

# ජාතික විගණන කාර්යාලය

# தேசிய கணக்காய்வு அலுவலகம் NATIONAL AUDIT OFFICE



මගේ අංකය ශෝකු මුන. My No. මබේ ආකය உ**மது இல.** ටීඒසී/ඩී/එස්ටීසී/එෆ්ඒ/2023/24/17 Your No. දිනය නිෂනි Date

∫ <sub>2024</sub> ඔක්තෝබර් **3** ⊂ දින

සභාපති,

සි/ස ශුී ලංකා රජයේ වාණිජ විවිධ නීතිගත සංස්ථාව

සි/ස ශුී ලංකා රජයේ වාණිජ විවිධ නීතිගත සංස්ථාවේ 2024 මාර්තු 31 දිනෙන් අවසන් වර්ෂය සඳහා වූ මූලා පුකාශන සහ වෙනත් නෛතික හා නියාමන අවශාතා පිළිබඳව 2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 12 වන වගන්තිය පුකාරව විගණකාධිපති වාර්තාව

1. මූලා පුකාශන

# 1.1 තත්ත්වාගණනය කළ මතය

සි/ස ශුී ලංකා රජයේ වාණිජ විවිධ නීතිගත සංස්ථාවේ ("සමාගමේ") 2024 මාර්තු 31 දිනට මූලා තත්ත්ව පුකාශනය සහ එදිනෙන් අවසන් වර්ෂය සදහා වූ විස්තීර්ණ ආදායම පුකාශනය, හිමිකම් වෙනස්වීමේ පුකාශනය සහ එදිනෙන් අවසන් වර්ෂය සදහා මූදල් පුවාහ පුකාශනය සහ ප්රමාණාත්මක ගිණුම්කරණ පුතිපත්තිවලට අදාළ තොරතුරු ද ඇතුලත් මූලා පුකාශනවලට අදාළ සටහන්වලින් සමන්විත 2024 මාර්තු 31 දිනෙන් අවසන් වර්ෂය සදහා වූ මූලා පුකාශන, ශුී ලංකා පුජාතාන්තික සමාජවාදී ජනරජයේ ආණ්ඩුකුම වාවස්ථාවේ 154(1) වාවස්ථාව සමහ සංයෝජිතව කියවිය යුතු 2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ විධිවිධාන පුකාර මාගේ විධානය යටතේ විගණනය කරන ලදී. ආණ්ඩුකුම වාවස්ථාවේ 154 (6) වාවස්ථාව පුකාරව මාගේ වාර්තාව යථා කාලයේදී පාර්ලිමේන්තුවේ සභාගත කරනු ලැබේ.

මාගේ වාර්තාවේ තත්ත්වාගණනය කළ මතය සඳහා පදනම කොටසේ විස්තර කර ඇති කරුණු වලින් වන බලපෑම හැර, සමාගමේ මූලා පුකාශන තුළින් 2024 මාර්තු 31 දිනට මූලා තත්ත්වය සහ එදිනෙන් අවසන් වර්ෂය සඳහා එහි මූලා කියාකාරිත්වය හා මුදල් පුවාහ ශී ලංකා ගිණුම්කරණ පුමිතිවලට අනුකූලව සතා හා සාධාරණ තත්ත්වයක් පිළිබිඹු කරන බව මා දරන්නා වූ මතය වේ.



# 1.2 තත්ත්වාගණනය කළ මතය සඳහා පදනම

- (අ) ශුී ලංකා ගිණුම්කරණ පුමිති 01හි 32 ඡේදය අනුව වත්කම් හා වගකීම් හිලවු කර නොදැක්විය යුතු වුවද, රු.373,351,128ක් වු වෙළඳ ණයහිමි ශේෂයට රු.11,906,646ක් වු ලැබිය යුතු ශේෂ හිලවු කර ශුද්ධ වටිතාකම වු රු.361,444,482ක් ගෙවිය යුතු ශේෂ ලෙස මූලා පුකාශතවල දක්වා තිබුණි.
- (ආ) ශුී ලංකා ගිණුම්කරණ පුමිති අංක 07 හි 16 ඡේදයට පටහැනි ලෙස ස්ථාවර කැන්පතු හා වෙනත් කෙටිකාලීන කැන්පතුවල සිදු කර තිබු ශුද්ධ ආයෝජන රු.315,088,866ක් මුදල් පුවාහ පුකාශයේ ආයෝජන කියාකාරකම් යටතේ දැක්වීම වෙනුවට මූලා කියාකාරකම් තුලින් ජනිත වූ මුදල් පුවාහ යටතේ දක්වා තිබුණි. තවද මෙහෙයුම් කටයුතු වලින් ජනනය වූ මුදල් පුවාහය ගණනය කිරීමේදී රාජා පුදාන වලට අදාළ විලම්බිත ආදායම් රු.24,437,682ක් දෙවරක් අඩුකර දක්වා තිබීමෙන් මෙහෙයුම් කටයුතු වලින් ජනිත වූ මුදල් පුවාහය එම පුමාණයෙන් අඩුවෙන් දක්වා තිබුණි.
- (ඇ) ශි් ලංකා ගිණුම්කරණ පුමිති අංක 08 හි 42 ඡෙදය අනුව පුමාණාත්මක පූර්ව කාලපරිච්ඡේද වැරදි අතීතානුයෝගීව නිවැරදි කළ යුතු අතර පුමිතියෙහි 49 ඡේදය අනුව වැරදි නිවැරදි කිරීම සම්බන්ධ තොරතුරු මූලා පුකාශනවල හෙළිදරව් කළ යුතුය. එසේ වුවද සමාගම විසින් එම පුමිතියේ විධිවිධානවලට පටහැනිව පෙර වර්ෂයේ සහල් ආනයනයට අදාළ විනිමය ලාභ රු. 440,670,002ක් හා විනිමය අලාභ රු. 27,863,304ක් සහ එම සහල් ආනයනයට අදාල වියදම් හා තොග හානි එකතුව රු. 23,869,693ක් සමාලෝවිත වර්ෂයේ විකුණුම් පිරිවැයට පිළිවෙළින් බැර සහ හර කර තිබුණි.
- (ඈ) ශුී ලංකා ගිණුම්කරණ පුමිති 12 අනුව මූලා පුකාශනවල ජංගම නොවන වගකීම් යටතේ දැක්විය යුතු රු.30,437,267ක් වු විලම්බිත බදු වගකීම, ජංගම නොවන වත්කම් වලින් අඩුකර ශුද්ධ විලම්බිත වත්කම් ලෙස දක්වා තිබුණි.
- (ඉ) ශුී ලංකා ගිණුමකරණ පුමිති 20 හි 39 ඡේදය අනුව රාජා පුදාන ගිණුම් තැබීමේ කුමචේදය මූලා පුකාශන වල හෙළිදරව් කර නොතිබුණි. තවද පුමිතියේ 26 ඡේදය අනුව රාජා පුදාන වටිනාකම අදාළ වත්කම්වල එලදායි ජීවකාලය පුරා කුමානුකූලව බෙදා හැර සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයට අදාල ආදායම විලම්බිත ආදායමක් ලෙස හඳුනාගැනීම වෙනුවට එම ආදායම

- රු.24,437,668ක් වත්කම් ක්ෂය ගිණුමට බැර කර තිබුණි. මේ හේතුවෙන් වර්ෂයේ ආදායම හා ක්ෂය වියදම එම පුමාණයෙන් ඌනගණනය වී තිබුණි.
- (ඊ) කල් ඉකුත් වූ වයින් තොග වෙනුවෙන් දැරූ වියදම රු.4,285,347ක් හා රාජා ආයතන වෙත නොමිලේ බෙදාදුන් 2015 වර්ෂයේ මිලදීගත් ජංගම වී ගබඩා 22ක පිරිවැය රු.42,351,980ක් සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයේ විකුණුම් පිරිවැයට හර කර තිබිම හේතුවෙන් දළ ලාභය රු.46,637,327කින් අඩුවෙන් දක්වා තිබුණි.
- (උ) භෞතික තොග සතාහපනයේ දී හඳුනාගන්නා ලද තොග අධිමාන සහ නිවැරදි කිරීම්වල එකතුව රු.23,064,553ක් පෙර වර්ෂයේ වැරදි නිවැරදි කිරීමක් ලෙස විකුණුම් පිරිවැයෙන් අඩුකර පෙන්වා තිබීම හේතුවෙන් එම පුමාණයෙන් විකුණුම් පිරිවැය අඩුවෙන් සහ දළ ලාභය වැඩියෙන් දක්වා තිබුණි.
- (ඌ) 2017 සිට 2024 දක්වා කාලපරිච්ජේදය තුල බාහිර පාර්ශවයන් විසින් බැංකුව වෙත සිදු කර තිබු එකතුව වු රු.2,820,094ක් වූ සෘජු තැන්පතු නිවැරදිව හඳුනාගෙන ගිණුම්ගත කිරීම වෙනුවට වෙනත් ණයහිමියන් යටතේ දක්වා තිබුණි.
- (එ) මඩකලපුව රජවාස ගොඩනැඟිල්ලෙහි කොටසක් ලංකා සතොස ලිමිටඩ් ආයතනයට උප බදු දීම වෙනුවෙන් සමාගමට ලැබිය යුතු රු.7,279,191ක් වු ආදායම් ගිණුම්ගත කර නොතිබුණි.
- (ඒ) දේශීය ආදායම දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව වෙත කළ ජුේෂණ අනුව සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂය සදහා සමාජ සංරක්ෂණ දායක බදු වියදම රු.83,347,166ක් වුවත් මූලා පුකාශනවල රු.86,942,743 ක් ලෙස දක්වා තිබීමෙන් රු.3,595,577ක වෙනසක් පැවතුණි.
- (ඔ) විකුණුම් වටිනාකම එකතුකල අගය මත බදු වාර්තා අනුව රු. 12,643,327,250ක් සහ මූලා පුකාශන අනුව රු. 12,132,029,706ක් වීමෙන් එම වටිනාකම් අතර රු. 511,297,543ක වෙනසක් පැවති අතර ගැනුම් වටිනාකම එකතුකල අගය මත බදු වාර්තා අනුව රු. 3,733,542,154ක් හා මූලා පුකාශන අනුව රු. 9,796,491,313ක් වීමෙන් එම අගයන් අතර රු.6,062,949,159 ක වෙනසක් පැවතුණි.

ශී ලංකා විගණන පුමිතිවලට (ශී.ලං.වි.පු.) අනුකූලව මා විගණනය සිදු කරන ලදී. මෙම විගණන පුමිති යටතේ වූ මාගේ වගකීම, මෙම වාර්තාවේ මූලා පුකාශන විගණනය සම්බන්ධයෙන් විගණකගේ වගකීම යන කොටසේ තවදුරටත් විස්තර කර ඇත. මාගේ



තත්ත්වාගණනය කළ මතය සඳහා පදනමක් සැපයීම උදෙසා මා විසින් ලබාගෙන ඇති විගණන සාක්ෂි පුමාණවත් සහ උචිත බව මාගේ විශ්වාසයයි.

# 1.3 සමාගමේ 2023/2024 වාර්ෂික වාර්තාවේ ඇතුළත් අනෙකුත් තොරතුරු.

මෙම විගණන වාර්තාවේ දිනට පසුව මට ලබා දීමට බලාපොරොත්තු වන සමාගමේ 2023/2024 වාර්ෂික වාර්තාවේ ඇතුළත් කර ඇති නමුත් මූලා පුකාශන සහ ඒ පිළිබඳව වූ මගේ විගණන වාර්තාවේ ඇතුළත් නොවන තොරතුරු, අනෙකුත් තොරතුරු යන්නෙන් අදහස් වේ. මෙම අනෙකුත් තොරතුරු සඳහා කළමනාකරණය වගකිව යුතුය.

මූලා පුකාශන සම්බන්ධයෙන් වූ මගේ මතයෙන් අනෙකුත් තොරතුරු ආවරණය නොකරන අතර මම ඒ පිළිබඳ කිසිදු ආකාරයක සහතික වීමක් හෝ මතයක් පුකාශ නොකරමි.

මූලා පුකාශන පිළිබඳ මගේ විගණනයට අදාළව, මගේ වගකීම වන්නේ ඉහත හඳුනාගත් අනෙකුත් තොරතුරු ලබාගත හැකි වූ විට කියවීම සහ එසේ කිරීමේදී අනෙකුත් තොරතුරු මූලා පුකාශන සමහ හෝ විගණනයේදී හෝ වෙනත් ආකාරයකින් ලබාගත් මගේ දැනුම අනුව පුමාණාත්මක වශයෙන් නොගැලපෙනවාද යන්න සලකා බැලීමයි.

සමාගමේ 2023/2024 වාර්ෂික චාර්තාව කියවන විට, එහි පුමාණාත්මක වරදවා දැක්වීම් ඇති බව මම නිගමනය කළහොත්, නිවැරදි කිරීම සදහා පාලනය කරන පාර්ශවයන් වෙත එම කරුණු සන්නිවේදනය කළ යුතුය. තවදුරටත් නිවැරදි නොකළ වරදවා දැක්වීම් තිබේ නම්, ඒවා ආණ්ඩුකුම වාවස්ථාවේ 154 (6) වාාවස්ථාව පුකාරව මා විසින් යථා කාලයේදී පාර්ලිමේන්තුවේ සභාගත කරනු ලබන වාර්තාවට ඇතුළත් කරනු ඇත.

# 1.4 මූලා පුකාශන පිළිබඳ කළමනාකරණයේ සහ පාලනය කරන පාර්ශවයන්ගේ වගකීම

මෙම මූලා පුකාශන ශුී ලංකා ගිණුම්කරණ පුමිතිවලට අනුකූලව පිළියෙල කිරීම හා සාධාරණ ලෙස ඉදිරිපත් කිරීම සහ වංචා හෝ වැරදි හේතුවෙන් ඇතිවිය හැකි පුමාණාත්මක සාවදා පුකාශයන්ගෙන් තොරව මූලා පුකාශන පිළියෙල කිරීමට හැකිවනු පිණිස අවශා වන අභාාන්තර පාලනයන් තීරණය කිරීම කළමනාකරණයේ වගකීම වේ.

