360,007Professional Charges195,992607,959Secretary fee197,889210,071Tea Expenses216,046132,818Tender Fee8,067,0005,325,750Bank Charges20,56016,800	Telephone Expenses	1,084,225	
Donation52,00025,000Entertainments236,73916.771Legal Fee175,000333,580Licence & Rgistration Fee142,92274,402Miscellaneous101,54878,215Office Rent336,792360,007Professional Charges195,992607,959Secretary fee197,889210,071Tea Expenses216,046132,818Tender Fee8,067,0005,325,750Bank Charges20,56016,800	Water Supply Expenses	156,557	83,689
Entertainments236,73916,771Legal Fee175,000333,580Licence & Rgistration Fee142,92274,402Miscellaneous101,54878,215Office Rent336,792360,007Professional Charges195,992607,959Secretary fee197,889210,071Tea Expenses216,046132,818Tender Fee8,067,0005,325,750Bank Charges20,56016,800	Consultancy Fee	2,696,970	3.090,000
Legal Fee 175,000 333,580 Licence & Rgistration Fee 142,922 74,402 Miscellaneous 101,548 78,215 Office Rent 336,792 360,007 Professional Charges 195,992 607,959 Secretary fee 197,889 210,071 Tea Expenses 216,046 132,818 Tender Fee 8,067,000 5,325,750 Bank Charges 20,560 16,800	Donation	52,000	25,000
Licence & Rgistration Fee 142,922 74,402 Miscellaneous 101,548 78,215 Office Rent 336,792 360,007 Professional Charges 195,992 607,959 Secretary fee 197,889 210,071 Tea Expenses 216,046 132,818 Tender Fee 8,067,000 5,325,750 Bank Charges 20,560 16,800	Entertainments	236,739	16,771
Miscellaneous 101,548 78,215 Office Rent 336,792 360,007 Professional Charges 195,992 607,959 Secretary fee 197,889 210,071 Tea Expenses 216,046 132,818 Tender Fee 8,067,000 5,325,750 Bank Charges 20,560 16,800	Legal Fee	175,000	333,580
Office Rent 336,792 360,007 Professional Charges 195,992 607,959 Secretary fee 197,889 210,071 Tea Expenses 216,046 132,818 Tender Fee 8,067,000 5,325,750 Bank Charges 20,560 16,800	Licence & Rgistration Fee	142,922	74,402
Professional Charges 195,992 607,959 Secretary fee 197,889 210.071 Tea Expenses 216,046 132,818 Tender Fee 8,067,000 5,325,750 Bank Charges 20,560 16,800	Miscellaneous	101,548	78,215
Secretary fee197,889210,071Tea Expenses216,046132,818Tender Fee8,067,0005,325,750Bank Charges20,56016,800	Office Rent	336,792	360,007
Tea Expenses 216,046 132,818 Tender Fee 8,067,000 5,325,750 Bank Charges 20,560 16,800	Professional Charges	195,992	607,959
Tender Fee 8.067,000 5.325,750 Bank Charges 20,560 16,800	Secretary fee	197,889	210,071
Bank Charges 20,560 16,800	Tea Expenses	216,046	132,818
	Tender Fee	8,067,000	
	Bank Charges	20,560	16,800