මූලා පුකාශන පිළියෙල කිරීමේදී, සමාගම අඛණ්ඩව පවත්වාගෙන යාමේ හැකියාව තීරණය කිරීම කළමනාකරණයේ වගකීමක් වන අතර, කළමනාකාරිත්වය සමාගම ඇවර කිරීමට අදහස් කරන්නේ නම් හෝ වෙනත් විකල්පයක් නොමැති විටදී මෙහෙයුම් නැවැත්වීමට කටයුතු කරන්නේ නම් හැර අඛණ්ඩ පැවැත්මේ පදනම මත ගිණුම් තැබීම හා සමාගමේ අඛණ්ඩ පැවැත්මට අදාළ කරුණු අනාවරණය කිරීමද කළමනාකරණයේ වගකීමකි.

සමාගමේ මූලා වාර්තාකරණ කිුියාවලිය සම්බන්ධව පරීක්ෂා කිරීමේ වගකීම, පාලනය කරන පාර්ශවයන් විසින් දරනු ලබයි.

2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 16 (1) උප වගන්තිය පුකාරව, සමාගමේ වාර්ෂික සහ කාලීන මූලා පුකාශන පිළියෙල කිරීමට හැකිවන පරිදි ස්වකීය ආදායම්, වියදම්, වත්කම් හා බැරකම් පිළිබඳ නිසි පරිදි පොත්පත් හා වාර්තා පවත්වාගෙන යා යුතුය.

# 1.5 මූලා පුකාශන විගණනය සම්බන්ධයෙන් විගණකගේ වගකීම

සමස්තයක් ලෙස මූලා පුකාශන, වංචා සහ වැරදි නිසා ඇතිවන පුමාණාත්මක සාවදා පුකාශනයන්ගෙන් තොර බවට සාධාරණ තහවුරුවක් ලබාදීම සහ මාගේ මතය ඇතුළත් විගණන වාර්තාව නිකුත් කිරීම මාගේ අරමුණ වේ. සාධාරණ සහතිකවීම උසස් මට්ටමේ සහතිකවීමක් වන නමුත්, ශුී ලංකා විගණන පුමිති පුකාරව විගණනය සිදු කිරීමෙදී එය සැමවිටම පුමාණාත්මක සාවදා පුකාශනයන් අනාවරණය කරගන්නා බවට වන තහවුරු කිරීමක් නොවනු ඇත. වංචා සහ වැරදි තනි හෝ සාමූහික ලෙස බලපෑම නිසා පුමාණාත්මක සාවදා පුකාශනයන් ඇතිවිය හැකි අතර, එහි පුමාණාත්මකභාවය මෙම මූලා පුකාශන පදනම කරගනිමින් පරිශීලකයන් විසින් ගනු ලබන ආර්ථික තීරණ කෙරෙහි වන බලපෑම මත රදා

ශුී ලංකා විගණන පුමිති පුකාරව විගණනයේ කොටසක් ලෙස මා විසින් විගණනයේදී වෘත්තීය විනිශ්චය සහ වෘත්තීය සැකමුසුබවින් යුතුව කිුයාකරන ලදී. මා විසින් තව දුරටත්,

• පුකාශ කරන ලද විගණන මතයට පදනමක් සපයා ගැනීමේදී වංචා හෝ වැරදි හේතුවෙන් මූලා පුකාශනවල ඇති විය හැකි පුමාණාත්මක සාවදා පුකාශනයන් ඇතිවීමේ අවදානම් හඳුනාගැනීම හා තක්සේරු කිරීම සඳහා අවස්ථාවෝචිතව උචිත විගණන පටිපාටි සැලසුම් කර කියාත්මක කරන ලදී. වරදවා දැක්වීම හේතුවෙන් සිදුව පුමාණාත්මක සාවදා පුකාශනයන්ගෙන් සිදුවන බලපෑමට වඩා වංචාවකින් සිදු වන්නා වූ බලපෑම පුබල වන්නේ ඒවා, දුස්සන්ධානයෙන්, වාහජ ලේඛන සැකසීමෙන්,



- චේතතාන්විත මහහැරීමෙන්, වරදවා දැක්වීමෙන් හෝ අභාාන්තර පාලනයන් මහහැරීමෙන් වැනි හේතු නිසා වන බැවිනි.
- අභාාන්තර පාලනයේ සඵලදායිත්වය පිළිබඳ මතයක් පුකාශ කිරීමේ අදහසින් නොවුවද, අවස්ථාවෝචිතව උචිත විගණන පටිපාටි සැලසුම් කිරීම පිණිස අභාාන්තර පාලනය පිළිබඳව අවබෝධයක් ලබා ගන්නා ලදී.
- භාවිතා කරන ලද ගිණුම්කරණ පුතිපත්තිවල උචිතභාවය, ගිණුම්කරණ ඇස්තමේන්තුවල සාධාරණත්වය සහ කළමනාකරණය විසින් කරන ලද සම්බන්ධිත හෙළිදරව් කිරීම් අගයන ලදී.
- සිද්ධීන් හෝ තත්ත්වයන් හේතුවෙන් සමාගමේ අඛණ්ඩ පැවැත්ම පිළිබඳ පුමාණාත්මක අවිනිශ්චිතතාවයක් තිබේද යන්න සම්බන්ධයෙන් ලබාගත් විගණන සාක්ෂි මත පදනම්ව ගිණුම්කරණය සඳහා ආයතනයේ අඛණ්ඩ පැවැත්ම පිළිබඳ පදනම යොදා ගැනීමේ අදාලත්වය තීරණය කරන ලදී. පුමාණවත් අවිනිශ්චිතතාවයක් ඇති බවට මා නිගමනය කරන්නේ නම් මූලා පුකාශනවල ඒ සම්බන්ධයෙන් වූ හෙළිදරවිකිරීම් වලට මාගේ විගණන වාර්තාවේ අවධානය යොමු කළ යුතු අතර, එම හෙළිදරවිකිරීම් පුමාණවත් නොවන්නේ නම් මාගේ මතය විකරණය කළ යුතුය. කෙසේ වුවද, අනාගත සිද්ධීන් හෝ තත්ත්වයන් මත අඛණ්ඩ පැවැත්ම අවසන් වීමට හැකිය.
- මූලා පුකාශනවල, වාූුහය සහ අන්තර්ගනය සඳහා පාදක වූ ගනුදෙනු හා සිද්ධීන් උචිත හා සාධාරණව ඇතුලත් වී ඇති බව සහ හෙළිදරව් කිරීම් ඇතුළත් මූලා පුකාශනවල සමස්ථ ඉදිරිපත් කිරීම අගයන ලදී.

මාගේ විගණනය තුළදී හදුනාගත් වැදගත් විගණන සොයාගැනීම්, පුධාන අභාාන්තර පාලන දුර්වලතා හා අනෙකුත් කරුණු පිළිබඳව පාලනය කරනු ලබන පාර්ශවයන් දැනුවත් කරමි.

# 2. වෙනත් නෛතික හා නියාමන අවශාතා පිළිබඳ වාර්තාව

2.1 2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ සහ 2007 අංක 7 දරන සමාගම පනතේ පහත සඳහන් අවශාතාවයන් සම්බන්ධයෙන් විශේෂ පුතිපාදන ඇතුළත් වේ.

- 2.1.1 මාගේ වාර්තාවේ තත්ත්වාගණනය කළ මතය සදහා පදනම කොටසේ විස්තර කර ඇති කරුණු වලින් වන බලපෑම හැර, 2007 අංක 7 දරන සමාගම් පනතේ 163(2) වගන්තියේ සහ 2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 12 (අ) වගන්තියේ සඳහන් අවශාාතාවන් අනුව, විගණනය සදහා අවශා සියලු තොරතුරු සහ පැහැදිලි කිරීම් මා විසින් ලබාගන්නා ලද අතර, මාගේ පරීක්ෂණයෙන් පෙනී යන ආකාරයට නිසි මූලා වාර්තා සමාගම පවත්වාගෙන ගොස් තිබුණි.
- 2.1.2 2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 6 (1) (ඈ) (iii) වගන්තියේ සඳහන් අවශාතාවය අනුව සමාගමේ මූලා පුකාශන ඉකුත් වර්ෂය සමඟ අනුරූප වේ.
- 2.1.3 2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 6 (1) (අෑ) (iv) වගන්තියේ සඳහන් අවශාතාවය අනුව මාගේ වාර්තාවේ තත්වාගණනය කළ මතය සඳහා පදනම කොටසේ 1.2 (අ) ඡේදයේ දක්වා ඇති නිරීක්ෂණය හැර ඉකුත් වර්ෂයේදී මා විසින් සිදුකරන ලද නිර්දේශයන් ඉදිරිපත් කරන ලද මූලා පුකාශනවල ඇතුළත්ව ඇත.
- 2.2 අනුගමනය කරන ලද කිුියාමාර්ග සහ ලබා ගන්නා ලද සාක්ෂි මත හා පුමාණාත්මක කරුණුවලට සීමා කිරීම තුළ, පහත සඳහන් පුකාශ කිරීමට තරම් කිසිවක් මාගේ අවධානයට ලක් නොවීය.
- 2.2.1 2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 12 (ඇ) වගන්තියේ සඳහන් අවශානාවය අනුව සමාගමේ පාලක මණ්ඩලයේ යම් සාමාජිකයෙකුට සමාගම සම්බන්ධව යම් ගිවිසුමක් සම්බන්ධයෙන් සෘජුව හෝ අනාාකාරයකින් සාමානා වාාපාරික තත්වයෙන් බැහැරව සම්බන්ධයක් ඇති බව.
- 2.2.2 2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 12 (ඊ) වගන්තියේ සඳහන් අවශානාවය අනුව පහත සඳහන් නිරීක්ෂණ හැර යම් අදාළ ලිඛිත නීතියකට හෝ සමාගමේ පාලක මණ්ඩලය විසින් නිකුත් කරන ලද වෙනත් පොදු හෝ විශේෂ විධානවලට අනුකූල නොවන ලෙස කිුයා කර ඇති බව.



## නීති, රීති, විධානයට යොමුව

#### නිරීක්ෂණ

2015 මැයි 25 දිනැති රාජා චකුලේඛය හා රාජා වාහාපාර දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ අධානක්ෂ 2023 ඔක්තෝබර් 05 දිනැති අංක PED/S/STC/03/11(i) දරන ලිපිය

(අ) අංක PED 1/2015 දරන වකුලේඛ විධිවිධාන වලට හා රාජාා වාාාපාර දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ අධාක්ෂ ජනරාල් විසින් අනුමත කර තිබු පුතිපූර්ණ කුමවේදයට වාාපාර පටහැනිව නිල වාහන සඳහා හිමිකම නොමැති ස්ථීර පදනමින් බඳවාගත් නිලධාරින් 42 දෙනෙකුට සහ කොන්තුාත් පදනම මත බඳවාගත් නිලධාරින් 09 දෙනෙකුට සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයේදී පිළිවෙළින් රු.2,711,750ක සහ රු.972,500ක මාසික පුවාහන ජනරාල්ගේ දීමනා ගෙවා තිබුණි.

(ආ)2021 නොවැම්බර් 16 පිඊඩී දිනැති අංක 01/2021 දරන රාජා චකුලේඛය වාහාපාර මගින් හඳුන්වා දෙන ලද රාජා වාාවසායන් සඳහා වු මෙහෙයුම් අත්පොතෙහි

(i) 3.2 (i) මේදය

භාණ්ඩාගාර අනුමැතියකින් තොරව උත්සව හා දිරි දීමනා ලෙස රු.41,679,289 ක්, වෛදාා වියදම් පුතිපූරණය රු.3,846,978 ක් හා මරණ පාරිතෝෂික ලෙස රු.700,000 ක් සේවකයන්ට ගෙවා තිබුණි.

(ii) 6.7 මේදය

ස්ථාවර වත්කම් සහ ගබඩා සම්බන්ධයෙන් වාර්ෂික භාණ්ඩ සමීක්ෂණයක් සිදුකල යුතු වූවද සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයේ අවසන් දිනට පැවති රු.977,631,425 ක් 2 ස්ථාවර වත්කම් සම්බන්ධයෙන් 2017 වර්ෂයෙන් පසුව භෞතික සතාාපනයක් සිදුකර නොතිබුණි.

(ඇ)2005 මැයි 06 දිනැති අංක 415 දරන රාජා මුදල් වකුලේඛයේ (iii) ඡේදය

නැව් මහින් හාණ්ඩ ආනයනය කරනු ලබන සියළුම රාජාා ආයතන විසින් හාණ්ඩ පුවාහන කටයුතු සී/ස නැව් ලංකා සංස්ථාව හරහා සිදුකල යුතු අතර නැව් සංස්ථාවේ නැව් ගාස්තුව අපනයනකරුගේ නැව් ගාස්තුවට වඩා වැඩිවන විට ඒ බව දැක්වෙන අත්හැරීමේ නිවේදනයක් ලිඛිතව ලබාගත යුතු වුවද නියැදි විගණන පරීක්ෂාවට ලක්වූ අවස්ථා 18කින් අවස්ථා 16කදී විදේශීය නැව් සමාගම හරහා ආනයන කටයුතු සිදුකර තිබූ අතර එහිදි අත්හැරීම් නියෝග ලබාගෙන තිබුනේ අවස්ථා 2කදී පමණි. ඒ අනුව ඇමරිකන් ඩොලර් 22,479ක මුදලක් විදේශීය නැව් සමාගම වලට ගෙවා තිබූ බැවින් රට තුළින් විදේශ විනිමය ගලායාමක් සිදුවී තිබුණි.

- 2.2.3 2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 12 (උ) වගන්තියේ සඳහන් අවශානාවය අනුව සමාගමේ බලතල, කර්තවා සහ කාර්යයන්ට අනුකූල නොවන ලෙස කටයුතු කර ඇති බව.
- 2.2.4 2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 12 (ඌ) වගන්තියේ සදහන් අවශානාවය අනුව පහත සදහන් නීරික්ෂණ හැර සමාගමේ සම්පත් සකසුරුවම් ලෙස, කාර්යක්ෂම ලෙස සහ ඵලදායී ලෙස කාලසීමාවන් තුළ අදාළ නීතිරීති වලට අනුකූලව පුසම්පාදනය කර හාවිතා කර නොමැති බව.
  - (අ) පුසම්පාදන මාර්ගෝපදේශ සංගුහයේ 4.2.1 (අ) සහ (ඇ) පුකාරව ආයතනයේ මිලදී ගැනීම් සම්බන්ධයෙන් පුධාන හා විස්තරාත්මක පුසම්පාදන සැලැස්මක් පිළියෙල කළ යුතු වුවත්, සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයේ ආයතනයේ පුාග්ධන මිලදීගැනීම් වෙනුවෙන් පුසම්පාදන වියදම් ඇස්තමේන්තුවක් පමණක් පිළියෙල කර තිබුණි.
  - (ආ) විධිමත් පුසම්පාදන කුමවේද අනුගමනය කිරීමෙන් තොරව පෞද්ගලික ආයතනයකට රු.3,144,025ක් ගෙවා ආයතනයේ එළිමහන් පරිශුයේ කොටසක් තාරදමා කාපට කර තිබුණු අතර අධාාපන අමාතාාංශයේ අවශාතාවය සඳහා රු.98,550,332ක් වටිනා තොරතුරු තාක්ෂණික උපකරණ මිලදී ගෙන සවිකර තිබුණි.
  - (ඇ) 2023 ජනවාරි 03 දිනැති අංක අමප/22/2100/601/014/111 දරන අමාතා මණ්ඩල තීරණය මගින් බිත්තර ආනයනය කිරීමට අමාතා මණ්ඩල අනුමැතිය ලැබී තිබූ අතර සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂය තුළදී වටිනාකම රු.496,000,000ක් වු බිත්තර

18,420,480ක් ආනයනය කර තිබුණි. එහිදී රු.මිලියන 200 ට වැඩි මිලදී ගැනීම් සම්බන්ධයෙන් පුසම්පාදන මාර්ගෝපදේශ 2.14.1 අනුව පත්කළ යුතු අමාතාහංශ පුසම්පාදන කමිටුව වෙනුවට දෙපාර්තමේන්තු පුසම්පාදන කමිටුවක් මඟින් පුසම්පාදන කාර්යය සිදුකර තිබුණි. තවද ආනයනික බිත්තර නිශ්කාශණය හා ගබඩා කිරීමේ පුසම්පාදනයේදී පුසම්පාදන මාර්ගෝපදේශ 2.4.8 අනුව තාක්ෂණික ඇගයීම් කමිටුවක් පත් කර හා මාර්ගෝපදේශ 8.9.1 අනුව සේවා සැපයුම්කරු සමහ ගිවිසුමකට එළඹ නොතිබුණි.

(අෑ) කොන්තුාත් වටිනාකම රු.5,987,529ක් වු තීරු බදු නිදහස් සාප්පුව අළුත්වැඩියා කිරීමේ පුසම්පාදනය සදහා පුසම්පාදන මාර්ගෝපදේශ 2.8.4 අනුව තාක්ෂණික ඇගයීම් කමිටුවක් පත්කර නොතිබුණි.

#### 2.3 වෙනත් කරුණු

- (අ) සමාගම විසින් 2015 වර්ෂයේ දී පිරිවැය රු.96,254,510ක් වු වී තොග රැස් කිරීමේ ජංගම ගබඩා (Cocoon) 50ක් පිලිපිනයෙන් ආනයනය කර ඒවායින් ඒකක 15ක් පමණක් අලෙවිකර තිබුණි. වර්ෂ 7කට අධික කාලයක් නොවිකිණී පැවති පිරිවැය රු.25,026,173ක් වූ ඒකක 13ක් 2022 වර්ෂයේදී හා පිරිවැය රු.42,351,984ක් වූ ඒකක 22ක් සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයේදී රාජා ආයතනවලට නොමිලේ බෙදා දී තිබූ බැවින් සමස්ත වාාාපෘතියේ අලාභය රු.67,378,157ක් වී තිබුණි.
- (ආ) සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයේ මාර්තු 31 දිනට සමාගමේ අනුමත කාර්යය මණ්ඩලය 315ක් වු අතර තතා කාර්යය මණ්ඩලය 286ක් වූයෙන් එදිනට පුරප්පාඩු 77ක් පැවතුණු අතර ඒ තුළ විධායක මට්ටමේ පුරප්පාඩු 10ක් විය. මීට අමතරව 48 ක අතිරික්ත කාර්ය මණ්ඩලයක් පැවතුනි.
- (ඇ) සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයේ කිුිියාකාරි සැලැස්ම අනුව ආදායම් වැඩි කර ගැනීම සඳහා සැලසුම් කළ කිුිියාකාරකම් 04ක් කිුියාත්මක කර තිබුණද ළහා කරගෙන තිබු ආදායමේ වර්ධනය සියයට 50ක් පමණක් විය. භාණ්ඩ හා සේවා සැපයුම් පුමාණය වැඩි කර ගැනීම සඳහා සැලසුම්කර තිබූ කිුිියාකාරකම් 14ක් අතරින් කිුිියාකාරකම් 11ක් කිුිියාත්මක කර නොතිබූ බැවින් මුළු කිුිියාකාරකම් සමහ සැසදීමේදී ඉටු කළ කිුිියාකාරකම් පුමාණය සියයට 21ක් පමණක් විය. තවද පාසල් ළමුන් සඳහා මූලික පරිගණක හඳුන්වා දීම හා පරිගණක ආශිත නව අයිතම හඳුන්වාදීම යන වාහාපෘති 2හි පුගතිය පිළිවෙලින් සියයට 17ක් හා සියයට 4ක් පමණක් විය. අවම වශයෙන්

- එක් හාණ්ඩයක් හෝ එක් වෙළෙන්දෙක් විදේශීය වෙළඳපලට ඇතුලත් කිරීම අරමුණු කර තිබුණද එය ද ඉටු කර ගැනීමට අපොහොසත් වී තිබුණි.
- (ඈ) සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයේදී Q-Shop අලෙවිසැල් 08ක් කුළුබඩු සංස්ථාව වෙත කුලී පදනම මත ලබා දීමට කුලී ගිවිසුමක් ඇතිකරගෙන තිබුණු අතර අලෙවිසැල් 03ක් විගණිත දිනය වු 2024 ජූලි 25 දින වන විටත් හාර දී නොතිබුණි. ඒ හේතුවෙන් රු.920,000 ක කුලී ආදායමක් අහිමි වී තිබූ අතර නිශ්කාර්යව පැවති එම අලෙවිසැල් 3 වෙනුවෙන් බාහිර පාර්ශවයන්ට ගෙවා තිබු රු.480,000ක කුලිය නිෂ්කාර්ය වියදමක් විය. මෙම Q Shop වාහපෘතිය තුළින් සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයේදී රු.1,658,668ක අලාභයක් ලබා තිබුණි.
- (ඉ) සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයේ මාර්තු 31 දිනට රු.822,322,109 ක් වු වෙළඳ ණයගැති ශේෂය තුල වර්ෂ 2 සිට 5 දක්වා පැරණි රු.133,352,935ක ශේෂ ද වර්ෂ 5ට වැඩි කාලයක් තිස්සේ පවතින රු.177,479,439ක ශේෂ ද පැවති අතර එම ණය ශේෂ අයකරගෙන නොතිබුණි. තවද රු. 1,272,905,763ක් වු අනෙකුත් ලැබිය යුතු ශේෂ තුළ ඇතුළත් දීර්ඝ කාලයක සිට පවතින රු. 13,421,973ක අය නොවූ ශේෂයක් විය.
- (ඊ) සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයේ මාර්තු 31 දිනට ලැබු අත්තිකාරම් වල වටිනාකම රු.25,491,248ක් වු අතර අවුරුදු 3ට වැඩි කාලයක සිට නොපියවන ලද අත්තිකාරම් ශේෂවල වටිනාකම රු. 7,837,353ක් විය.
- (උ) සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයේ මාර්තු 31 දිනට රු.361,444,482ක් වු ණයහිමි ශේෂය තුල වර්ෂ 5ට වැඩි කාලයක් ගත වී තිබුණ ද නිරවුල් නොකල ශේෂය රු.90,514,335ක් විය. තවද රු.716,930,302 ක් වු අනෙකුත් ගෙවිය යුතු ශේෂ තුල ඇතුළත් දීර්ඝකාලීනව පවතින රු.15,789,605ක ශේෂවල නිවැරදිතාවය තහවුරු කරගෙන නිරවුල් කිරීමට කටයුතු කර නොතිබුණි.
- (ඌ) සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයේ මාර්තු 31 දිනට ගබඩාවේ පැවති පිරිවැය රු.685,725,364ක් වූ තොගයෙහි ඇතුළත් වර්ෂයකට වැඩි කාලයක් තුල චලනය නොවු තොග වටිනාකම රු. 155,109,130ක් වූ අතර මෙම තොග අතරින් කල් ඉකුත් වීමට ආසන්න තොග හඳුනාගැනීමට යෝගා කුමවේදයක් ගිණුමකරණ පද්ධතිය තුල ස්ථාපනය කර නොතිබුණි.
- (එ) සමාගම විසින් ආහාර කොමසාරිස් දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවෙන් කුලී පදනම මත ලබාගෙන තිබූ වේයන්ගොඩ ගබඩාව 2023 පෙබරවාරි සිට 2024 පෙබරවාරි දක්වා නිශ්කාර්යව පැවතියද රු.2,400,000ක බදුකුලීයක් ගෙවා තිබුණි.
- (ඒ) මඩකලපුව රජවාස වාාාපෘති සඳහා 2021 සැප්තැම්බර් සිට 2023 ජුනි දක්වා ආහාර කොමසාරිස් දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවට අයත් ගොඩනැගිල්ලක් කුලියට ගෙන තිබු අතර එම ගොඩනැඟිල්ල



නවීකරණය කිරීම 2024 ජුලි 30 වන විටත් අවසන් වී නොතිබිම හේතුවෙන් කිසිඳු ආදායමක් උපයා නොතිබූ අතර එම දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවට ගෙවා තිබු රු.5,720,000ක කුලිය නිශ්කාර්ය වියදමක් විය.

- (ඔ) සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයේදී නාරාහේන්පිට රජවාස වෙළෙඳ පුදර්ශනාගාර වාහපෘතියේ බදු ගිවිසුම පුකාරව මාසික විදුලි බිල්පත්, ජල බිල්පත් හා දුරකථන බිල්පත් ඇතුලු සේවා ගාස්තු දෙවන පාර්ශවය විසින් දැරිය යුතු වුවද සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයට අදාල විදුලි වියදම් සහ ජල ගාස්තු වශයෙන් රු.6,102,278 ක් එනම්, වාහපෘති ආදායමෙන් සියයට 48 ක් සමාගම විසින් දරා තිබුණු අතර වාහපෘතියෙන් රු.5,180,344ක ශුද්ධ අලාභයක් ලබා තිබුණි. මෙම ගොඩනැගිල්ල තුල අලෙවි පුදර්ශනාගාර 25ක් පවත්වාගෙන යාමට ඉඩපහසුකම් පැවතියද කියාත්මකව පැවති පුදර්ශනාගාර 21 න් 11ක් පමණක් රාජා ආයතන විය. ඒ අනුව "රාජා ආයතනවල නිෂ්පාදනය කරනු ලබන හා අලෙවි කරනු ලබන නිෂ්පාදන දැරිය හැකි මිලකට එකම වහලක් යටදී පාරිභෝගිකයන්ට ලබා ගැනීමට අවශා පහසුකම් සැලසීම" යන වාහපෘතියේ මූලික අරමුණ කරා ලහා වී නොතිබුණි.
- (ඔෆ්) පොලිස් විශේෂ කාර්යය බලකාය වෙත බදු දී ඇති සමාගමට අයත් රාජගිරියේ පිහිටි ගොඩනැගිල්ල සහිත ඉඩම සඳහා 2024 ජනවාරි 01 දින සිට බදු ගිවිසුමකට එළඹ නොතිබුණ අතර පුර්ව ගිවිසුම පුකාරව 2024 ජනවාරි සිට අගෝස්තු මාසය දක්වා ලැබිය යුතු බදු කුලිය වූ රු.14,400,000ක් අයකර ගෙන නොතිබුණි. තවද ගිවිසුමේ 08 වැනි වගන්තියට පටහැනි ලෙස අවසරයකින් තොරව ස්ථීර ඉදිකිරීම් සිදු කර තිබුණි.

ඩබ්ලිව්.පී.සී. විකුමරත්න

විගණකාධිපති

Sri Lanka State Trading (General) Corporation Ltd.

Final Accounts
2023-2024

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# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH 2024

	Notes	2023/2024 Rs.	2022/2023 Rs.
Revenue	03	12,132,029,706	9,416,776,271
Cost of Sales		(10,164,817,761)	(8,397,516,723)
Gross Profit		1,967,211,946	1,019,259,548
Other Operating Income / ( Expenses )	04	57,275,265 2,024,487,211	35,297,453 1,054,557,002
Distribution Expenses Administration Expenses	05 06	221,093,107 507,538,260 728,631,367	233,327,415 433,457,185 666,784,600
Earnings Before Interest & Tax		1,295,855,843	387,772,401
Net Finance Income / ( Expenses )	07	205,359,103	347,663,542
Profit / (Loss) Before Taxation		1,501,214,947	735,435,943
Taxation	08	(535,046,293)	(199,671,154)
Net Profit / (Loss) For the Year		966,168,654	535,764,789
Other Comprehensive Income Actuarial Gain / (Loss) on employee benefits Tax on other comprehensive income Revaluation Gain on Assets Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss) - Net of Tax  Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the Year - Net of Ta	x	(2,280,886) (684,266) 3,615,021,486 <b>3,612,056,334</b> 4,578,224,988	(4,271,080) 1,281,324 113,699,964 110,710,208 646,474,998
Basic Earnings / (Loss) per Share	09	97	54

The Accounting Policies and Explanatory Notes form an integral part of these Financial Statements. (Figures in brackets indicate deductions.)



#### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH 2024

	Notes	2023/2024	2022/2023
ASSETS		Rs.	Rs.
Non-Current Assets			
Property, Plant & Equipment	10	4,123,444,204	566,611,360
Intangible Assets	10a	8,025,000	9,330,001
Investments in Shares	11	20	20
Loans Given to Employees	12A	17,632,082	15,422,666
Net Deferred Tax Asset	17	(30,437,267)	41,032,830
Total Non Current Assets		4,118,664,038	632,396,876
Current Assets			
Inventories	13	1,089,692,167	1,467,189,374
Trade & Other Receivables	14	1,911,080,785	1,030,577,057
Loans Given to Employees - Current Maturity	12A	7,523,887	6,991,454
Short Term Investment in Fixed Deposits		1,358,308,950	1,668,700,000
Short Term Investment *Build up Margin -Peoples Bank		18,688,366	25,266,927
Short Term Investment - Build up Margin -NDB Bank		3,112,145	1,231,400
Cash & Cash Equivalents	15	69,166,814	13,474,352
		4,457,573,113	4,213,430,565
Total Assets		8,576,237,152	4,845,827,423
EQUITY & LIABILITIES			
Capital & Reserves			
Stated Capital 10,000,000 Ordinary Shares Rs. 10/- each		100,000,000	100,000,000
General Reserves		45,607,646	45,607,646
Revaluation Reserves		3,969,829,684	354,808,198
Other Reserves		(33,175,165)	(30,210,013)
Retained Earnings		2,087,400,340	1,312,041,000
Total Equity		6,169,662,506	1,782,246,831
Non-Current Liabilities			
Retirement Benefit Obligations	16	40,446,241	34,243,718
Government Grants Deffered Income A/C	21	119,751,820	144,189,502
Long Term Borrowings	18	-	-
		160,198,062	178,433,220
Current Liabilities			
Short Term Borrowings	18	791,639,266	13,600,000
Trade & Other Payables	19	1,103,866,032	2,765,607,414
Bank Overdrafts	20	350,871,279	105,939,957
		2,246,376,578	2,885,147,370
Total Equity & Liabilities		8,576,237,152	4,845,827,423

The Accounting Policies and Explanatory Notes form an integral part of these Financial Statements. (Figures in brackets indicate deductions.)

These Financial Statements are in Compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act No.07 of 2007.

DGM Amance

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these Financial Statements. Approved & Signed for and an benefit of the Board of Directors of Sri Lanka State Trading ( General ) Corporation Limited.

Chairman

Director

Date: 24.06.2014,



Asiri Walisundara
Chairman / Managing Director
Sri Lanka State Trading (General) Corporation Ltd.
Ministry of Finance, Economic Stabilization and
National Policies.
No. 100, Nawam Mawatha, Colombo 02.

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C. Sur esco de artico

SRI LANKA STATE TRADING (GENERAL) CORPORATION LTD NO. 100, NAWAM MAWATHA, COLOMBO 02.

Total	Rs.	1,131,220,285 535,764,789		(2,989,756)	4,551,548	113,699,964	1,782,246,831	1,782,246,831	966,168,654		(2,965,152)	(809,314)	3,615,021,486	(87,500,000) (102,500,000)	6,169,662,505	
Retained	Profit/(Loss) Rs.	771,724,662 \$35,764,789		,	4,551,548		1,312,041,000	1,312,041,000	966,168,654		1 1	(809,314)	g.	(87,500,000)	2,087,400,340	
200	Reserves Rs.	(27,220,257)		(2.989,756)			(30.210,013)	(30,210,013)			(2,965,152)	i K	, ,		(591 571 88)	(
	General Reserves Rs.	45,607,646		i.			46 607 646	= 45,007,040 = 45,007,646	2,00,00			r				45,607,646
	Revaluation Reserves Rs.	241,108,234	T	ï			113,699,964	354,808,198	354,808,198	ı			2 215 031 486	3,013,021,400		3,969,829,684
JUITY 12024	Stated Capital Rs	100,000,000	ï					100,000,000	100,000,000	Ļ		I	ï	1 77,	í	100,000,000
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3121 MARCH 2024		Balance as at 1 <sup>st</sup> April 2022	Net Profit / (Loss) for the year	Net of actuarial Gain / (Loss) on Retirement Benefit Obligations &	Net of Tax	Prior Year Adjustment	Revaluation During the Year	Balance as at 31st March 2023	Balance as at 01" April 2023	Net Profit / (Loss) for the year	Net of actuarial (iain / (Loss) on Retirement Benefit Obligations &	Net of Tax	Prior Year Adjustment	Revaluation During the Year	Dividend Payments - Prior Years Dividend Payments - Current Year	Balance as at 31" March 2024

The Accounting Policies and Explanatory Notes form an integral part of these Financial Statements. (Figures in brackets indicate deductions.)



# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2024		
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SIST MARCH 2024	2023/2024	2022/2023
	Rs.	Rs.
Cash Flow from Operating Activities		
Net Profit Before Taxation	1,501,214,947	735,435,943
Adjustments for	71,820,585	47,682,310
Depreciation / Amortization	(272,189,109)	(370,461,238)
Interest Income	(24,437,682)	-
Government Grants Deffered Income	66,830,005	22,797,696
Trust Receipt Loan & Overdraft Interest Disposal Profit / ( Loss ) of PPE	-	(2,352,197)
Provision of Audit fees	1,482,000	1,326,000
Stocks & Debts Written Off	503,478	-
Impairment of Debtors	68,461,383	105,281,937
Impairment of Stocks	(13,893,794)	(17,209,276)
Provision for Retirement Benefit Obligatios	11,918,676	6,623,591
Prior Year Adjustments	(809,314)	4,551,548
Operating Profit Before Working Capital Changes	1,410,901,176	533,676,315
	391,391,002	47,986,935
(Increase) / Decrease in Inventories	(984,598,930)	214,966,603
(Increase) / Decrease in Trade Debtors	(24,437,682)	(1,205,100)
Increase / ( Decrease ) in Government Grants Deffered Income	(24,457,002)	1,209,838,823
(Increase) / Decrease in Imported Rice Price Subsidy Receivable	-	7,445
Increase / Decrease in Easy Payment Loan Scheme	(1,871,473,562)	(1,852,085,415)
Increase / (Decrease) in Trade & Other Payables	(1,078,217,996)	153,185,605
Cash Generated From Operations		
WHT Paid	(18,196,251)	(1,655,756)
Income Tax Paid	(272,724,531)	(43,182,162)
Gratuity Paid	(7,997,040)	(15,815,878)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	(1,377,135,818)	92,531,809
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Acquisition of Property, Plant & Equipment	(12,326,955)	(3,176,535)
Investment in Work in Progress	-	(34,766,180)
Disposal Proceed Received	-1	100,000
Interest Received from Short Term Investments	363,925,785	153,458,665
Net Cash from in Investing Activities	351,598,830	115,615,950
Cash Flows from Financing Activities	310,391,050	(1,042,134,841)
Investments in Fixed Deposits	6,578,561	339,009,420
Short Term Investment - Build up Margin -Peoples Bank	(1,880,745)	1,241,811
Short Term Investment - Build up Margin -NDB Bank	778,039,266	13,600,000
Net Loan Repayments & Proceeds	(66,830,005)	(22,797,696)
Trust Receipt Loan & Overdraft Interest Paid	(190,000,000)	
Dividends Paid  Net Cash from Financing Activities	836,298,128	(711,081,307)
	(189,238,861)	(502,933,548)
Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents	(92,465,605)	410,467,943
Cash & Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	(281,704,465)	(92,465,605)
Cash & Cash Equivalents at the End of the year - (Note A)	(281,704,403)	
Note A - Analysis of Cash & Cash Equivalents	As at	As at
tote Wallington of Casa S	31.03.2024 Rs.	31.03.2023 Rs.
	KS.	
Cash at Bank	270,158	270,158
BOC (A/C No 8859546)	1,218,404	1,354,218
Sampath Bank (A/C No 000930000337)	508,313	
Sampath Bank - DFS ( A/C No 002930006974)	681,790	93,358
BOC (A/C No 1060)	1,011,200	1,015,315
People's Bank - Kurunegala	2,425,851	1,006,750
People's Bank - Matara	1,824,267	1,312,850
People's Bank - Kandy	3,110,331	1,000,000
People's Bank - Kalmunai	235,845	478,506
NDB (A/C - 101000160408)	377,929	614,901
People's Bank - Rice 180	51,951	81,951
People's Bank - Rice 004 1 002 7 0206579	26,204	25,474
National Savings Bank		
Cash in Hand	643,586	873,019
Petty Cash Imprest Cash in Hand	56,780,985	5,216,191
Bank Overdrafts		121 (()
Sampath Bank - DFS ( A/C No 002930006974)	(250 951 350)	131,660
People's Bank (A/C No - 004100120210918)	(350,871,279)	(105,939,957)
•	(281,704,465)	(92,465,605)

The Accounting Policies and Explanatory Notes form an integral part of these Financial Statements. (Figures in brackets indicate deductions.)



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- 2023/2024

# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Sri Lanka State Trading (General) Corporation Ltd is a limited liability Company, incorporated and domiciled in Sri Lanka. The registered office of the Company is located at No. 100, Nawam Mawatha, Colombo 02.

The Company primarily involved in operating a trading business and is a Procurement agent for government institutions.

The staff strength of the company as at  $31^{st}$  March 2024 was 300. (2022/23 – 336).

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFIACANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES.

# 2.1 Basis of Preparation

# 2.1.1 Statement of Compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with new Sri Lanka Accounting Standards (SLFRS / LKAS) as laid down by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Sri Lanka (ICASL) and the requirements of the Companies Act No. 07 of 2007.

#### 2.1.2 Basis of measurement

The Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following material items in the statement of financial position:

(a) Defined benefit obligations are measured at its present value, based on the projected unit credit method prescribed in Sri Lanka Accounting Standard 19.

The Directors have made an assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in the foreseeable future and they do not foresee a need for liquidation or cessation of trading.

# 2.1.3 Comparative Information

The previous year figures and phrases have been reclassified whenever necessary to conform to current year presentation.



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- 2023/2024

# 2.1.4 Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with SLFRS / LKAS requires Management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements is included in notes;

Note 16 - Retirement Benefit Obligations

No adjustments are made for inflationary factors affecting these Financial Statements.

Appropriate significant policies are explained in succeeding notes.

# 2.1.5 Foreign Currency Translation

# (a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the functional currency). The financial statements are presented in Sri Lanka Rupees (LKR), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

#### (b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income. Monetary assets and liabilities balances are translated at year end exchange rate.



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-2023/2024

#### 2.2 Assets and the basis of their valuation

#### 2.2.1 Property, Plant and Equipment

#### 2.2.2 Recognition and Measurement

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprise its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to working condition for its intended use.

The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials, direct labor, and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the working condition for its intended use. This also includes cost of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located and borrowing costs on qualifying assets.

When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Carrying amounts of property plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Land and Buildings are accounted on the basis of revaluation done in 2024. Any increases in the carrying amount is recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity in the asset revaluation reserve. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are charged against the revaluation reserve of equity. Land and buildings will be measured at fair value less accumulated depreciation on buildings and impairment charged subsequent to the date of the revaluation.

Plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment loss or at the revaluation whenever necessary. The revaluation has been done in 2024 and the values have been stated accordingly.

#### 2.2.3 Subsequent Costs

The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the company and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized.

The costs of the day to day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-2023/2024

#### 2.2.4 De-recognition

The carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses on de-recognition are recognized within other income in profit or loss.

#### 2.2.5 Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated over the depreciable amount, which is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its residual value.

Depreciation is recognized in profit or loss on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives of each part of an item of property, plant and equipment, since this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset. Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives unless it is reasonably certain that the Company will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term. Land is not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives and rates of depreciation for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Building	7.5%
Motor Vehicles	20%
Equipment	10%
Furniture & Fittings	10%
Computers	33.33%
Showroom Equipment	20%
Leasehold Building	Over the lease period or building
•	depreciable period whichever is
	lower.

Depreciation method, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted if appropriate.

#### 2.2.6 Intangible Assets

The computer software system was revalued at the end of 2022 / 2023. The future useful time of the software system has been estimated as 3 years. Based on the useful life, the depreciation rate is assumed as follows,

Computer software 33.33%

#### 2.2.7 Financial assets- classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories; at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, available for sale and held to maturity. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. During the reporting period and as at the reporting date the Company did not have financial asset classified as fair value through profit or loss, available for sale and held to maturity. All financial assets are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction cost.



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-2023/2024

#### 2.2.8 Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the end of the reporting period. These are classified as non-current assets. The Company's loans and receivables comprises of 'trade and other receivables' and 'cash and cash equivalents' in the statements of financial position. Assets in this category are classified as current assets if expected to be settled within 12 months; otherwise, they are classified as non-current.

'Loans and receivables are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

#### 2.2.9 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 2.2.10 Impairment of financial assets

#### Assets carried at amortized cost

The Company assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is an objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtors or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization, and where observable data indicate that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults. "For loans and receivables category, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognized in the income statement."

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognized impairment loss is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income.



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-2023/2024

# 2.2.11 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortization and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortization are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash generating units).

#### 2.2.12 Inventories

I Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined by the Weighted Average method, Net realizable value is the estimate of the selling price in the ordinary course of business less the cost of completion and selling expenses. Physical verification has been carried out for the financial year end and damaged stock items have been identified and net realizable value accounted.

Stocks purchased over one year has been taken after providing an impairment provision of 5% of the total cost. Stocks purchases within one year has been taken at cost as the market price levels are higher than the cost prices.

II The amount of inventories recognized as cost of sales in the Profit and loss during the year is Rs 10,164,817,761.

III A provision for impairment of inventory is established on the basis of collective impairment of 5 % for inventories, that are more than 1 year and damaged stock items have been included in full when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to realize amounts stated in the inventory.

## IV. Assets Pledged as Collateral

#### 1. Policy Statement:

Assets that have been pledged as collateral for credit facilities are disclosed in the financial statements. The types of assets pledged, the carrying amounts, and the corresponding credit facilities are specified to provide clarity on the entity's financial commitments and risks.

#### 2. Disclosure:

The following assets have been mortgaged to financial institutions for obtaining credit facilities:



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- 2023/2024

#### a) Inventory

Name of Bank Mortgage Amount (Rs.)

People's Bank 220,490,000

Sampath Bank 197,000,000

Bank of Ceylon 471,470,007

#### b) Fixed Deposits and Build-up Margin

i) Fixed Deposits

Name of Bank Mortgage Amount (Rs.)

People's Bank 1,008,700,000.00

ii) Build-up Margin

Name of Bank Mortgage Amount (Rs.)

People's Bank 18,688,366.00

National Development Bank 3,112,145.00

#### 3. Impact on Financial Position:

The pledging of these assets does not affect their recognition in the financial statements, but it restricts the company's ability to dispose of the pledged assets until the associated liabilities are settled. The carrying amounts of these pledged assets as of the reporting date are as follows:

• Inventory: Rs. 888,960,007.00

• Fixed Deposits: Rs. 1,008,700,000.00

• Build-up Margin: Rs. 21,800,511.00

#### 2.2.13 Trade Receivables

Company recognizes trade receivables as financial assets in its statement of financial position when, and only when, the Company has a contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset.

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for commodities sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business) if longer, they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade receivable is carried at anticipated realizable value and estimates are made for doubtful receivable based on a review of all outstanding amounts at the year end. Bad debts are written off during the year in which they are identified.



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- 2023/2024

A provision for the impairment of trade receivables has been established based on the following criteria:

A collective impairment of 5% is applied to debtors with outstanding balances

for more than 1 year.

A full impairment of 100% is applied to debtors with outstanding balances for more than 5 years.

In cases where the outstanding amounts are subsequently recovered, corresponding adjustments are made to the financial statements for the relevant year.

#### 2.2.14 Investments

# (a) Long Term Investments

Investment held on long term basis is clarified as non-current investment and are measured at cost. The cost of investment is the cost of acquisitions inclusive of brokerage and cost of transaction.

# (b) Short Term Investments

Short term investments are recognized at market value. Any gain or loss is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income.

# 2.2.15 Cash & Cash Equivalents

Cash & Cash Equivalent are defined as cash in hand, demand deposits and short term highly liquid investments. For the purpose of Cash Flow Statement, Cash & Cash Equivalent consist of Cash in hand deposits in banks net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

# 2.2.15 Stated Capital

The stated capital includes the total of all amounts received by the Company in respect of the issue of Shares.

The entity is fully owned by the Government of Sri Lanka and comes under the purview of The Ministry of Trade.

# 2.2.16 Trade Payables

Company recognizes trade payables as financial liabilities in its statement of financial position when, and only when, the Company has a contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business) if longer, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade payables are recognized initially at fair value.



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- 2023/2024

## 2.2.17 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

# 2.2.18 Accounting for Government Grants

Accounting for Government Grants for activities have been done according to SLAS 20 and has disclosed under Note 21 to the Accounts .

#### 2.2.19 Income Tax

## (a) Current Taxes

The provision for income tax is based in the results of the operation during the year according to the Inland Revenue Act no.24 of 2017 and amendments thereto.

# (b) Deferred Taxation

Deferred taxation is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and carry forward of unused tax losses / credits can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted as at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- 2023/2024

A deferred tax asset account has arisen due to brought forward tax losses in the past. This asset was not taken into accounts since recoverability of tax losses is beyond the normal time limits. However this has been disclosed in the notes.

## (c) Turnover Based Taxes

Turnover based tax includes Value Added Tax (VAT) and Social Security Contribution Levy (SSCL).

#### 2.2.20 Post Employment Benefits

#### (a) Defined Benefit Plan

A defined benefit plan is a post employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan. The liability recognized in the statement of financial position in respect of defined benefit plan is the future value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date.

Any gain and loss of the defined benefit obligation are charged or credited to statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

According to the payment of Gratuity Act No. 12 of 1983, the liability for the gratuity payment to an employee arises only on the completion of 05 years of continued service with the company.

Projected unit credit method prescribed in Sri Lanka Accounting Standard 19; Employee Benefits has been used to identify Deficit or Charge for the year and assumptions used are disclosed in Note No 16.

## (b) Defined Contribution Plan - EPF & ETF

All employees who are eligible for the Employee Provident Fund (EPF) and Employees Trust Fund (ETF) contribution are covered by relevant contribution fund in line with respective statutes and Regulation.

EPF & ETF covering the employees are recognized as expenses in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which it is incurred.

## 2.2.21 Revenue Recognition

#### Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized.



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- 2023/2024

#### (a) Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer, usually on delivery of the goods.

#### (b) Rendering of Services

Revenue of the rendering of services are recognized in the accounting period in which the services are rendered or performed.

#### (c) Interest Income

Interest income is recognized on accrual basis.

#### (d) Other Income

Other income is recognized on accrual basis.

#### (e) Disposal of property, plant and equipment

Profit / (loss) from sale of property, plant and equipment is recognized in the period in which the sale occurs and the delivery order is issued.

#### 2.2.22 Expenditure Recognition

#### (a) Revenue Expenditure

Expenses are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income on the basis of a direct association between the cost incurred and the earning of specific items of income. All expenditure incurred in the running of the business and the maintaining the capital assets in the state of efficiency, has been charged to revenue in arriving at the profit or loss for the year.

#### (b) Capital Expenditure

Expenditure incurred for the purpose of squaring, extending or improving Assets of a permanent nature by means of which to carry on the business or for the purpose of increasing capacity of the business has been treated as capital expenditure.

#### (c) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition, construction or production of assets that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the respective assets. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that Company incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- 2023/2024

# (d) Net Finance Income / Cost

Finance income comprises interest income on funds invested and staff loans, and changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Interest income is recognised as it accrues in profit or loss, using the effective interest method.

Finance costs comprise interest expense on borrowings, changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, impairment losses recognised on financial assets, borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

# (e) Provisions for Bad Debts

Provisions are recognized when the company has present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events. It is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made. Recoverability of individual balances have been scrutinized and specific bad debts which were identified have been recognized as expenses.

# 2.2.23 Related Party Transactions

Disclosure has been made in respect of the transactions in which one party has the ability to control or exercise significant influence over the financial and operating policies/ decisions of the other, irrespective of whether a price is being charged or not.

The relevant details are disclosed in the Note 22 to the Financial Statements.

## Transactions with Related entities.

There are no any related entities of Sri Lanka State Trading (General) Corporation Limited.

## 2.2.24 Statement of Cash Flows

Statement of cash flows has been prepared using "Indirect Method"

# 2.2.25 Segmental Information

An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Company's other components. All operating segments' operating results are reviewed regularly by the Company's Management to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available. The relevant details are disclosed in the respective notes to the Financial Statements.



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- 2023/2024

#### 2.2.26 Earning Per Share

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period.

## 2.2.27 Events After the Reporting Date

Events after the reporting date are events, favorable and unfavorable, that occur between the end of the reporting period and the date the financial statements were authorized for issue.

Those events have been considered and where necessary appropriate adjustments or disclosures have been made in the financial statements. There are no any events occurring after the reporting date that require adjustments to or disclosure in the Financial Statements.

## 2.2.28 Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments and contingencies as at the reporting date, is disclosed in Note 23 to the Financial Statements.

# 2.2.28 Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Board of directors of the company is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these Financial Statements in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error, selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies and marking accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 2023/2024

NOTE 03 - REVENUE	2023/2024 Rs.	2022/2023 Rs.
Gross Sales Less: Sales Returns	12,136,979,917 (4,950,211) 12,132,029,706	9,441,056,400.41 (24,280,129.19) 9,416,776,271
Net Sales (Note 03.01)	12,132,023,700	
Note 03.01 - Business Segments (Net Sales)	Rs.	Rs.
Chemical & Allied	678,199,226 660,086,111	989,466,830 358,777,332
Office Suppliers Automotive Products	393,593,416 229,435,930 11,575,579	372,467,640 242,593,285 19,268,522
Duty Free Shop Electricals & Electronics Special Project Unit	2,307,097,373 103,543,497	213,499,779 105,450,290
Household Products Construction & Hardware	167,150,581 175,294,346	400,374,661 268,200,300
Essential Foods , Agricultural Supplies & Machinery & Equipments Swashakthi	7,302,373,880 103,679,769 12,132,029,706	6,378,694,690 67,982,942 9,416,776,271
Note 03.02 - Segmental Operating Results ( Gross Profits )	Rs.	Rs.
Chemical & Allied	256,076,265 77,400,522	336,774,106 24,780,251
ICT Products Office Suppliers	72,604,137 36,052,117	110,702,911 32,367,653
Automotive Products Duty Free Shop	4,062,009 417,224,615	6,009,146 32,480,523
Electricals & Electronics Special Project Unit Household Products	18,048,362 25,508,804	17,868,546 64,927,777
Construction & Hardware Essential Foods , Agricultural Supplies & Machinery & Equipments	22,639,130 1,015,679,940	31,077,606 349,158,110
Swashakthi	21,916,044 1,967,211,946	13,112,918 1,019,259,548



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 2023/2024

NOTE 04 - OTHER OPERATING INCOME	Ĭ.			

NOTE 04 - OTHER OPERATING INCOME	2023/2024 20 Rs.	)22/2023 Rs.
		(ED)
	(1,914)	(22,478)
Gain / (Loss) on Exchange - DFS	904,881	46,298
Miscellaneous Income (Note 04.01)	141,000	
Rajawasa - Food Festival	18,114,887	
S L Army - Commission Income	-	100,000
Profit on Sale of Fixed Assets	7 <del>-</del>	2,252,197
Profit on Asset transfer to Trading Stock	3,706,209	
Rent Income - Q Shops	12,810,202	12,221,436
Rent Income - Rajawasa	21,600,000	20,700,000
Rent Income - Rajagiriya Premises	57,275,265	35,297,453
Refit income 1995 2		
*		Rs.
Income.	Rs.	No.
(Note 04.01) - Miscellaneous Income	224.001	· .
	904,881	46,298
Sale of Damages Items ( Lot Sales )	904,881	46,298
Others	904,881	
NOTE 05 - DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES	2023/2024	2022/2023
NOTE 03 - DISTRICT	Rs.	Rs.
		651,731
	2,550,565	479,230
Sample Expenses	1,160,631	1,702,665
To don Forms	1,124,651	41,331,197
Expenses of Registration of Suppliers	38,265,799	8,293,605
Stores & Showroom Rent	3,796,783	1,001,015
Lorry Hire /Transport	831,875	22,330,788
Servicing Charges	20,630,263	298,051
Sales Rep Commission	342,716	290,031
Debt Collection Commission	1,513,730	89,486
Trade Fair Expenses	311,404	69,400
License Fees - Selling	9,328	833,995
Telex/ Fax, Email Charges	. 1,717,908	424,114
Overseas Travelling	3,283,850	1,035,463
Trade Promotional Expenses	1,955,116	272,000
Advertising	856,000	2/2,000
Loading & Unloading Expenses	233,466	-0 120 215
Disallowed VAT	4	50,139,315
/ Famort Expenses	251,739	Ø -
abortages & William Cir.	643,075	e <sup>2</sup>
Charles William Off	41,919	
Sales Promotion to Co-Operate Customers	_	44,090
Sales Promotion to Co-operate	86,942,743	15,560,598
Egg Import Expenses SSCL - Social Security Contribution Levy Expenses	(13,831,834)	(16,441,863
SSCL - Social Security Contribution	68,461,383	105,281,93
Imparement loss of Stocks Imparement loss of Debtors	221,093,107	233,327,415



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 2023/2024 NOTE 06 - ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Y.	2023/2024	2022/2023
	Rs.	Rs.
Salaries	143,993,622	153,859,687
EPF	21,012,654	23,658,608
ETF	4,202,532	4,734,438
Overtime & Special Allowances	21,407,791	25,309,490
New Year Festival Allowances/Incentive	41,679,289	6,430,000
Contract & Casual Employee Salaries	32,671,896	45,134,944
Staff Benefits Cost	1,522,167	1,006,898
Staff Welfare	4,637,000	2,687,961
Staff Medical Expenses	3,846,978	3,273,992
Staff Vehicle ,Fuel,Transport,Professionel & Other Allowances	10,026,358	9,871,055
Uniforms	609,527	1,111,041
Labour Charges	26,500	15,900
Death Gratuity	700,000	200,000
Leave Encashments	7,979,687	8,083,390
Gratuity Provision	11,918,676	6,623,591
Travelling & Subsistence	4,889,369	4,757,801
Audit Fees	1,482,000	1,326,000
Professional & Consultancy Fees	621,298	100,000
Legal Fees	2,936,358	187,042
Secretarial & Other Expenses	9,004,184	1,882,119
Directors Salaries	880,000	954,665
Directors Fees	1,210,000	848,000
Board Meeting Expenses	124,128	88,868
Insurance - General	1,038,514	3,351,926
Rates & Taxes	3,958,100	5,012,285
License Fees	2,159,234	1,225,318
Telephone Charges	9,828,095	10,071,789
Electricity	31,833,428	21,047,835
Postage	2,592,483	849,939
Water	3,089,868	2,538,332
News Papers & Periodicals	473,913	171,090
Printing & Stationery	8,087,277	7,132,768
Maintenance - Building	10,237,927	6,611,701
Maintenance - Office Equipment	14,490,884	9,741,019
Maintenance - Stores Equipment	2,710,947	5,803,930
Maintenance - Show Rooms	5,598,914	6,326,311
Maintenance & Other Expenses - Rajawasa	13,373,192	5,842,130
Maintenance & Other Expenses - Q Shop	3,182,870	1,978,341
Maintenance - Motor Vehicles	9,137,248	9,076,889
Motor Vehicle Registration & Insurance	139,955	150,082
Fuel & Lubricant	8,332,168	7,932,222
Computer Management Fees	1,163,520	1,022,323
Computer Maintenance	-	1,596,730
Depreciation - Motor Vehicle	20,908,276	
Depreciation - Plant & Equipment	3,864,543	3,927,450
Depreciation - Office Equipment - Computers	3,204,043	2,677,353
Depreciation - Furniture	5,634,630	6,016,600
Depreciation - Tools & Equipments	410,150	371,964
Depreciation of Showroom Equipments	2,182,007	2,182,007
Depreciation of Computer Software	3,110,000	•
Depreciation of Office/Showroom construction on Leasehold	0.070.354	0.000.354
Premises & Rajawasa projects	8,069,254	8,069,254
Staff Training & Development Expenses  —	1,344,807	584,108
	507,538,260	433,457,185



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 2023/2024

NOTE 07 -	NET FINAN	CE INCOME	/ (EXPENSE)
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NOTE 07 - NET FINANCE INCOME / (EXPENSE) 2023/2024 2022/202	
2023/2024 2022/202	3
Rs. Rs.	
Interest Income	
	285,283
Interest on Staff Loans 1,181,432 1,	69,056
UII - William UI TC-1 and Start Deficition	06,898
272,189,109 370,4	61,238
Finance Expenses	
Overdraft Interest 10,515,616 6,	92,289
	212,041
Festival Loan Interest	-
Bank Charges 6,799,711 8,	193,365
66,830,005 22,7	97,696
205,359,103 347,6	63,542
4	
NOTE 08 - INCOME TAX EXPENSE Note 2023/2024 2022/202	.3
Rs. Rs.	
Income Tax on Profits for the year - 2023/2024 08.01 470,884,734	
Over provission made for Previous Year (2022/2023) (6,624,272.50)	-
Over provission made for the found from (average)	87,787
Income Tax on Profits for the year - 2021/2022	33,506
Income Tax paid for assessments - 2,3	51,622
Deferred Tax Expense ( Reversal )  08.02 70,785,831 (26,1)	01,761)
	71,154
(Note 8.1) Reconciliation between Accounting Profit to Income Tax  For the way and 31st March  2,024	2,023
For the year ended 31st March	2,023
Accounting Profit Before Taxation 1,501,214,947 735,	35,943
(2/0)	0.5.203
Income From Investment meome	(85,283)
Aggregate Deduction not anowed	39,039
Aggregate Allowable Items	42,224)
Adjusted Business Income 1,300,130,268 446,	47,475
200 105 510	05 303
Investment meetine	285,283
Assesable Income 1,569,615,778 814,	132,758
Income Tax on Profits for the year @ 30% 470,884,734 222,	987,787
(Note 8.2 ) Deferred Tax Expense / ( Reversal)	
Deferred tax expense / (reversal) arises from:  Rs. Rs.	
	509,551)
Charge / Reversal / during the year for Defleted Tax / 188618	873,534)
Charge / (Reversal / during the year for Benefed Tax Blackmen	281,324
Charge / Reversal / during the year for Retarial Boss	,101,761)

#### NOTE 09 - EARNINGS PER SHARE

#### Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

2023/2024	2022/2023
966,168,654	535,764,789
10,000,000	10,000,000
. 97	54
	966,168,654 10,000,000

#### Diluted Earnings per Share

There were no potential dilutive ordinary shares outstanding at any time during the year ended 31st March 2024. Therefore, Diluted Earnings per Share is same as Basic Earnings per Share reported above.



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 2023/2024

# NOTE 10 - PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT

	Freehold Land	Freehold Building	Expenditure incurred on Leasehold Building	Showroom Equipment	Motor Vehicles	Office Equipments	Computers	Tools & Equipments	Furniture & Fittings	Total
Cost / Revaluation	R	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
As at 01 <sup>st</sup> April 2023	226,240,000	52,123,790	365,001,278	38,308,984	104,370,000	46,498,023	53,311,892	4,604,753	76,650,751	967,109,470
Revoluction Adjustments During the Year	3,416,360,000	107,568,460	30	9	Y	(29,658,333)	(34,660,251)	(3,688,772)	(44,316,387)	3,411,604,717
Additions		ī			ī	402,710	7,077,789	263,019	2,778,437	10,521,955
As at 31" March 2024	3,642,600,000	159,692,250	365,001,278	38,308,984	104,370,000	17,242,400	25,729,430	1,179,000	35,112,801	4,389,236,142
Depreciation / Impairment									X.	
As at 01 <sup>st</sup> April 2023	ľ	52,123,787	194,941,634	15,253,086	ie.	26,674,231	49,505,520	2,706,206	59,293,658	400,498,122
Total Depreciation Transfer to Revaluation A/C 2023 / 2024	Ţ	(52,123,787)	,		ř	(30,538,775)	(52,709,563)	(3,116,356)	(64,928,289)	(203,416,770)
Depriciation Charge for the year	1	1	26.738,315	7,950,628	20,908,276	3,864,543	3,204,043	410,150	5,634,630	68,710,585
As at 31st March 2024	T	0	221,679,949	23,203,714	20,908,276	(E)	0	(0)	(1)	265,791,937
	e- 3									
Carrying Value as at 01st April 2023	226,240,000	3	170,059,644	23,055,898	104,370,000	19,823,793	3,806,372	1,898,547	17,357,092	566,611,347
Carrying Value as at 31st March 2024	3,642,600,000	159,692,250	143,321,328	15,105,270	83,461,724	17,242,402	25,729,430	1,179,000	35,112,801	4,123,444,205

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 2023/2024

# NOTE 10 a - Intangible Assets

	Computer Software	Total
Cost / Revaluation	Rs.	Rs.
As at 01 <sup>st</sup> April 2023	9,330,000	9,330,000
Additions	1,805,000	1,805,000
As at 31st March 2024	11,135,000.00	11,135,000
Depreciation / Impairment		
As at 01 <sup>st</sup> April 2023	•	-
Depriciation Charge for the year	3,110,000	3,110,000
As at 31st March 2024	3,110,000	3,110,000
Carrying Value as at 01st April 2023	9,330,000	9,330,000
Carrying Value as at 31st March 2024	8,025,000	8,025,000



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 2023/2024

NOTES TO THE PROACEING STATE			
NOTE 11 - INVESTMENTS IN SHARES		2023/2024 Rs.	2022/2023 Rs.
STC Medical Ltd.		49,990 (49,990)	49,990 (49,990)
STC Medical Ltd.  Less: Provision for Impairment of STC Medical Company Investment	-	-	20
Ceylon Shipping Lines	_	20 20	20
NOTE 12A - LOANS GIVEN TO EMPLOYEES		2023/2024 Rs.	2022/2023 Rs.
Non - Current Loans given to employees	12.1	15,896,876 1,735,207	13,833,661 1,589,005
Pre paid Staff Benefits	12.2	17,632,082	15,422,666
Current Loans given to employees	12.1 12.2	6,203,438 1,320,449	5,863,185 1,128,269 6,991,454
Pre paid Staff Benefits		7,523,887 25,155,969.0	22,414,119.9
NOTE 12.1 - LOANS GIVEN TO EMPLOYEES	į		17,847,495
Balance at the beginning of the year		22,414,121 12,624,000	13,916,500
Loans granted		(9,882,152)	(9,349,874)
Loans recovered		25,155,969	22,414,121
Double 1000		(3,055,655)	(2,717,272)
Transfer to prepaid staff benefit		22,100,314	19,696,849
Balance at the end of the year			12 022 (61
		15,896,876	13,833,661
Non Current		6,203,438	5,863,185 19,696,846
Current		22,100,314	19,090,040
NOTE 12.2 - PREPAID STAFF BENEFITS		2 710 493	1,490,942
Balance at the beginning of the year		2,719,483 1,858,339	2,237,662
Additions during the year		(1,522,167)	(1,009,121)
Amortization		3,055,655	2,719,483
Balance at the end of the year		5,000,000	
Datative at art		1,735,207	1,589,005
Non Current	\$	1,320,449	1,128,269
Current		3,055,655	2,717,274

The Company provide loans to employees at concessionary rate. The fair value of the employee loans are determined by discounting expected future cash flows using market related rates for the similar loans. The differences between cost and fair value of employee loans are recognised as pre paid staff benefits. These loans have been subsequently measured at amortised cost.



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 2023/2024

NOTE 13 - INVENTORIES  (R)  (R)  (R)  (R)  (R)  (R)  (R)  (R	NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 2023/2024		
Closing Inventory	HOTES ALE	2023/2024	
Closing Inventory	NOTE 13 - INVENTORIES		Rs.
Closing Inventory	TOTE IS		04/ 41 <b>5</b>
Closing Inventory		685,725,364	
Impairment Provision for Damage & Slow Moving Stock   1,089,092,167   1,467,189_374     NOTE 14 - TRADE & OTHER RECEIVABLES   2023/2024   2023/2023     Rs.   Rs.   Rs.     Trade Debtors   822,322,109   721,229,500     (184,147,087)   (115,685,704)     (115,685,704)   (115,685,704)     (115,685,704)   (115,685,704)     Other Receivables   2,311,611   2,346,750     Festival Advance   1,192,000   13,902,800     Festival Advance   1,192,000   879,500     Electricity Deposits   1,088,453   1,069,845     Security Deposits   1,088,453   1,069,845     Security Deposits   1,22,000   13,002,800     Sundry Deposits   1,237,902   21,428,789     Port Authority - PVQ   8,380   1,277,210     Bid Bond Ac   44,500   65,000     Drot Authority - PVQ   8,380   1,277,210     Bid Bond Ac   44,500   46,500     Prepayments   44,500   48,500     LGuaranty Margin - People's Bank   15,2917,121     VAT Receivables   1,3134,807   232,708,493     Ministry of Education   906,505   1,111,503     Advance on Servises   4,517,081   4,517,081     Advance on Other Payment - Year 01   191,128     Security Deposits - Q Shops   1,014,440     With on Interest   6,913,411     WHT on Interest Receivable A/C   Shipping Guaranty Margin - Seople's Bank   4,247,100     Still Debosits - Salary Advance   1,194,400     Shipping Guaranty Margin - Sampath Bank   4,247,100     Still Debosits - Salary Advance   1,1074,440     Still Debosits - Salary Advance   1,1074,440     Still Debosits - Salary Advance   1,1074,440     Still Debosits - Society Advance   1,1074,440	Closing Inventory	406,403,359	
NOTE 14 - TRADE & OTHER RECEIVABLES   2023/1024   2022/2023   Rs.   Rs.	. I To site		(16,330,350)
NOTE 14-TRADE & OTHER RECEIVABLES   Rs.	Impairment Provision for Damage & Slow Moving Stock	1,089,692,167	1,467,189,374
NOTE 14 - TRADE & OTHER RECEIVABLES   Rs.   Rs.	Impairing		2022/2023
Trade Debtors         822,322,109 (184,147,087)         721,229,500 (115,688,704)           Impairment of debtors         638,175,022         605,543,796           Other Receivables         2,321,611         2,346,750           Festival Advance         1,192,000         879,500           Electricity Deposits         1,088,453         1,069,845           Security Deposits - NSB         7,471,000         45,000           Container Deposits         906,500         906,500           Sundry Deposits         50,000         50,000           Sundry Deposits         50,000         50,000           Sundry Deposits         50,000         50,000           Port Authority - PVQ         8,380         21,328           Bid Bond Ac.         113,727,210         48,500           Prepayments         600,000         600,000           Advance to Staff on Petty Cash         152,917,121         17,727,10           VAT Receivables         131,354,807         232,708,493           Interest Receivable         46,413         46,413           Ministry of Education         90,5053         1,111,953           Advance on Sundry Expenses         4,517,081         33,080           Advance on Serviese         4,517,081         4	DECEMANT ES		
Trade Debtors         822,322,109 (184,147,087)         721,229,500 (115,688,704)           Impairment of debtors         638,175,022         605,543,796           Other Receivables         2,321,611         2,346,750           Festival Advance         1,192,000         879,500           Electricity Deposits         1,088,453         1,069,845           Security Deposits - NSB         7,471,000         45,000           Container Deposits         906,500         906,500           Sundry Deposits         50,000         50,000           Sundry Deposits         50,000         50,000           Sundry Deposits         50,000         50,000           Port Authority - PVQ         8,380         21,328           Bid Bond Ac.         113,727,210         48,500           Prepayments         600,000         600,000           Advance to Staff on Petty Cash         152,917,121         17,727,10           VAT Receivables         131,354,807         232,708,493           Interest Receivable         46,413         46,413           Ministry of Education         90,5053         1,111,953           Advance on Sundry Expenses         4,517,081         33,080           Advance on Serviese         4,517,081         4	NOTE 14 - TRADE & OTHER RECEIVABLES	Rs.	KS.
Trade Debtors   (184147.087)   (115.685.704)			721 229 500
Impairment of debtors			
Impairment of debtors	Trade Debtors	(184,147,087)	
Other Receivables         5,400,000         13,902,500           Eestival Advance         1,192,000         879,500           Electricity Deposits         1,088,453         1,609,845           Security Deposits - NSB         7,471,000         45,000           Container Deposits         906,500         906,500           Sundry Deposits         906,500         50,000           Sundry Deposits         8,380         21,380           Port Authority - PVQ         8,380         21,380           Bid Bond Ac.         44,500         48,500           Prepayments         44,500         48,500           Advance to Staff on Petty Cash         152,917,121           VAT Receivables         131,354,807         232,708,493           Interest Receivable         46,413         46,413           With Holding Tax Receivable         7,784,039         7,784,039           Ministry of Education         905,053         1,111,953           Advance on Sundry Expenses         4,517,081         4,517,081           Advance on Survises         33,080         34,260           Advance on Other Payments         33,080         34,260           Advance on Other Payments         52,517         4,517,081           Adv	Impairment of debtors	638,175,022	
Other Receivables         2,321,611         2,346,750           Festival Advance         1,192,000         879,500           Electricity Deposits         1,088,453         1,069,845           Security Deposits - NSB         7,471,000         45,000           Container Deposits         906,500         906,500           Rent Deposits         906,500         50,000           Sundry Deposits         50,000         50,000           Port Authority - PVQ         8,380         21,380           Bid Bond Ac.         113,727,210           Prepayments         44,500         48,500           Advance to Staff on Petty Cash         600,000         600,000           L/Guaranty Margin - People's Bank         152,917,121         232,708,493           VAT Receivables         131,354,807         233,708,493           Interest Receivable         7,784,039         7,784,039           Winistry of Education         905,053         1,111,953           Advance on Sundry Expenses         4,517,081         4,517,081           Advance on Sundry Expenses         4,517,081         4,517,081           Advance on Other Payments         6,913,411         5,517,081           Advance on Other Payments         6,913,411         4,642,50 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
Estival Advance	O.L. Dagginghles		
Electricity Deposits	Other Receivables		
Security Deposits - NSB	Festival Advance		
Security Deposits         18,237,962         21,428,789           Rent Deposits         906,500         50,000           Sundry Deposits         50,000         50,000           Port Authority - PVQ         8,380         21,380           Bid Bond Ac.         44,500         48,500           Prepayments         44,500         600,000           Advance to Staff on Petty Cash         152,917,121         232,708,493           L/Guaranty Margin - People's Bank         152,917,121         232,708,493           VAT Receivables         46,413         46,413           Interest Receivable         46,413         7,784,039           With Holding Tax Receivable         995,053         1,111,953           Ministry of Education         905,053         203,195           Advance on Sundry Expenses         4,517,081         4,517,081           Advance on Other Payments         33,080         34,260           Advance on Other Payments         33,080         34,260           Advance on Q Shop         6,913,411         1           Security Deposits - Q Shops         6,913,411         -           WHT on Interest Receivable A/C         52,511,747         14,946,000           Shipping Guaranty Margin - Sampath Bank         46,25	Electricity Deposits		
Rent Deposits         906,500         50,000           Sundry Deposits         50,000         50,000           Port Authority - PVQ         8,380         21,380           Bid Bond Ac         113,727,210           Prepayments         44,500         48,500           Advance to Staff on Petty Cash         600,000         600,000           L/Guaranty Margin - People's Bank         152,917,121         232,708,493           VAT Receivables         131,354,807         46,413         46,413           Interest Receivable         46,413         7,784,039         1,719,403           Ministry of Education         905,053         1,111,953           Advance on Sundry Expenses         4,517,081         4,517,081         4,517,081           Advance on Outher Payments         33,080         34,260         34,260           Advance on Other Payments         62,500         212,500           Advance on Q Shop         62,500         212,500           Rent Advance Payment - Year 01         91,128         191,128           Security Deposits - Q Shops         6,913,411         46,250         46,250           WHT on Interest         6,913,411         46,250         46,250         46,250           Shipping Guaranty Margin - Peo	Security Deposits - NSD		21,428,789
Rent Deposits         50,000         \$0,000           Port Authority - PVQ         8,380         21,380           Bid Bond Ac.         113,727,210           Prepayments         44,500         48,500           Advance to Staff on Petty Cash         600,000         600,000           L/Guaranty Margin - People's Bank         152,917,121         VAT Receivables         131,354,807         232,708,493           Interest Receivable         46,413         46,413         46,413           With Holding Tax Receivable         7,784,039         7,784,039           Ministry of Education         905,053         1,111,953           Advance on Sundry Expenses         4,517,081         4,517,081           Advance on Servises         4,517,081         4,517,081           Advance on Other Payments         33,080         34,260           Advance on Q Shop         191,128         191,128           Security Deposits - Q Shops         52,511,747         5           WHT on Interest         6,913,411         4,946,000           Shipping Guaranty Margin - People's Bank         46,250         46,250           Staff Debtors - Salary Advance         1,074,440         1,074,440           Stock Shortages Recoverable A/C - Q Shops         1,074,440	Container Deposits		906,500
Sundry Deposits   Port Authority - PVQ   8.380   21,380   Bid Bond Ac.   44,500   48,500   600,000   600	Rent Deposits		50,000
Bid Bond Ac   113,727,210	Sundry Deposits		21,380
Bid Bond Ac.         44,500         48,500           Prepayments         600,000         600,000           Advance to Staff on Petty Cash         600,000         600,000           L/Guaranty Margin - People's Bank         152,917,121         232,708,493           VAT Receivables         131,354,807         232,708,493           Interest Receivable         7,784,039         7,784,039           Ministry of Education         905,053         1,111,953           Advance on Sundry Expenses         4,517,081         4,517,081           Advance on Servises         4,517,081         4,517,081           Advance on Other Payments         33,080         34,260           Advance on Q Shop         62,500         212,500           Rent Advance Payment - Year 01         191,128         191,128           Security Deposits - Q Shops         6,913,411         WHT on Interest         6,913,411           WHT on Interest Receivable A/C         52,511,747         14,946,000         14,946,000           Shipping Guaranty Margin - People's Bank         42,471,000         14,946,000         185,397           Staff Debtors - Salary Advance         1,074,440         299,923         1,074,440         299,923           Steap Battery Control A/C         822,919,071	Port Authority - PVQ	8,500	113,727,210
Prepayments         600,000         600,000           L/Guaranty Margin - People's Bank         152,917,121         232,708,493           VAT Receivables         131,354,807         232,708,493           Interest Receivable         46,413         46,413           With Holding Tax Receivable         7,784,039         7,784,039           Ministry of Education         905,053         1,111,953           Advance on Sundry Expenses         4,517,081         4,517,081           Advance on Servises         4,517,081         34,260           Advance on Other Payments         33,080         34,260           Advance Payment - Year 01         191,128         191,128           Security Deposits - Q Shops         191,128         191,128           WHT on Interest         6,913,411		44.500	
Advance to Staff on Petry Cash  L/Guaranty Margin - People's Bank  Note of Exectivables  Interest Receivables  Interest Receivable  With Holding Tax Receivable  With Holding Tax Receivable  With Holding Tax Receivable  Ministry of Education  Advance on Sundry Expenses  Advance on Servises  Advance on Servises  Advance on Other Payments  Advance on Other Payments  Advance on Q Shop  Rent Advance Payment - Year 01  Security Deposits - Q Shops  WHT on Interest  WHT on Interest Receivable A/C  Shipping Guaranty Margin - People's Bank  Shipping Guaranty Margin - People's Bank  Staff Debtors - Salary Advance  Staff Debtors - Salary Advance  Stock Shortages Recoverable A/C - Q Shops  David Pieris Mortor Co.Ltd  Scrap Battery Control A/C  Scienter Technologies ( Pvt ) Ltd  Ministry of Education  Rent Deposit - Spectra Intergrated Logistics  ( Mire purchases Rent Insurance & Other Receivable	Prepayments		600,000
VAT Receivables   131,354,807   232,798,493   VAT Receivable   46,413   46,413   46,413   With Holding Tax Receivable   7,784,039   7,784,039   Ministry of Education   905,053   1,111,953   203,195   203,	Advance to Staff on Petty Cash		
VAT Receivables   131,354,607   146,413   46,413   46,413   With Holding Tax Receivable   7,784,039   7,784,039   7,784,039   Ministry of Education   905,053   1,111,953   203,195   20	L/Guaranty Margin - People's Bank		232,708,493
Interest Receivable   46,413   7,784,039   7,784,039   Ministry of Education   905,053   1,111,953   203,195   Advance on Sundry Expenses   4,517,081   4,517,081   4,517,081   Advance on Other Payments   33,080   34,260   212,590   21	VAT Receivables		
With Holding Tax Receivable       7,184,09         Ministry of Education       905,053       1,111,953         Advance on Sundry Expenses       4,517,081       4,517,081         Advance on Servises       4,517,081       33,080       34,260         Advance on Other Payments       62,500       212,590         Rent Advance Payment - Year 01       191,128       191,128         Security Deposits - Q Shops       -       -         WHT on Interest       6,913,411       -         WHT on Interest Receivable A/C       52,511,747       -         Shipping Guaranty Margin - People's Bank       42,471,000       14,946,000         Shipping Guaranty Margin - Sampath Bank       46,250       185,397         Staff Debtors - Salary Advance       1,074,440       1,074,440         Stock Shortages Recoverable A/C -Q Shops       1,074,440       1,074,440         David Pieris Mortor Co.Ltd       822,919,071       -         Scienter Technologies ( Pvt ) Ltd       822,919,071       -         Ministry of Education - New       7,000,000       -         Rent Deposit - Spectra Intergrated Logistics       4,685,217       4,688,217         It is a purchases Rent Insurance & Other Receivable       153,000       153,000	Interest Receivable		
Ministry of Education       905,035       203,195         Advance on Sundry Expenses       4,517,081       4,517,081         Advance on Servises       4,517,081       34,260         Advance on Other Payments       33,080       34,260         Advance on Q Shop       62,500       212,590         Rent Advance Payment - Year 01       191,128       191,128         Security Deposits - Q Shops       52,511,747       -         WHT on Interest       6,913,411       -         WHT on Interest Receivable A/C       52,511,747       14,946,000         Shipping Guaranty Margin - People's Bank       42,471,000       14,946,000         Shipping Guaranty Margin - Sampath Bank       46,250       185,397         Staff Debtors - Salary Advance       1,074,440       1,074,440         Stock Shortages Recoverable A/C - Q Shops       1,074,440       1,074,440         David Pieris Mortor Co.Ltd       299,923         Scienter Technologies ( Pvt ) Ltd       822,919,071       -         Ministry of Education - New       7,000,000       -         Rent Deposit - Spectra Intergrated Logistics       4,685,217       4,688,217         It to purchase's Rent Insurance & Other Receivable       153,000	With Holding Tax Receivable		
Advance on Sundry Expenses       4,517,081       4,517,081         Advance on Servises       33,080       34,260         Advance on Other Payments       62,500       212,500         Rent Advance Payment - Year 01       191,128       191,128         Security Deposits - Q Shops       6,913,411       -         WHT on Interest       6,913,411       -         WHT on Interest Receivable A/C       52,511,747       -         Shipping Guaranty Margin - People's Bank       42,471,000       14,946,000         Shipping Guaranty Margin - Sampath Bank       46,250       46,250         Staff Debtors - Salary Advance       1,074,440       1,074,440         Stock Shortages Recoverable A/C -Q Shops       1,074,440       1,074,440         David Pieris Mortor Co.Ltd       299,923       299,923         Scienter Technologies (Pvt) Ltd       822,919,071       -         Ministry of Education - New       7,000,000       -         Rent Deposit - Spectra Intergrated Logistics       4,685,217       4,688,217         Ital Deposit - Spectra Intergrated Control A/C       153,000       153,000	Ministry of Education	905,053	
Advance on Servises       4,517,081       34,260         Advance on Other Payments       33,080       212,590         Advance on Q Shop       62,500       191,128         Rent Advance Payment - Year 01       191,128       191,128         Security Deposits - Q Shops       6,913,411       -         WHT on Interest       6,913,411       -         WHT on Interest Receivable A/C       52,511,747       -         Shipping Guaranty Margin - People's Bank       42,471,000       14,946,000         Shipping Guaranty Margin - Sampath Bank       46,250       185,397         Staff Debtors - Salary Advance       1,074,440       1,074,440         Stock Shortages Recoverable A/C -Q Shops       1,074,440       1,074,440         David Pieris Mortor Co.Ltd       299,923         Scienter Technologies (Pvt) Ltd       822,919,071       -         Ministry of Education - New       7,000,000       -         Rent Deposit - Spectra Intergrated Logistics       4,685,217       4,688,217         Live Durchages Rent, Insurance & Other Receivable       153,000       153,000	Advance on Sundry Expenses	±,	
Advance on Other Payments       33,080       212,500         Advance on Q Shop       62,500       212,500         Rent Advance Payment - Year 01       191,128         Security Deposits - Q Shops       191,128         WHT on Interest       6,913,411         WHT on Interest Receivable A/C       52,511,747         Shipping Guaranty Margin - People's Bank       42,471,000         Shipping Guaranty Margin - Sampath Bank       46,250         Staff Debtors - Salary Advance       185,397         Stock Shortages Recoverable A/C -Q Shops       1,074,440       299,923         David Pieris Mortor Co.Ltd       299,923         Scrap Battery Control A/C       1,805,000         Scienter Technologies ( Pvt ) Ltd       822,919,071         Ministry of Education - New       7,000,000         Rent Deposit - Spectra Intergrated Logistics       4,688,217         Living purchases Rent Insurance & Other Receivable       153,000	Advance on Servises		
Advance on Q Shop       62,500         Rent Advance Payment - Year 01       191,128         Security Deposits - Q Shops       -         WHT on Interest       6,913,411         WHT on Interest Receivable A/C       52,511,747         Shipping Guaranty Margin - People's Bank       42,471,000       14,946,000         Shipping Guaranty Margin - Sampath Bank       46,250       185,397         Staff Debtors - Salary Advance       1,074,440       299,923         Stock Shortages Recoverable A/C -Q Shops       1,074,440       299,923         David Pieris Mortor Co.Ltd       299,923         Scrap Battery Control A/C       822,919,071       -         Scienter Technologies ( Pvt ) Ltd       822,919,071       -         Ministry of Education - New       7,000,000       4,688,217         Rent Deposit - Spectra Intergrated Logistics       4,685,217       4,688,217         The purchases Rent Insurance & Other Receivable       153,000       153,000	Advance on Other Payments		
Rent Advance Payment - Year 01       191,128         Security Deposits - Q Shops       6,913,411         WHT on Interest       6,913,411         WHT on Interest Receivable A/C       52,511,747         Shipping Guaranty Margin - People's Bank       42,471,000       14,946,000         Shipping Guaranty Margin - Sampath Bank       46,250       185,397         Staff Debtors - Salary Advance       1,074,440       1,074,440         Stock Shortages Recoverable A/C -Q Shops       1,074,440       299,923         David Pieris Mortor Co.Ltd       299,923         Scrap Battery Control A/C       822,919,071       1,805,000         Scienter Technologies ( Pvt ) Ltd       822,919,071       1,000,000         Ministry of Education - New       7,000,000       4,688,217         Rent Deposit - Spectra Intergrated Logistics       4,685,217       4,688,217         The processes Rent Insurance & Other Receivable       153,000	Advance on O Shop		
Security Deposits - Q Shops       6,913,411         WHT on Interest       6,913,411         WHT on Interest Receivable A/C       52,511,747         Shipping Guaranty Margin - People's Bank       42,471,000       14,946,000         Shipping Guaranty Margin - Sampath Bank       46,250       185,397         Staff Debtors - Salary Advance       1,074,440       1,074,440         Stock Shortages Recoverable A/C -Q Shops       1,074,440       299,923         David Pieris Mortor Co.Ltd       299,923         Scrap Battery Control A/C       822,919,071       -         Scienter Technologies ( Pvt ) Ltd       822,919,071       -         Ministry of Education - New       7,000,000       4,688,217         Rent Deposit - Spectra Intergrated Logistics       4,685,217       4,688,217         The processes Rent Insurance & Other Receivable       153,000	Rent Advance Payment - Year 01	191,128	191,120
WHT on Interest WHT on Interest Receivable A/C Shipping Guaranty Margin - People's Bank Shipping Guaranty Margin - Sampath Bank Shipping Guaranty Margin - Sampath Bank Staff Debtors - Salary Advance Stock Shortages Recoverable A/C -Q Shops David Pieris Mortor Co.Ltd Scrap Battery Control A/C Scienter Technologies ( Pvt ) Ltd Ministry of Education - New Rent Deposit - Spectra Intergrated Logistics  **New Control Receivable**  **New Control Receiva	Security Deposits - Q Shops	•	•
WHT on Interest Receivable A/C       52,511,747         Shipping Guaranty Margin - People's Bank       42,471,000       14,946,000         Shipping Guaranty Margin - Sampath Bank       46,250       46,250         Staff Debtors - Salary Advance       1,074,440       185,397         Stock Shortages Recoverable A/C -Q Shops       1,074,440       299,923         David Pieris Mortor Co.Ltd       299,923       1,805,000         Scienter Technologies (Pvt ) Ltd       822,919,071       -         Ministry of Education - New       7,000,000       4,688,217         Rent Deposit - Spectra Intergrated Logistics       4,685,217       4,688,217         There purchases Rent Insurance & Other Receivable       153,000       153,000	WHT on Interest	6,913,411	-
Shipping Guaranty Margin - People's Bank       42,471,000       46,250         Shipping Guaranty Margin - Sampath Bank       46,250       185,397         Staff Debtors - Salary Advance       1,074,440       1,074,440         Stock Shortages Recoverable A/C -Q Shops       299,923       299,923         David Pieris Mortor Co.Ltd       299,923       1,805,000         Scrap Battery Control A/C       822,919,071       -         Scienter Technologies ( Pvt ) Ltd       822,919,071       -         Ministry of Education - New       7,000,000       4,688,217         Rent Deposit - Spectra Intergrated Logistics       4,685,217       4,688,217         The Purchases Rent Insurance & Other Receivable       153,000       153,000	WILE Interest Receivable A/C	52,511,747	-
Shipping Guaranty Margin - Satispant Dank       46,250         Staff Debtors - Salary Advance       1,074,440         Stock Shortages Recoverable A/C -Q Shops       1,074,440         David Pieris Mortor Co.Ltd       299,923         Scrap Battery Control A/C       1,805,000         Scienter Technologies ( Pvt ) Ltd       822,919,071         Ministry of Education - New       7,000,000         Rent Deposit - Spectra Intergrated Logistics       4,685,217         Alters purchases Rent Insurance & Other Receivable       153,000	Chinning Guaranty Margin - People's Burn	42,471,000	
Staff Debtors - Salary Advance       1,074,440       1,074,440         Stock Shortages Recoverable A/C - Q Shops       1,074,440       299,923         David Pieris Mortor Co.Ltd       1,805,000         Scrap Battery Control A/C       822,919,071         Scienter Technologies ( Pvt ) Ltd       822,919,071         Ministry of Education - New       7,000,000         Rent Deposit - Spectra Intergrated Logistics       4,685,217         Alters purchases Rent Insurance & Other Receivable       153,000	Shipping Guaranty Margin - Sampath Bank	46,250	
Stock Shortages Recoverable A/C - Q Shops       1,0/4,440       299,923         David Pieris Mortor Co.Ltd       1,805,000         Scrap Battery Control A/C       1,805,000         Scienter Technologies ( Pvt ) Ltd       822,919,071         Ministry of Education - New       7,000,000         Rent Deposit - Spectra Intergrated Logistics       4,685,217         Altero purchases Rent Insurance & Other Receivable       153,000	cute Dobtors - Salary Advance	,	
David Pieris Mortor Co.Ltd   1,805,000	Start Deotors Starty Shortages Recoverable A/C -Q Shops	1,074,440	
Scrap Battery Control A/C Scienter Technologies ( Pvt ) Ltd  Ministry of Education - New Rent Deposit - Spectra Intergrated Logistics A,685,217  Third purchases Rent Insurance & Other Receivable  153,000	Stock Shortages Never Co. Ltd	•	
Scienter Technologies ( Pvt ) Ltd 822,919,071  Ministry of Education - New 7,000,000  Rent Deposit - Spectra Intergrated Logistics 4,685,217  ( Here purchases Rent Insurance & Other Receivable 153,000	David Pieris Mortor Control A/C	-	1,805,000
Ministry of Education - New 7,000,000  Rent Deposit - Spectra Intergrated Logistics 4,685,217  Alter purchases Rent Insurance & Other Receivable 153,000  153,000	Scrap Battery Control 190	822.919,071	
Rent Deposit - Spectra Intergrated Logistics 4,685,217  Alter purchases Rent Insurance & Other Receivable 153,000  153,000	Scienter Technologies (117)		•
/ Him purchases Rentingulance & out 1			4,688,217
Reimbursement of Name Board - Rajawasa  1,911,080,785  1,030,577,057	Rent Deposit - Spectra mergrance & Other Receivable		153,000
Reimbursement of Name Board 11,911,080,785 1,030,577,037	Loan / Hire purchases Rengins and - Rajawasa		0.55
	Reimbursement of Name Board 1885	1,911,080,785	1,030,377,037



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 2023/2024

NOTE 15 - CASH HAND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2023/2024 Rs.	2022/2023 Rs.
Cash at Bank		
BOC - (A/C No 8859546)	270,158	270,158
Sampath Bank - (A/C No 000930000337)	1,218,404	1,354,218
Sampath Bank - DFS ( A/C No 002930006974)	508,313	131,660
BOC - (A/C No 1060)	681,790	93,358
NDB - New - Reg.Current (A/C - 101000160408)	235,845	478,506
People's Bank - Kurunegala	1,011,200	1,015,315
People's Bank - Kandy	1,824,267	1,312,850
People's Bank - Matara	2,425,851	1,006,750
People's Bank - Kalmunai	3,110,331	1,000,000
People's Bank - Rice 004 1 001 8 0206579	377,929	614,901
People's Bank - Rice 004 1 002 7 0206579	51,951	81,951
National Savings Bank	26,204	25,474
Petty Cash Imprest	643,586	873,019
Cash in Hand	56,780,985	5,216,191
	69,166,814	13,474,352



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 2023/2024

NOTE 16 - RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS	2023/2024 Rs.	2022/2023 Rs.
Balance at the beginning of the year	34,243,718	39,164,924
Provision made during the year	14,199,562	10,894,671
Payments made during the year	(7,997,040)	(15,815,878)
Balance at the end of the year	40,446,241	34,243,718

The Valuation method used by the management to value the benefit is the 'Projected Unit Credit Method', the method recommended by the Sri Lanka Accounting Standard No.19 ((LKAS - 19), 'Employee Benefits'

# The movement in the retirement benefit obligations over the year is as follows.

	2023/2024	2022/2023
1	Rs.	Rs.
Interest Cost	3,834,731	4,660,438
Current Service Costs	8,083,945	1,963,154
Total included in the staff cost	11,918,676	6,623,591
Net Actuarial (Gain)/Loss recognized immediately	2,280,886	4,271,080
Amount Recognized in the statement of other comprehensive income	2,280,886	4,271,080
Total recognized in the comprehensive income	14,199,562	10,894,671

# The Key Assumptions used by the management include the following

Financial Assumptions	31.03.2024	31.03.2023
Rate of Interest	12%	12%
Rate of Increase of Salaries	2%	1%
Staff Turnover Factor	16%	13%
Retiring Age (Years)	60	60

The Company will continue as a going concern.

NOTE 17 - NET DEFFERED TAX LIABILITY (ASSET)	2023/2024	2022/2023
Balance at the beginning of the year Provission / ( Reversal ) for the Year	Rs. Cts. (41,032,830) 	Rs. Cts. (13,649,744) (27,383,085)
Balance at the end of the year	30,437,267	(41,032,830)

Deferred tax is calculated on temporary differences between carrying value of fixed assets and tax written down value of such assets, as analysed by each taxable activity.

The reconciliation of tax effect arising from the timing differences related to carrying amounts of assets and liabilities of the statement of financial position is as follows:

		Rs.
Provision for slow moving stocks Provision for bad & doubt ful debts Employee Benefit Liability Accelerated depreciation for tax purpose	89,701,131 4,168,138 (20,538,415) (1,860,757) 71,470,097	3,150,405 (32,209,184) (873,534) 2,549,227 (27,383,086)
NOTE 18 - SHORT TERM BORROWINGS  Current Liabilities	2023/2024 Rs.	2022/2023 Rs.
Short Term T.R. Loans - Peoples' Bank T.R. Loans - Bank Of Ceylon T.R. Loans - Sampath Bank	45,200,000 552,872,266 193,567,000	13,600,000
Total Loan liability	791,639,266	13,600,000



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 2023/2024

NOTE 19 - TRADE OTHER PAYABLES	2023/2024	2022/2023
	Rs.	Rs.
Trade Creditors	361,444,482	290,036,187
Foreign Import Liability	126,391,314	1,580,420,481
Accrued Expenses	68,274,950	52,040,751
VAT	•	2,909,027
Income Tax Payable	431,064,211	221,332,030
SSCL - Social Security Contribution Levy Payable	10,067,039	-
Other Creditors - Sundry	2,930,495	1,887,719
Audit Fees	1,482,000	2,652,000
Security Deposit - NSB	1,088,453	1,069,845
EPF	3,099,704	3,004,700
ETF	371,965	360,564
Staff Creditors - Re Banked Salaries etc.	1,291,875	714,355
Salary Deductions	477,678	366,178
Salary Deductions - Staff & Others	12,083	5,504
ABC Trade & Investment	1,041,629	1,041,629
Sala Enterprises	93,634	94,507
Abans (Pvt ) Ltd	1,920,661	1,920,661
Refundable Tender Deposits	285,000	285,000
Withholding Tax Payable	18,333	27,500
Etisalat Credit Card Proceed	748,683	748,683
Free Issues Contro A/C	109,584	109,584
Stamp Recoveries	21,875	24,975
Loan / Hire Purchases Advance	1,191,883	1,191,883
Creditor for Lease Equipment	118,310	118,310
Money Received for Year End Sales Promotional Exp.	-	1,641,069
Money Received for Jaffna SR	415,128	415,128
Insurance Payable for Loan / Hire Purchases	49,232	49,232
Stafford Mortor (Pvt) Ltd	28,000	28,000
Retention	3,880,091	4,213,981
Retention on Service Contracts	142,389	2,590,392
Settlement Account of loss of Revenue - Jaffna SR	238,765	238,765
Reimbersement of salary for DO - Ministry of Trade	200,700	642,394
Working Capital for Rice Importation	50,000,000	200,000,000
Mahapola Trade Fair Fund	730,000	-
Advance Received From Customers - New	25,491,248	382,400,423
Refundable Rent Deposit	1,455,000	-
Refundable Security Deposit- Rajawasa	292,167	3
Non Refundable Security Deposit- Rajawasa	7,598,173	11,025,956
Non Kerundable Security Deposits Rajawasa	7,000,170	,,
	1,103,866,032	2,765,607,414
	10	
NOTE 20 - BANK OVERDRAFTS		7
	Rs.	Rs.
People's Bank - (A/C No 004100120210918)	350,871,279	105,939,957
	350,871,279	105,939,957



SRI LANKA STATE TRADING (GENERAL) CORPORATION LTD. NO. 100, NAWAM MAWATHA, COLOMBO 02.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 2023/2024

NOTE 21 - Government Grant Deffered Income

Total Rs. Cts.	144,189,502.06 144,189,502.06	24,437,681.57	119,751,820.49
Government Grant Deffered Income A/C -5 Rajawasa Batticaloa Rs. Cts.	18,339,926.70 18,339,926.70	4,584,981.68	13,754,945.02
ered	16,849,024- 16,849,023.52	5,768,621	11,080,402.35
Government Grant Deffered Income A/C - 2 Rajawasa Rs. Cts.	77,160,316 77, <b>160,316.42</b>	7,716,032	69,444,284.78
Government Grant Deffered Government Grant Deffered Income A/C - 4 Q Shop Income A/C 1	31,840,235	6,368,047	25,472,188.34
	Operning Balance	Charged P & 1. A/ C 2023/2024	Balance



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 2023/2024

# NOTE 22 - TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

# A) Transactions with Key Managerial Personnel

According to Sri Lanka Accounting Standards LKAS 24 - Related Party Disclosures, Key Management personnel, are those having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity. Accordingly, the Board of Directors (including Executive and Non-Executive Directors). Senior Managers of the Company who are in the very next level to the Board of Directors have been classified as Key Management Personnel of the Corporation.

#### (i) Loans to the Directors

No loans have been granted to the Directors of the Company.

# (ii) Other Transactions with Key Management Personnel

There were no other transactions with key Managerial Personnel other than those disclosed in Note 22(A) to these Financial Statements.

## NOTE 23 - CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

There were no contracted capital expenditure and contingencies approved by the Board of Directors as at the 31st March 2024.

# NOTE 24 - COMPARATIVE INFORMATION

To facilitate comparison, relevant balances pertaining to the previous year have been re-classified to conform to current year's classification.

# NOTE 25 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### Overview

The Corporation has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- \* Credit risk
- \* Liquidity risk
- \* Market risks (Including currency risk and interest rate risk)

This note presents qualitative and quantitative information about the Corporation's exposure to each of the above risks, the Corporation's objectives, policies and procedures for measuring and managing risk.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Corporation's risk management framework. The Corporation's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risk faced by the Corporation's, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risk and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 2023/2024

#### NOTE 26 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Contd..)

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial Loss to the Corporation's if a customer or counter party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Corporation's receivables from customers and investment securities. The Company adopts an approved credit policy and closely monitor the customer receivables to minimize the risk.

#### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Corporation will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Corporation's approach to managing this risk is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under normal or stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable Losses or damages to the Company's reputation.

To measure and mitigate liquidity risk, the Corporation closely monitored its net operating cash flow, maintained a level of Cash and Cash equivalents and secured committed funding facilities from financial institutions.

#### Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, Interest rates, etc; will affect the Corporation's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of the market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters while optimizing the returns. The Company takes measures to mitigate the risks by periodically evaluating the trends of the factors affecting the pricing policy.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future Cash Flows of financial instruments fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Corporation's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Corporation's long term debt obligation and Investments with floating Interest rates. However the Corporation does not have material long-term floating rate borrowings or deposits as at the reporting date which results a material interest rate risk.

